

Roll No.

Total No. of Questions : 09]

[Total No. of Pages : 02

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MCA (Sem. - 3rd)

COMPUTER SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

SUBJECT CODE : MCA - 301 (N2)

Paper ID : [B0111]

[Note : Please fill subject code and paper ID on OMR]

Time : 03 Hours

Maximum Marks : 60

Instruction to Candidates:

- 1) Attempt any one question from each Sections A, B, C & D.
- 2) Section-E is **Compulsory**.
- 3) Use of Non-Programmable **Scientific Calculator** is allowed.

Section - A

(1 × 10 = 10)

- Q1)** What are the different types of flip flops? Explain with the help of logic diagrams and truth tables.
- Q2)** (a) Explain the working of BCD ripple counter with the help of logic diagram.
(b) What are multiplexers and demultiplexers? Discuss their applications.

Section - B

(1 × 10 = 10)

- Q3)** What is an instruction execution cycle? Explain the sequence of control signals to be generated to fetch an instruction from memory in a single-bus organization.
- Q4)** Explain the use of vectored interrupts in processors. Why is priority handling desired in interrupt controllers? How do the different priority schemes work?

Section - C

(1 × 10 = 10)

- Q5)** Explain in detail the microprogrammed control unit. What are its advantages and disadvantages?
- Q6)** Differentiate between the various bus systems. Sketch the timing diagram of an input transfer on a synchronous bus.

Section - D

(1 × 10 = 10)

- Q7)** (a) Explain the role of the cache memory in memory hierarchy to speed up instruction execution time.
- (b) Explain how direct mapping and associative mapping functions are implemented in cache memories.
- Q8)** (a) Explain the internal organization of semi conductor RAM memories.
- (b) What is virtual memory? Explain how the virtual memory address is translated to physical address in main memory.

Section - E

(10 × 2 = 20)

Q9)

- a) What is an XOR gate? Draw its truth table.
- b) What are sequential circuits?
- c) What is race around condition?
- d) What is an opcode? Give example.
- e) What is the difference between a direct and an indirect address instruction?
- f) Distinguish between arithmetic and logical shifts.
- g) Can a processor put data to any bus or read data from any bus? Explain.
- h) What do you mean by end-around carry correction?
- i) What is the difference between a subroutine and an Interrupt-Service routine?
- j) Distinguish between static and dynamic RAM.

