## Subject: TELECOMMUNICATION SWITCHING SYSTEMS

Time: 3 Hours

## JUNE 2010

NOTE: There are 9 Questions in all.

- Question 1 is compulsory and carries 20 marks. Answer to $\mathbf{Q} .1$ must be written in the space provided for it in the answer book supplied and nowhere else.
- Out of the remaining EIGHT Questions, answer any FIVE Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.
- Any required data not explicitly given, may be suitably assumed and stated.
Q. 1 Choose the correct or the best alternative in the following:
a. Telephone network follows $\qquad$ switching.
(A) Message
(B) Circuit
(C) Packet
(D) Channel
b. Automatic Telephony was invented by $\qquad$ .
(A) Marconi
(B) Abraham Lincoln
(C) A.B. Strowger
(D) Charles Babbage.
c. Telephone Traffic intensity is measured by $\qquad$ .
(A) Coloumbs
(B) Faraday
(C) Erlang
(D) Watts
d. Switching system with $\mathrm{n} \times \mathrm{m}$ sets of contacts with $\mathrm{n} \times \mathrm{m}$ activators is known as $\qquad$ .
(A) Crossbar
(B) Step by Step
(C) Electronic
(D) Mechanical
e. Final selector stage of Step-by-Step system determines $\qquad$ digits of telephone number
(A) Last one
(B) Last two
(C) Last three
(D) None
f. The grade of service is the ratio of $\qquad$ .
(A) $\frac{\text { Traffic lost }}{\text { Traffic offered }}$
(B) $\frac{\text { Traffic offered }}{\text { Traffic lost }}$
(C) $\frac{\text { Traffic carried }}{\text { Traffic offered }}$
(D) $\frac{\text { Number of calls arrived }}{\text { Number of calls lost }}$
g. The number of outgoing trunks to which an incoming trunk can obtain connection is called $\qquad$
(A) Connectivity
(B) Congestion
(C) Traffic
(D) Availability
h. Number of minimum cross points required for a 3 stage network with M incoming trunks and N outgoing trunks is
$\qquad$ -
(A) $\mathrm{C}=2 \mathrm{~N}(\mathrm{~N}+\mathrm{M})$
(B) $\mathrm{C}=2 \mathrm{~N}(\sqrt{\mathrm{~N}+\mathrm{M}})$
(C) $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{N}(\sqrt{\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{M}})$
(D) $\mathrm{C}=4 \mathrm{~N} \sqrt{\mathrm{~N}+\mathrm{M}}$
i. During signal exchange time, Proceed to send signal originates from $\qquad$ .
(A) Calling terminal
(B) Exchange Switching System
(C) Called terminal
(D) Calling and called terminal
j. Minimum number of Central processor required in SPC Switching System is $\qquad$ .
(A) 1
(B) 2
(C) 3
(D) 4


## Answer any FIVE Questions out of EIGHT Questions. <br> Each question carries 16 marks.

Q. 2 a. Explain the basic functions of a Switching System.
(8)
b. In a 1000 line strowger exchange using 1000 uniselector. Show the trunking diagram when subscriber 254 establishes connection to subscriber 821 .
(8)
Q. 3 a. Define the following :
(i) Busy hour
(ii) Grade of Service
(iii) Full availability
(iv) Traffic Erlang
(8)
b. During busy hour 1500 calls were offered to a group of trunks and 5 calls were lost. The average call duration is 3 minutes. Find
(i) Traffic offered
(ii) Traffic carried
(iii) Traffic lost
(iv) Grade of Service
(v) Total duration of period of congestion.
Q. 4 a. Explain with the help of diagram
(i) Skipped grading
(ii) Homogeneous grading
(8)
b. Design a 3 stage network for connection of 100 incoming and 400 outgoing trunks.
Q. 5 a. With neat sketch explain the functioning of space switch.
b. Explain the working of T-S-T switching network.
Q. 6 a. What are the sequences of operations of call processing function? Explain briefly.
b. Explain load sharing and synchronous operation configuration of SPC system.
Q. 7 a. What is multiframing? Explain 30 -channel PCM system briefly.
b. With block diagram explain briefly CCITT signalling system number 7 .
Q. 8 a. Write a note on ALOHA protocol.
b. Compare BUS and RING LAN topologies.
Q. 9 a. Explain briefly ISDN.
(8)
b. With neat sketch explain the principle of cellular mobile networks.
(8)

