Reg. No.....

Name.....

FIRST YEAR B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL/MAY 2005

Part III—Subsidiary—Biochemistry

BIOCHEMISTRY Paper—I

(2004 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 55 Marks

Part A

Answer any ten questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 1. Write the Henderson-Hassel balch equation.
- How will you make 100 ml of 1N NaOH?
- 3. Name some biologically important emulsifying agents and their mechanism of action.
- 4. Define Svedberg unit.
- 5. Define mutarotation.
- 6. Write the structures of tyrosine and tryptophan.
- 7. What is the difference between adenosine and adenylate?
- 8. Write the structures of cortisol and epinephrine.
- 9. Write notes on the synthesis and biological functions of prealbumin.
- 10. Define iodine number and highlight its significance.
- 11. Outline the principle of affinity chromatography.
- 12. How will you differentiate starch from glycogen in the laboratory?
- 13. What are the force that stabilise the tertiary and quaternary structures of proteins?

 $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Part B

Answer any three questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 14. Give an account of the principle and the procedure for separating proteins by PAGE.
- 15. Discuss the properties and biological significance of colloids.
- 16. Explain why glucose and fructose give the same osazone.
- 17. Write the structures of different types of phospholipids and their biological functions.
- 18. Give an account of the classification of proteins.

 $(3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ marks})$

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(a) Watson-Crick model of DNA structure.

(b) Plasma Proteins.

Describe the principle, instrumentation and applications of GLC.

21. Give an account of the chemical reactions of carbohydrates. $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$