[Turn over

Register			-		
Number	Heson	Rott	DE BOTT		

Part III — ECONOMICS

			(English Version	Law of Supply (
Time	e All	lowed	l: 3 Hours]	Maximum	Marks: 200
			SECTION - A		
		N. B.	: i) Answer all the questions.		
			ii) Each question carries one mar	k.	50 × 1 = 50
I.	Cho	ose t	he best answer of the following and wri	te in the answer-book	(a c :
				Mothed	14 × 1 = 14
	1.	The	concept of Net Economic Welfare has b	been given by	
		a)	Samuelson	Income Elasticity of	(6)
		b)	Alfred Marshall	Cross-sunitery of	
		c)	Adam Smith	Prior Electiony of D	is a second
		d)	Lionel Robbins.	All of these	
	2.	Red			
		a)	inefficiency of production	apt st	
	72.	b)	in equality of income and wealth	d.M. Keynes	(d
		c)	absence of technology	Alfred Marshall	
		d)	efficient use of resources.		

5		2
3.	Sing	le commodity consumption mode is
	a)	Production Possibility Curve
	b)	Law of Equimarginal Utility
ax	c)	Law of Supply
2	d)	Law of Diminishing Marginal Utility.

- 4. The shape of exceptional demand curve is
 - a) sloping downward
 - b) sloping upward
 - c) parallel to X-axis
 - d) vertical.
- 5. The degree of response of demand to change in price is
 - a) Income Elasticity of Demand
 - b) Cross-Elasticity of Demand
 - c) Price Elasticity of Demand
 - d) All of these.
- 6. Time element in price analysis was introduced by
 - a) J.R. Hicks
 - b) J.M. Keynes
 - c) Alfred Marshall
 - d) J. S. Mill.

7.	Rew	ard paid to capital is	Classical theory assured		
	a)	interest			
	b)	profit	disgutsed uncorployment		
	c)	wages	Ansniyo kense (16)		
	d)	rent.	underemployment.		
8.	Rea	l cost is	marginal propensity to con		
	a)	pain and sacrifice	AS/AY		
	b)	subjective concept	C/Y AP/AC		
	c)	efforts and foregoing leisure			
	d)	all of these.	XANDA.		
9.	Uno	der perfect competition the dem	and curve is	int), v.8	
	a)	upward sloping	Deflation	ils.	
	b)	horizontal	toosia)		
	c)	downward sloping	Stable prises		
	d)	vertical.	JasanyolamanU		
10.	The	e author of the concept of Quas	i-rent is		
	a)	Adam Smith	Licence		
	b)	Marshall	eans on Ones		
	c)	Ricardo			
	4)	Samuelson.			

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+ •	11.	The	Classical theory assumed the existe	nce of ass or bridg busy	5,981
		a)	unemployment	Jagrsin.	
		b)	disguised unemployment	30c a	(4
		c)	full employment	saltem	
		d)	underemployment.	300	
	12.	The	marginal propensity to consume is	at teos la	
		a)	ΔS/ΔΥ	pain and sacrifice	
		b)	C/Y. ΔP/ΔQ	subjective concept	(d
		c)	ΔΡ/ΔQ	efforts and foregoing	
		d)	ΔC/ΔΥ.	all of these.	
	13.	Ban	k rate is raised during	der perfect competition	
9		a)	Deflation	guiquis bulwqu	
		b)	Inflation		
		c)	Stable prices	aniquis diswuweb	400
		d)	Unemployment.		
	14.	The	compulsory charge levied by the Go	vernment is	
		a)	Licence	Adam Sajak	
		b)	Gifts and Grants	Hidrania	
		c)	Loan	Reardo	
		d)	Tax.		

de Samuelson.

			33	
II.	Fill in the blanks:		vanimalle	$12 \times 1 = 12$
	I MI MI CITO DICTION .		*	

15.	The term 'Micro' means
	28. Barelagoratte espansyal (p) Adam Saluta
16.	Role of the Government is minimum in the economy.
	30 - Cross dastic visces - Comment -
17.	Marginal utility falls to zero, when the total utility is
	SL. Price Clacown! ep
18.	The concept of elasticity of demand was introduced by
	33. Plaining Curve
	is the major determinant of supply.
	Total S. H. Chambells
20.	The functional relationship between input and output is known
	as 7 4
21.	Implicit cost is also known as cost.
	38 Canons of favorious . B. Higher rate of interests
22.	Price rigidity is an important feature of
23.	Money wages are also known as wages.
	V stolk as a stole three velocity of the second of the sec
24.	is the ratio of change in saving to a change in income.
25.	M ₁ is known as money .
1	48. Give the formule for point meadand.
06	means different sources of Government income

III. Match the following:

 $12 \times 1 = 12$

- 27. Principles of Economics
- X and Y are not related
- 28. Bureaucratic expansion
- Adam Smith b)

29. Indifference curve

c) Cobb-Douglas

30. Cross-elasticity is zero

Envelope curve d)

31. Price discount

Socialism e)

32. Production function

Monopolistic competition f)

33. Planning curve

g) Annual stock clearance

34. E. H. Chamberlin

- h) 1-MPC
- 35. Residual claimant theory
- Ordinal ranking

36. K

j) Marshall

37. Dear Money Policy

k) Walker

38. Canons of taxations

Higher rate of interest. 1)

IV. Answer each of the following questions in a word or two: $12 \times 1 = 12$

- 39. What is the other name for Economics?
- 40. What is the result of overproduction?
- 41. Which law is known as Gossen's second law of consumption?
- 42. What is the basic assumption of economic theory?
- 43. Give the formula for point method.
- 44. Give the condition for Producer's equilibrium under isoquant curves.

- 45. What is break-even point?
- 46. Give any two methods to control monopoly.
- 47. Who is the author of Innovation theory of Profit?
- 48. Give formula for MPS.
- 49. When is cheap money policy followed?
- 50. Give the expansion for VAT.

SECTION - B

- V. N. B.: i) Answer any ten questions.
 - ii) Answer for each question should be about four or five lines.

 $10 \times 3 = 30$

- 51. What are the main divisions of Economics?
- 52. List the basic features of Socialism.
- 53. Name the important general economic systems.
- 54. What are the properties of indifference curve?
- 55. Write a note on Giffen paradox.
- 56. What is equilibrium price?
- 57. Differentiate between the short period and the long period.
- 58. Define labour.
- 59. Who is an entrepreneur?
- 60. What is economic cost?
- 61. Define opportunity cost.
- 62. What are the three motives of liquidity preference?
- 63. What is multiplier?
- 64. Define money.
- 65. Give the meaning of tax.

SECTION - C

- VI. N. B.: i) Answer any six questions.
 - ii) Answer for each question should be about a page. $6 \times 10 = 60$
 - 66. Explain the salient features of Capitalism.
 - 67. How is the equilibrium price determined in the market period?
 - 68. Distinguish between laws of returns and returns to scale.
 - 69. Explain AR and MR curves under perfect and imperfect markets.
 - 70. Explain the marginal cost with suitable illustrations.
 - 71. Explain the features of perfect competition.
 - 72. What are the determinants of consumption other than income?
 - 73. Describe the consumption function with a diagram.
 - 74. What are the limitations of Fiscal policy?
 - 75. Explain the canons of taxation.

SECTION - D

- VII. N. B.: i) Answer any three questions.
 - ii) Answer for each question should be about three pages.

 $3 \times 20 = 60$

- 76. Discuss the nature and scope of Economics.
- 77. Explain the law of Diminishing Marginal Utility with a table and diagram.
- 78. Discuss the law of demand with suitable diagram.
- 79. What is monopoly? Explain price and output determination under monopoly.
- 80. Discuss marginal productivity theory of distribution.
- 81. What is monetary policy? Discuss the objectives and limitations of monetary policy.