wante.	•••••	******************	**********	****************
Roll No.	:			
Invigila	tor's	Signature :	•••••••	
			ech(IT)	/SEM-4/IT-401/2010
ANAL	YSI	s & design of	INFO	RMATION SYSTEM
		d: 3 Hours		Full Marks: 70
	T	he figures in the mar	gin indic	ate full marks.
Candio	lates		their ans s practic	wers in their own words able.
1. Che	oose	(Multiple Choice		uestions) the following: $10 \times 1 = 10$
i)	Wh	nich model is used fo	r cost es	stimation?
	a)	Waterfall	b)	Prototyping
	c)	СОСОМО	d)	Organic.
ii)	Un	it of effort is		
	a)	month	b)	PM
	c)	time	d)	Rs.
iii)	Co	ntext diagrams conta	in	
	a)	one process	b)	two processes
	c)	five processes	d)	seven processes.
iv)		ring requirement and uirements are system		nd specification, the user organized into a
	a)	file	b)	SRS
	c)	table	d)	chart.
4002				[Turn over

CS/B.Tech(IT)/SEM-4/IT-401/2010

	v)	Which phase requires maximum effort?
		a) Requirement analysis and design
		b) Design
		c) Testing
		d) Maintenance.
	vi)	Case tool is
		a) computer aided software engineering
		b) component aided software engineering
		c) constructive aided software engineering
		d) none of these.
`	vii	Project risk factor is considered in
		a) waterfall model b) prototyping model
		c) spiral model d) all of these.
	viii	The relationship of data elements in a module is called
		a) coupling b) cohesion
		c) modularity d) none of these.
	ix)	FAN OUT of a component A is defined as
		a) number of components related to A
		b) number of components dependent on A
-		c) number of components that are called by A
		d) none of these.
	x)	Which phase is not available is software life cycle?
		a) Coding b) Testing
•		c) Maintenance d) Abstraction.
٠.		GROUP - B
		(Short Answer Type Questions)
)	a)	Answer any three of the following. $3 \times 5 = 15$
•	ay	State the differences between an open system and a closed system.
	b)	
	U)	What are the steps in SDLC? $2+3$

,		CS/B.1ecn(11)/SEM-4/IT-401/201
3.	a)	What is prototype?
	b)	Draw a systematic diagram of prototyping model o software development.
4.	a)	What is the purpose of SRS document?
	b)	What are the contents of an SRS document? 2+3
5.	a)	What are the different levels of testing?
	b)	Distinguish between verification and validation. 2 + 3
6.	a)	Differentiate between cohesion and coupling.
	b)	What is data dictionary? Explain with examples. 2 + 3
		GROUP - C (Long Answer Type Questions) Answer any three of the following. $3 \times 15 = 45$
7.	a)	What are the different functions of system analyst?
:	b)	Why is Spiral model known as Meta model?
	c)	Describe the different Data models.
	d)	Describe Feasibility study.
	e)	What are the different types of costs and benefits? Briefly discuss them. $2+2+3+4+4$
3.	a)	What are the different tools used in data flow strategy?
	b)	What is the need of structured analysis?
	c)	What are the components of structure analysis?
	d)	What do you mean by context diagram?
	e)	Describe different types of information systems used in an organization. What characteristics distinguish one
		from another? What characteristics are similar among

3 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 6

each of the systems?

CS/B.Tech(IT)/SEM-4/IT-401/2010

9. a) Draw the Decision Table and Decision Tree of the following:

If a customer uses electricity for domestics purposes and if the consumption is less than 300 units/month then bill with minimum monthly charges.

Domestic customers with consumption of 300 units or more per month are billed at special rate.

Non-domestic users are charged double that of domestic users. (Minimum and special rates are doubled)

- b) State the characteristics of testability.
- c) What are the types of software based system testing?

5 + 3 + 7

10. a) Draw the E-R diagram showing the cardinality for the following problem:

Construct E-R diagram for a car insurance company with a set of cars.

Each car has a number of recorded accidents associated with it.

- b) How do you convert an E-R model to a logical record structure?
- c) What are the activities of software maintenance?
- d) What are super key and candidate key? 4 + 4 + 3 + 4
- 11. Write short notes on any three of the following: 3×5
 - a) Prototyping model
 - b) McCabe's cyclomatic complexity
 - c) Structure charts
 - d) SSADM
 - e) Waterfall model.