Con. 3718-10.

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks: 100

N.B.: (1) Q. No. 1 is compulsory. Is is in brid merced eulsy land but latini etal?

- (2) Attempt any four questions out of remaining six questions.
- (3) Figures to the right indicate marks.
- Solve any four of the following :-

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- Find whether e^{-at}u(t) is energy or power signal. Find its energy or power correspondingly.
- Find whether the following system with impulse response given is stable or not:

(a) Find the Exponential Fourier series of the given
$$stb(t)x = t$$
 (b)

Obtain the forced response of the system with T/F for unit step input : (c)

$$H(s) = \frac{1}{\left(s + \frac{1}{2}\right)(s+1)}$$

- (d) Find the even and odd components of the following signal: $x(t) = 1 + 2 \sin t + \sin t \cos t$.
- Evaluate the following integral :-(e)

$$\int_{-5}^{5} t^2 \delta(t+2) dt$$

Plot the following signals :-2. (a)

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(i)
$$x_1(t) = r(t) + 2u(t-1) - 2u(t-2) - r(t-3) - 3u(t-4)$$

(ii)
$$x_2(t) = 2u(t) - u(t-1) - u(t-2) - u(t-3) + 4(t-4)$$

Find the convolution of x(t) and h(t):-

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$$x(t) = e^{-2t} u(t)$$

$$h(t) = e^{-t} u(t)$$

Do not use transform.

Find the Fourier transform of signum function. 3. (a)

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- Draw the amplitude and phase spectrum of full wave rectified time domain signal. 10
- What are random functions? Explain moments of random functions with suitable 10 4. (a) examples.
 - Find the system response to the input $x(t) = 4e^{-2t} u(t)$ and initial conditions 10

$$y(0) = 3$$
 and $y'(0) = 4$. The T/F of the system is $H(s) = \frac{1}{s^2 + 3s + 2}$.

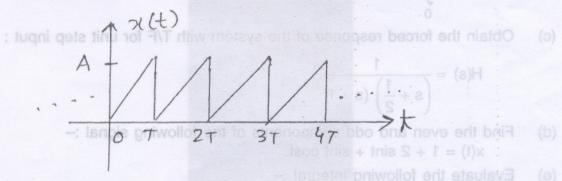
State initial and final value theorem. Find initial and final values, if any exists of 10 the signals with Laplace transform given below :- resup mot via ignation (S)

$$X(s) = \frac{12(s+1)}{s(s^2+4)}$$

Find whether e-etu(t) is energy or power signal. Find its energy or power Obtain state space equations for given T/F

$$H(s) = \frac{s^2 + 3s + 4}{s^2 + 7s + 13}$$

Find the Exponential Fourier series of the given signal :-6. (a)



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- (b) Find the Laplace transform of the signal : $x(t) = \sin w_0 t \cdot u(t)$
- Write short notes on the following :-
 - Parseval's Theorem (a)
 - Autocorrelation -(S-1) (S-1) + (S-(b)
 - Modulation property (c)
 - (ii) $x_2(t) = 2u(t) u(t-1) u(t-2) u(t)$ PDF and CDF of Gaussian distribution. (d)