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ISC Specimen 2011 Computer Science Paper 1 (Theory)

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COMPUTER SCIENCE

Paper - 1

(THEORY)

Three hours

(Candidates are allowed additional 15 minutes for only reading the paper. They must NOT start writing during this time)

Answer all questions in Part I (compulsory) and seven questions from Part-II, choosing three questions from Section-A, two from Section-B and two from Section-C. All working, including rough work, should be done on the same sheet as the rest of the answer.

The intended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in brackets [].

PART I

Answer all questions

While answering questions in this Part, indicate briefly your working and reasoning, wherever required.

Question 1

	(a)	Draw the truth table to prove the proportional logic expression. a <=>b = (a => b) . (b => a)	[2]
	(b)	Determine if following wff is valid, satisfiable or unsatisfiable: $(p \rightarrow q) => [-q \rightarrow (-p^{-} - q)]$	[2]
	(c)	Differentiate between a tautology and a contradiction.	[2] (
	(d)	Convert the following expression $F(X,Y,Z) = XY+Y'Z$ into minterms.	[2]
	(e)	Minimise $F = AB + (AC)' + AB'C$ using Boolean laws.	[2]
	Ques	tion 2	
	(a)	What is dynamic binding?	[2]
	(b)	Convert the following infix notation to postfix :	[2] (
		$A^{*}(B/C)/((E^{*}F)+G)$	
	(c)	Define the terms Best-Case and Average-Case in complexities.	[2]
	(d) S	Each element of an array arr[15][20] requires 'W' bytes of storage. If the address of arr[6][8] is 4580 and the Base Address at arr[1][1] is 4000, find the width 'W' of each cell in the array arr[][] when the array is stored as Column Major Wise .	[2]
9 2 2	(e)	Define an abstract class	[2]
		6 ISC Specimen Questio	n Paper
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Page 1

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Page 2

Question 3

(a)

The following function **comb()** and **combi()** are a part of some class. Give the output when the function **combi()** is called. Show the dry run/working.

{
 for (int i=0; i<5; i++)
 {
 for (int j=0; i<i+1; j++)
 System.out.print (" " + comb (i , j));
 System.out.println ();
 }
}</pre>

long comb (int n, int k)

void combi ()

```
long c = 1;
for (int i = 1; i <=k; i++, n--)
c = c*n/i;
return c;
```

(b) The following function find() and perform () are part of some class. Show the dry run / working:

int find (int n, int p)

```
if (n = = 0)
```

else

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```
return find ( p % n , n );
```

```
void perform ( int m )
```

```
int q = 14;
int x = find (q++, ++m);
System.out.println(x);
```

return p;

- (i) What will the function find (12, 8) return?
- (ii) What will be the output of the function perform () when the value of m is 20.

7

(iii) In one line state what the function find () is doing, apart from recursion.

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[2]

[2]

[1]

[4]

[1]

[4]

[1]

[5]

[2]

[3]

PART - II

Answer seven questions in this part, choosing three questions from Section A, two from Section B and two from Section C.

SECTION - A

Answer any three questions

Question 4

(a) Given $F(A,B,C,D) = \Sigma$ (0,2, 6,8,10,11,14,15)

- Reduce the above expression by using 4 Variable K-Map, showing the various groups (i.e octal, quads and pairs).
- (ii) Draw the Logic gate diagram of the reduced expression using NAND Gate only.

(b) Given $F(A,B,C,D) = \pi (5,7,8,10,12,14,15)$.

- Reduce the above expression by using 4 Variable K-Map, showing the various groups (i.e octal, quads and pairs).
- (ii) Draw the Logic gate diagram of the reduced expression using NOR Gate only.

Question 5

(b)

(a) Draw the logic diagram and Truth table to Encode the hexadecimal lines (A – F).
 Briefly explain the working of the logic diagram.

Simplify the equation and draw the gate for the reduced expression. F = A'B + AB'C + A

(c) Define maxterms and minterms. Give one example of each.

Question 6

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- (a) Draw a truth table with a 3 input combination which outputs 1 if there are odd number of 0's. Also derive an S-O-P expression for the same. Reduce the S-O-P expression using K-map.
- (b) State the principal of duality. Give one example.
- (c) How many select lines does an 8 : 1 multiplexer have? Briefly explain the working of a 4 : 1 multiplexer. Also draw the logic diagram of a 4 : 1 multiplexer.

[5]

[3]

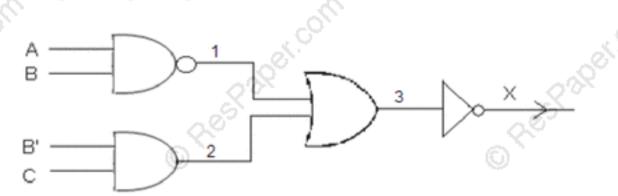
[2]

ISC Specimen Question Paper

8

Question 7

- (a) How does Half adder differ from Full adders? Draw truth table for both the adders. Also derive expression for full adder and simplify the same.
- (b) From the given logic diagram :



Derive Boolean expression and also draw the truth table.

Verify the following : Σ (0,2,7,6) = π (1,3,4,5)

SECTION – B

Answer any two questions

Each program should be written in such a way that it clearly depicts the logic of the problem. This can be achieved by using mnemonic names and comments in the program.

(Flowcharts and Algorithms are not required)

The programs must be written in Java

Question 8

(c)

Design a class **Prime** to fill an array of order [m x n] where the maximum value of both m and n is 20, with the first [m x n]prime numbers Row wise .The details of the members of the class are given below :

Class name

: Prime

Data members /instance variables :

arr[][]

Two dimensional integer array.

9

integer to store the number of rows.

integer to store the number of columns.

ISC Specimen Question Paper

Page 4

[5]

[3]

[2]

Member functions :

Prime()

int isprime(int p)

void fill ()

to fill the elements of the array with the first (m x n) prime numbers.

return 1 if number is prime and 0 if not prime .

void display()

displays the array in a matrix form.

to accept the size of the array .

Specify the class <u>Prime</u> giving details of the **constructor** and member functions **int isprime** (int), void fill() and void display() with main() function to create an object and call the function accordingly.

:

Question 9

Design a class Alpha which enables a word to be arranged in ascending order according to its alphabets.

The details of the members of the class are given below :

Class name

Alpha

Data members /instance variables:

Str

S: to store a word

Member functions :

Alpha()

void readword()

void arrange ()

void disp()

: default constructor

: to accept the inputted word

: to arrange the word in alphabetical order using any standard sorting technique.

: displays the word .

Specify the class **Alpha** giving details of the **constructor** and the member functions **void readword()**, **void arrange()**, **void disp()** and defining the **main()** function to create an object and call the function in order to execute the class by displaying the original word and the changed word with proper message.

10

ISC Specimen Question Paper

Question 10

The Combination function C(n, k) gives the number of different (unordered) K – elements Subsets that can be found in a given set of n elements. The function can be computed from the formula:

$$C(n,k) = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!}$$

Design a class Combination to implement this formula. Some of the data members and member functions are given below.

Class name

: Combination

: to initialize the data members n = 0 and k = 0

: return the factorial of a number using recursion technique.

: to accept the value of the data members

calculate the combination value

Data members /instance variables :

: integer number

: integer number

Member functions :

Combination ()

void read()

int fact(int)

void compute()

void display()

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: to show the result

Specify the class **Combination**, giving details of the **Constructor** and member functions **void read()**, **int fact(int)**, **void compute() and void display()** with the **main()** function to create an object and call the member function according to enable the task .

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Page 7

SECTION - C

Answer any two questions

Each Program / Algorithm should be written in such a way that it clearly depicts the logic of the problem step wise. This can also be achieved by using pseudo codes.

(Flowcharts are not required)

Programs to be written in Java. The Algorithm must be written in general/standard form.

Question 11

A class Personal contains employee details and another class Retire calculates the employee's Provident Fund and Gratuity. The details of the two classes are given below:

Class name

Data Members:

Name Pan basic_pay acc_no

Member functions:

Personal(....)

void display()

Class name

Data Members: Yrs Pf

Grat

Member functions:

Retire (....)

void provident()

void gratuity()

void display1()

Personal

stores the employee name stores the employee PAN number stores the employee basic salary (in decimals) stores the employee bank account number

parameterized constructor to assign value to data members

to display the employee details

Retire

stores the employee years of service stores the employee provident fund amount (in decimals)

stores the employee gratuity amount (in decimals)

parameterized constructor to assign value to data members of both the classes.

calculates the PF as (2% of the basic pay) * years of service.

calculates the gratuity as 12 months salary, if the years of service is more than or equal to 10 years else the gratuity amount is nil.

Displays the employee details along with the PF (Provident Fund) and gratuity amount.

Specify the class **Personal** giving details of the **constructor** and member functions **void display()**. Using the **concept of inheritance**, specify the class **Retire** giving details of **constructor**, and the member functions **void provident()**, **void gratuity()** and the **void display1()**. The main function need **not** be written.

12

Question 12

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Faper.com Fapercom Chain is an entity which can hold at the most 50 integers. The chain enables the user to add and remove integers from both the ends i.e. front and rear. Define a class Chain with the following details:

CI	ass name	:	Chain	
Da	ata Members:	2		
-	ele[]	: 200	the array to hold the integer elements.	
S	cap	:87	stores the maximum capacity of the array.	S
80	front	_~~~	to point the index of the front.	840 B
Q	rear	· ·	to point the index of the rear.	0
Μ	ember functions:			
	Chain(int max)	:	constructor to initialize the data $cap = max$, front = rear = 0 and to create the integer array.	
S	void pushfront(int v)	: Star	to add integers from the front index if possible else display the message("full from front").	28
0	int popfront()	O ST	to remove the return elements from front. If array is empty then return-999.	0
	void pushrear(int v)	:	to add integers from the front index if possible else display the message("full from rear").	
0	int poprear()	: 2285	to remove and return elements from rear. If the array is empty then return-999.	
O C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C			s of the constructor and member function void shrear(int) and int poprear (). The main function	[9] 0 7.05
(b)) What is the common nam	ne of the entity de	escribed above?	[1]
S	20 ^{61, cON}	SS 3Per	eon as Faper con	200
0		0		0

Page 8

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Page 9

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[4]

[1]

[1]

[1]

[3]

Question 13

(a)

Link Lists are linear data structure . Create Algorithms for the following operations :

А

-on É

С

G

А

С

Е

D

F

- (i) Insertion of a Node at the beginning in a Link List.
- (ii) Deletion of the first Node in a Link list.
- (b) Answer the following from the diagram of a Binary Tree given below:

в

D

в

Н

G

F

- 1. Name the leaves of the tree.
- 2. Write the path between A to G.
- 3. State the level of node E.
- (c) For the given Binary Tree write the:
 - 1. Postorder Sequence.
 - 2. Inorder Sequence.
 - 3. Preorder Sequence.

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