## Diplete - ET (NEW SCHEME) - Code: DE65

Subject: CONTROL ENGINEERING

**Time: 3 Hours** 

## **DECEMBER 2011**

Max. Marks: 100

NOTE: There are 9 Questions in all.

- Please write your Roll No. at the space provided on each page immediately after receiving the Question Paper.
- Question 1 is compulsory and carries 20 marks. Answer to Q.1 must be written in the space provided for it in the answer book supplied and nowhere else.
- The answer sheet for the Q.1 will be collected by the invigilator after 45 Minutes of the commencement of the examination.
- Out of the remaining EIGHT Questions answer any FIVE Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.
- Any required data not explicitly given, may be suitably assumed and stated.

## Q.1 Choose the correct or the best alternative in the following:

 $(2\times10)$ 

- a. The principle of homogeneity and superposition is applied to
  - (A) Linear time-variant system
  - **(B)** Non-linear time-variant system.
  - (C) Linear time-invariant system.
  - (D) Non-linear time invariant system
- b. The Laplace transform of a unit step function is

$$(\mathbf{A}) \; \frac{1}{\mathsf{s}}$$

**(B)** S

**(D)**  $s^3$ 

c. The system with pole-zero plot in Fig.1 has

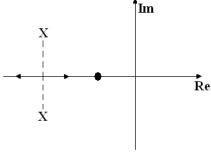


Fig. 1

- (A) Two complex zeros and a pole
- (B) Two complex poles and a zero

(C) two real poles

(D) Two complex poles

- d. Synchros are generally used as transmitters of
  - (A) Data logger

(B) Digital data

(C) Angular data

- (D) All of these
- e. With a negative feedback, the system stability
  - (A) Improves

- (B) Deteriorates
- (C) Remains unaltered
- (**D**) None of these
- f. The number of individual loops in the signal flow graph as in Fig. 2

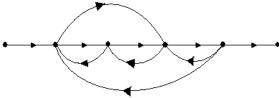


Fig. 2

(A) 5

**(B)** 6

**(C)** 3

- **(D)** 7
- g. A system with  $G(S)H(S) = \frac{5}{s^2}$  of type
  - **(A)** 0

**(B)** 1

**(C)** 2

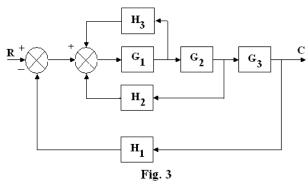
- $(\mathbf{D})$  3
- h. The transient response of a system with feedback compared to that of without feedback
  - (A) Decays more quickly
- **(B)** Decays slowly
- (C) Rises at a lower rate
- (**D**) Rises at a faster rate
- i. Differentiators are not used in a system due to
  - (A) large noise and saturation in the amplifier
  - **(B)** Large resistance and inductance
  - (C) Huge size and cost
  - (**D**) None of these
- j. If some pole of a system lies on the imaginary axis, the system is
  - (A) Absolutely stable
- **(B)** Conditionally stable
- **(C)** marginally stable
- (D) Unstable

## Answer any FIVE Questions out of EIGHT Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.

- **Q.2** a. Distinguish between open loop and closed loop control systems.
- **(4)**
- b. Define a control system with a neat sketch; explain the operation of a servomechanism.
- **(8)**

c. Find f(t) if F(S)= 
$$\frac{(S+3)}{S(S+1)(S+2)}$$
 (4)

- Q.3 a. Find the Laplace transform of y in the equation  $\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 6\frac{dy}{dt} + 2y = 8$ , assuming initial condition to be zero. (4)
  - b. Discuss the standard test signals with neat sketches. (6)
  - c. Determine the range of values of K so that the system having the following characteristic equation will be stable:  $S(S^2+2S+3)(S+2)+K=0$  (6)
- Q.4 a. Define transfer function. Also deduce the relation between impulse response and the transfer function.(5)
  - b. If the transfer function of a system and applied input to it are e<sup>-3t</sup> and e<sup>-4t</sup> respectively. Find the response of the system. (5)
  - c. Reduce the block diagram in Fig. 3 to its simplest possible form and hence obtain it's closed loop transfer function. (6)



- Q.5 a. Discuss the different types of nodes, loops and paths in a signal flow graph. (6)
  - b. Find the transfer function of the network as shown in Fig. 4 using Mason's gain formula. (10)

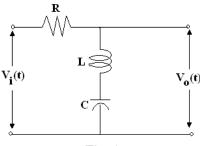


Fig. 4

- Q.6 a. Define the sensitivity of a control system. Find the sensitivity of the overall transfer function.(8)
  - b. Deduce the expression for the steady state error for a closed loop system for step and ramp inputs. (8)

Q.7 Construct Bode plots for the frequency response function

$$GH(j\omega) = \frac{2}{j\omega(1+j\omega/2)(1+j\omega/5)}$$
(16)

- Q.8 a. List five advantages of Nyquist plot. (5)
  - b. For  $G(S)H(S) = \frac{1}{[S(S+2)]}$ , draw the Nyquist plot and decide the stability. (11)
- Q.9 a. Discuss the advantages and limitations of frequency domain analysis (8)
  - b. Find the root locus of the unity feedback system having  $G(S) = \frac{K}{S+1}$  (8)