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Part III — BIOLOGY

(New Syllabus) (English Version)

Time Allowed: 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks: 150

N. B.: Candidates should answer Part - I (Botany) & Part - II (Zoology) in separate answer-books.

PART - I (BOTANY)

(Marks: 75)

SECTION - A

Note: i) Answer all the questions.

ii) Choose and write the correct answer.

iii) Each question carries one mark.

 $14 \times 1 = 14$

- 1. The alcoholic beverage prepared by the fermentation of rice in Japan is called
 - a) Bran

b) Beer

c) Sake

- d) Wine.
- 2. Which of the following bacteria oxidizes ammonia to nitrite?
 - a) Nitrosomonas

b) Rhizobium

c) Clostridium

- d) E. Coli.
- 3. The strongest pain killer obtained from opium poppy is

a) Quinine

b) Digoxin

c) Morphine

d) Ephedrine.

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4.	leprosy and snakebite is					
	a)	Phyllanthus amarus	b)	Jatropha gossypifolia		
	c)	Aloe vera	d)	Jatropha curcus.		
5.	The	botanist who introduced binomia	al sys	stem is		
	a)	Adolf Engler	b)	Gaspard Bauhin		
	c)	Carolus Linnaeus	d)	George Bentham.		
6.	Roo	t hairs are originated from				
	a)	trichoblasts	b)	endodermis		
	c)	hypodermis	d)	pericycle.		
7.	The	term 'chromosome' was introduc	ed by	y		
	a)	Bridges	b)	Fleming		
	c)	Balbiani	d)	Waldeyer.		
8.						
	a)	bacteria	b)	yeast		
	c)	eukaryotic cells	d)	viruses.		
9.	The calle	<u>-</u>	g the	e longitudinal axis of stem and root is		
	a)	procambium	b)	apical meristem		
	c)	phellogen	d)	intercalary meristem.		
10.	Pho	toperiodic response in flowering	was	first observed in		
	a)	Wheat	b)	Maryland Mammoth		
	c)	Oats	d)	Chrysanthemum.		
11.	Ant	hers are monothecous in				
	a)	Liliaceae	b)	Malvaceae		
	c)	Euphorbiaceae	d)	Solanaceae.		

12.	Leth	al mutation is observed in					
-	a)	Pisum	b)	Sorghum			
	c)	Cicer	d)	Mirabilis.			
13.		ch one of the following process a cell ?	ses is	employed to introduce a foreign gene			
	a)	Electrolysis	b)	Photolysis			
	c)	Electroporation	d)	Ligation.			
14.	Dur	ing cyclic electron transport whi	ch or	ne of the following is produced?			
	a)	NADPH 2 only					
	b)	ATP only					
	c)	NADH ₂ only					
	d)	both ATP and NADPH $_{\rm 2}$.					
		SEC	TION	- B			
		Note: i) Answer any sever	ı que	stions.			
		ii) Each question car	rries t	three marks. $7 \times 3 = 21$			
15.	. Define tautonym. Give example.						
16.	. What are brachysclereids ? Give example.						
17.	. Draw the structure of chromosome and label its parts.						
18.	. Name the enzymes involved in the making of a DNA hybrid.						
19.	Explain respiratory quotient.						
20.	Mention any two unique facets of Bio-potency.						
21.	. What is photolysis of water ?						
22 .	Dra	w the diagram of bicollateral vas	cular	bundle.			
23.	Men	ntion the binomials of three medi	cinal	plants in Solanaceae.			
24.	Defi	ne 'bolting'.					
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SECTION - C

- Note: i) Answer any four questions including Question No. 25 which is compulsory.
 - ii) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
 - iii) Each question carries five marks.

 $4 \times 5 = 20$

- 25. State the importance of herbarium.
- 26. Write any five outcomes of application of plant tissue culture.
- 27. Explain Ganong's respiroscope experiment.
- 28. Write a short note on vernalization.
- 29. Draw and label the parts of a transverse section of a dicot leaf.
- 30. Write a short note on gene mutation.
- 31. Write any five aims of plant breeding.

SECTION - D

- *Note*: i) Answer any *two* questions.
 - ii) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
 - iii) Each question carries ten marks.

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- 32. Describe Allium Cepa in technical terms.
- 33. Describe the primary structure of a monocot stem.
- 34. Give an account of single cell protein.
- 35. Describe the light reactions of photosynthesis.

B

PART - II (ZOOLOGY)

(Marks : 75)

SECTION - A

Note: i) Answer all questions.

		ii)	ii) Choose and write the correct answer.						
		iii)	Each ques	stion carries	one mark.			16 × 1 =	16
1.	The mar	chromosome 6 n is	6 to 12 tha	t belongs to	the group cla	assifie	i by Kaı	yotyping	g in
	a)	D		b)	C				
	c)	A		d)	B.				
2.	Prot	teins are linear	chain mole	cules made	up of units ca	lled			
	a)	fatty acids		b)	citric acids				
	c)	amino acids		d)	nitric acids.				
3.	Ozo	ne loss was firs	st detected	in the strate	osphere over t	he			
	a)	Atlantic Ocean	1	b)	Antarctic Oce	an			
	c)	Pacific Ocean		d)	Indian Ocean	ι.			
4.		ia's first pow missioned at	ver plant	generating	electricity	from	ocean	energy	is
	a)	Tamil Nadu		b)	Gujarat				
	c)	Kerala		d)	Andhra Prad	esh.			
5.	The	daily secretion	of saliva ra	anges from	•				
	a)	1000 - 1500 r	ml	b)	1000 - 1700	ml			
	c)	1000 – 1800 r	ml	d)	1000 - 1900	ml.			٠
6.	The	smallest leuco	cytes are		·				
	a)	Eosinophils		b)	Neutrophils				
	c)	Lymphocytes		d)	Monocytes.				
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7.	Alzh	heimer's disease is associated with							
	a)	inflammation of meninges							
	b)	bleeding of brain vessels							
	c)	spinal cord malfunctions							
	d)	atrophy of cerebral cortex.							
8.	The	e percentage of urea in urine is							
	a)	2%	b)	2.5%					
	c)	2.7%	d)	2.8%.					
9.	The	fully formed bird emerges out o	f the	egg after a hatching period of					
	a)	19 - 20 days	b)	21 – 22 days					
	c)	20 – 21 days	d)	23 - 24 days.					
10.	The	scientific name of Tilapia is							
	a)	Channa Striatus	b)	Oreochromis Mossambicus					
	c)	Channas Channas	d)	Catla Catla.					
11.	Poly	ycythemia is an indication of							
	a)	decreased WBC	b)	decreased RBC					
	c)	increased RBC	d)	increased WBC.					
12.	Proc	rodigality of nature is otherwise called as							
	a)	over production	b)	struggle for existence					
	c)	natural selection	d)	survival of the fittest.					
13.	Para	aviruses may have							
	a)	1 – 2 genes	b)	several hundred genes					
	c)	3 - 4 genes	d)	several thousand genes.					
14.	The	bacterial disease caused by Yer	sinia	Pestis is					
	a)	Typhoid	b)	Cholera					
	c)	Plague	d)	Gastroenteritis.					

- 15. Some of the antifungal antibiotics are
 - a) Miconazole and Imidazole
 - b) Amantidine and Cycloguanasine
 - c) Anthramycin and Sibomycin
 - d) Tomaymycin and Nystatin.
- 16. Plastic surgery is an example for
 - a) Isograft

b) Allograft

c) Xenograft

d) Autograft.

SECTION - B

Note: i) Answer any eight questions.

ii) Each question carries three marks.

 $8 \times 3 = 24$

- 17. What is Kwashiorkor? Mention its symptoms.
- 18. What is Cataract? Mention its types.
- 19. Mention any two pathogenic protozoans.
- 20. Define Cell Mediated Immunity (CMI).
- 21. Write a short note on haplotype.
- 22. Write any two uses of Karyotyping of Human Chromosomes.
- 23. What is Protein Data Bank?
- 24. What is non-biodegradable waste? Give an example.
- 25. Define Biodiversity.
- 26. Mention any two symptoms of Milk fever.
- 27. What is Computed Tomography Scan?
- 28. State Germplasm theory.

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SECTION - C

- Note: i) Answer any three questions including Question No. **31** which is compulsory.
 - ii) Each question carries five marks.

 $3 \times 5 = 15$

- 29. Give an account of origin and conduction of heartbeat.
- 30. Write a note on control and management of AIDS.
- 31. Draw a labelled diagram of Immunoglobulin (IgG).
- 32. Write a note on scope of Bio-informatics.
- 33. What are the three types of selection processes in Natural Selection? Explain.

SECTION - D

Note: i) Answer any two questions.

ii) Each question carries ten marks.

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- 34. Enumerate the various eye defects. Comment on corrective measures.
- 35. Comment on various schemes suggested by the National Family Welfare Programmes and their importance.
- 36. Write an essay about Fresh Water Management.
- 37. Give an account of the structural aspects of fish farm and explain any two edible fishes of Tamil Nadu.