12/29/11 Code: A-20

Subject: COMPUTER SOFTWARE FUNDAMENTALS Code: DE14 Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100

DECEMBER 2008

NOTE: There are 9 Questions in all.

- Question 1 is compulsory and carries 20 marks. Answer to Q. 1. must be written in the space provided for it in the answer book supplied and nowhere else.
- Out of the remaining EIGHT Questions answer any FIVE Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.

Q.1	Choose the correct or best alternative	e in the following:	(2x10)		
a.	Which of the following is not a programming language?				
	(A) UNIX (C) BASIC	(B) LISP (D) Ada			
b.	A compiler converts				
	(A) Source file to Executable file.(C) Source file to Object file.	(B) Object file to Source file.(D) Executable file to Object file.			
c.	The command used to copy a block of data to another location in a typical word processor is				
	(A) Control C(C) Control Y	(B) Control V(D) Control X			
d.	The errors that hold up the execution of the program are				
	(A) Logical Errors.(C) Syntax errors.	(B) Execution Errors.(D) Semantic errors.			
e.	DTP is an acronym of				
	(A) Digital Task Processor.(C) Desk Top Publishing.	(B) Down Top Programming.(D) Desk Top Processing.			
f.	The break statement causes an exit from				
	(A) only the innermost loop.(C) from the innermost loop or switch.	(B) only from the innermost switch(D) from the program	h.		
g.	command is not an internal command of DOS.				
	(A) VER	(B) COPY			

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	(A) Editor.(C) Operating System.	(B) Debugging tool.(D) Computer Language			
		(2) componer zungunge			
i.	'JAVA' is a				
	(A) Procedural Language.	(B) Machine Language.			
	(C) Object Oriented Language.	(D) Assembly Language.			
j.	The register which stores the address of the instruction is				
	(A) MAR	(B)			
	MBR (C) IR	(D) PC			
	(C) IX	(D) FC			
	Answer ony FIVE	Questions out of EIGHT Questions.			
		question carries 16 marks.			
Q.2	a. Draw a flow chart to generate the (1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21,)	e fibonacci series up to 100 terms	(8)		
	b. Explain the three basic logic struc	etures used in writing a pseudocode.	(8)		
Q.3	a. Write an algorithm to find out the	sum of natural numbers $(1+2+3+$	+ n). (8)		
	 b. Explain bottom up design protechnique. 	gramming technique. Give the advantages (8)	and limitations of this		
Q.4	a. Write a program in BASIC to fin	d whether the value entered is odd or even.	(6)		
	b. Machine language is difficult and	error prone. Explain.	(4)		
	c. Give reasons why assembly program.	language program is more advantageous th	an machine language		
Q.5	a. Name and explain the various div	vision in COBOL language.	(8)		
	b. Differentiate between a sour assembler with a diagram.	rce program and an object program. Expla	in the working of an		
Q.6	a. What is paging? Explain paging r	nechanism with the help of an example.	(8)		
	b. Give the main features of WIND	OWS NT.	(8)		
Q.7	a. Distinguish between				
	(i) Multiprocessing and Multipro	ogramming.			

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		(ii) Sequential access files and random access files.	(8)			
	b.	Give the DOS commands to perform the following operations.				
		(i) Delete all the files from the sub directory WS\DEPT in drive B whose file na extension.	me has a .BAK			
	(ii) Copy all the files beginning with 'n' and whose file name has DOC extension from the \document directory on drive C.					
		(iii) Prepare a disk in drive B so that it can be used to boot up the computer.				
		(iv) Make a new directory DIPIETE under IETE. Copy all files from directory DIPIETE. (8)	ectory IETE to			
Q.8	a.	Describe the issues related to grammar checking facility in a word processor.	(4)			
	b.	Write short notes on Mail Merge.	(8)			
	c	A document COMPUTER.DOC has a name Ramu appearing in a number of steps to change the name Ramu to Raman in all the appearances. (4)	places. Give the			
Q.9	a.	Explain Relative and Absolute cell addresses in EXCEL.	(6)			
		b. Give four limitations of DOS. (4)				
		(6)				
	c.	Explain the common features supported by a Personal Assistant Package.	(6)			