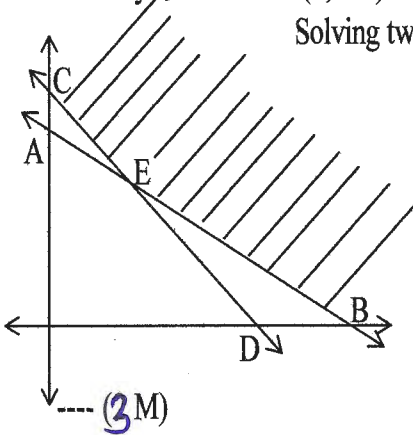


b) For $2x + 3y \geq 28$: A(0, 9.3) and B (14, 0). (0, 0) does not satisfy the inequality.

For $3x + 4y \geq 39$: C(0, 9.8) and D(13, 0). (0, 0) does not satisfy the inequality.



Solving two equations, we get $E = (5, 6)$ -----(1M)

At $E(5, 6)$, $z = 10x + 12y = 122$ } -----(1M)

$C(0, 9.8)$, $z = 117.6$

$B(14, 0)$, $z = 140$

Min. value of $z = 117.6$ at $B(0, 9.8)$ i.e. at $x = 0$
and $y = 9.8$. -----(1M)

Q.3 a) Let the list price be Rs. 100 -----(1M)

Reduced list price = Rs. 80 -----(1M)

Cash discount = 5% of reduced list price = Rs. 4 -----(1M)

Net selling price = Rs. 76 -----(1M)

The goods is sold for a net amount of Rs. 209

List price = Rs. $(209 \times 100) / 76 = \text{Rs. } 275$. -----(2M)

b) No. of units = 400

N.A.V. = Rs. 14.84

Entry load = 2.25% of Rs. 14.84
= Rs. 0.3339 ----(1 M)

P.P. of 1 unit = Rs. 14.84 + Rs. 0.3339
= Rs. 15.1739 ----(1 M)

Total investment = 400×15.1739
= Rs. 6069.56 ----(1 M)

S.P. of 1 unit = $24.56 - (0.5/100) \times 24.56$
= Rs. 24.4372 ----(1M)

S.P. of 400 units = 400×24.4372
= Rs. 9774.88 ----(1 M)

Gain = S.P. of 400 units - Total investment
= Rs. 9774.88 - Rs. 6069.56
= Rs. 3705.32 ----(1 M)

Q 9 @ Theory Normal Distribution

(b) $n = 52C_2 = 26 \times 51$

$P(1K \& 1Q) = 4C_1 \times 4C_1 = \frac{16}{26 \times 51} = \frac{8}{13 \times 51}$

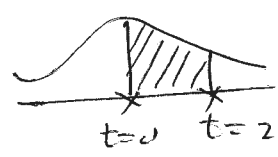
$P(\text{not 2 hearts}) = 1 - P(2H) = 1 - \frac{13C_2}{26 \times 51}$
 $= 1 - \frac{13 \times 6}{26 \times 51} = 1 - \frac{1}{17} = \frac{16}{17}$

Q 10 @ $E(x) = \sum px$
 $= -2 \times 0.1 + (-1 \times 0.2) + (0 \times 0.2) + 1 \times 0.3 + 2 \times 0.15 + 3 \times 0.05$
 $= -0.2 - 0.2 + 0 + 0.3 + 0.3 + 0.15$

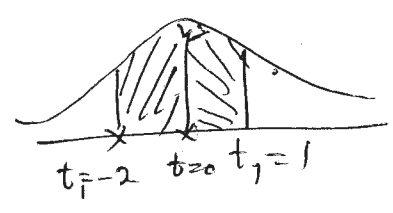
$E(x) = 0.35$
 $V(x) = E(x^2) - E(x)^2$
 $= \sum px^2 - (\sum px)^2$
 $= (4 \times 0.1 + 1 \times 0.2 + 0 + 1 \times 0.3 + 4 \times 0.15 + 9 \times 0.05) - (0.35)^2$
 $= 1.95 - 0.35 \times 0.35$

$V(x) = 1.8275$

(b) (i) $\mu = 800, \sigma = 100$
 $t = \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma} = \frac{1000 - 800}{100} = +2 \Rightarrow 0.4772$
 % Probability is 0.4772



(ii) Betw 600 to 900
 $t_1 = \frac{600 - 800}{100} = -2$
 $t_2 = \frac{900 - 800}{100} = 1$



$\therefore \text{Area} = (t_1 = -2) + (t_2 = 1)$
 $= 0.4772 + 0.3413$
 $= 0.8185$
 Percentage Prob is 81.85%