

ENGINEERING & MANAGEMENT EXAMINATIONS, DECEMBER - 2006 DATA STRUCTURE AND ALGORITHM SEMESTER - 3

Time	:	3	Hours	1

[Full Marks: 70

Graph sheet is provided on Page No. 31.

Group - A

	(Multiple Choice Questions)	
Ch	noose the correct alternatives of the following:	$10\times1=10$
i)	A graph G with n nodes bipartite if it contains	
	a) n edges	
	b) a cycle of odd length	
	c) no cycle of odd length	
•	d) n^2 edges.	
ii)	The postfix equivalent of the prefix $* + ab - cd$ is	
	a) $ab + cd - *$	
	b) abcd + - *	
	c) $ab + cd * -$	•
	d) $ab + - cd *$.	
iii)	A sort which compares adjacent elements in a list and swi	itches where necessary
	is	
	a) insertion sort	
	b) heap sort	
	c) quick sort	*
	d) bubble sort.	
iv)	The following sequence of operations is performed on a sta	ack : púsh (1), push (2),
	pop, push (1), push (2), pop, pop, pop, push (2), pop. Th	he sequence of popped
	out values are	
	a) 2, 2, 1, 1, 2	•
	b) 2, 2, 1, 2, 2	
. •	c) 2, 1, 2, 2, 1	
	d) 2, 1, 2, 2, 2,	



v)	The initial configuration of queue is a , b , c , d (' a ' is at the front). To	get the
	configuration d, c, b, a one needs a minimum of	
	a) 2 deletions and 3 additions	
	b) 3 deletions and 2 additions	
	c) 3 deletions and 3 additions	
	d) 3 deletions and 4 additions.	
vi)	Which of the following sorting techniques requires extra space, than the	data to
	be stored ?	
	a) Selection sort	
	b) Bubble sort	
	c) Heap sort	
	d) None of these.	
vii)	Which of the following methods has the best average case complex	dty for
	searching?	
,	a) Hashing	
	b) Sequential	
	c) Random	
	d) Binary.	
viii)	A binary search tree is generated by inserting in order the following integer	ers:
	50, 15, 62, 5, 20, 58, 91, 3, 8, 37, 60, 24	
•	The number of nodes in the left subtree and right subtree of the	ie root
	respectively is	
*	a) (4,7)	•
	b) (7,4)	
	c) (8,3)	
	d) (3,8).	



	ix)	The tecnique of linear probing for Collision Resolution can lead to	
	a del y	a) clustering another part the reward.	
		b) efficient storage utilization	
		c) overflow	
		d) underflow.	
	x)	Inserting a new node after a given node in a doubly Linked list requires	
2		a) four pointer exchanges of an important school with the same of	
2		b) two pointer exchanges	
		c) one pointer exchanges	
		d) no pointer exchanges.	
1		Occupi the total number is condes of a hintery tree investmently in	
1.6	wollot	es bannah at Q notionut a see Group . B un avideog natemak d & e asil	
		(Short Answer Questions)	
		Answer any three questions. $3 \times 5 =$	15
2.	Prov	e that for any non-empty binary true T , if n_0 is the number of leaves and n_2 be t	he
	num	where of nodes having degree 2, then $n_0 = n_2 + 1$.	5
3.	Write	e an algorithm for inorder traversal of a threaded binary tree.	5
4.	a) 18	How can a polynomial such as $6x^6 + 4x^3 - 2x + 10$ be represented by a link	ed
		list? I describe a supplied and a function of the supplied of	2
7.	b)	Suggest an algorithm to reverse the direction of all the links of a singly link	ed
		list. and to the Quene	3
5.	a)	Explain $f(n) = O(g(n))$.	2
	b)	What is the advantage of binary search over linear search?	3
6.	Com	pare linked list with array in respect of both advantages and disadvantages.	5



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(Long Answer Questions)

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		Answer any three questions.	$3\times15=45$
7.	a)	Define a directed graph. Provide an example.	2 + 2 = 4
	b)	Discuss about the following terminolgy	4
		i) Indegree	(1)
		ii) Sink wolfastrau	
		iii) Cycle	
		iv) Network.	
	c)	Define adjacency matrix corresponding to a digraph.	2
	d)	Draw the graph corresponding to the following bit matrix:	2
		0 0 0 1	
		A = 1 0 0 1	
		0 0 1 0 What is noth matrix 2	(b).
	e)	what is pain mail it?	2
	f)	Count the total number of nodes of a binary tree having depth n .	1
3.	a)	Let a & b denotes positive integers. Suppose a function Q is define	d as follows:
		0 if $a < b$	
	= 6 ×	$Q(a,b) = \{Q(a-b,b) + 1 \text{ if } b < = a\}$	
	be t	Find the value of Q (2, 3) and Q (14, 3).	i Prove the
	b)	Transform the following expression to the expression in Postfix nota	tion:
		A*(B+D)/E-F*(G+H/K)	
	c)	Why is the Queue Data Structure called FIFO?	
	d)	Construct the following Queue of characters where Queue is a construct the queue of characters where Queue is a construct the queue of characters where Queue is a construct the queue of characters where Queue is a construction of the queue of characters where Queue is a construction of the queue of	
2		FRONT = 2 REAR = 4 QUEUE : _ , A, C, D, _ , _	
	y link	Describe the Queue as the following operations take place :	
	1	i) F is added to the Queue	fail
		ii) Two letters are from the Queue.	
		iii) K,L,M are added to the Queue.	
		iv) Two letters are deleted from the Queue.	
21		v) R is added to the Queue.	magno)
			3+5+1+6



9. a) The inorder & preorder traversal sequence of nodes in a binary tree are given below:

Inorder:

DGBAHEICF

Preorder:

ABDGCEHIF.

Draw the binary tree. State briefly the logic used to construct the tree.

b) Insert the following keys in the order given below to build them into an AVL tree.

g, h, s, l, e, m, t, u.

Clearly mention different rotations used and balance factor of each node.

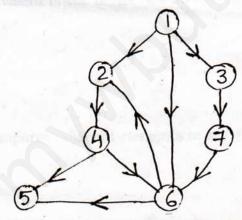
c) What is 2-way threading?

6 + 6 + 3

- 10. a) What is BST?
 - b) For the following Graph

Find

- i) BFS Traversal
- ii) DFS Traversal.



- c) Explain with a suitable example the principles of operation of Heap sort.
- d) Find the Time Complexity of the above algorithm.

2 + 5 + 5 + 3

11. Write short notes on any three of the following:

 3×5

- a) AVL Tree
- b) Tail Recursion
- c) Collision Resolution using chaining
- d) Dequeue operation & application
- e) Warshall's Algorithm.