2006

AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING - I (Optional)

000009

Standard : Degree

Total Marks: 200

Nature: Conventional

Duration: 3 Hours

Note:

- (i) Answers must be written in English.
- (ii) Question No. 1 is Compulsory. Of the remaining questions, attempt any four selecting one question from each section.
- (iii) Figures to the RIGHT indicate marks of the respective question.
- (iv) Use of log table, Non-Programmable calculator is permitted, but any other Table/Code/Reference book are not permitted.
- (v) Make suitable assumptions, wherever be necessary and state the same.
- (vi) Number of optional questions upto the prescribed number in the order in which they have been solved will only be assessed. Excess answers will not be assessed.
- (vii) Credit will be given for orderly, concise and effective writing.
- (viii) Candidate should not write roll number, any name (including their own), signature, address or any indication of their identity anywhere inside the answer book otherwise he will be penalised.
- (ix) For each slab of 10 and 15 marks, the examinee is expected to write answers in 125 and 200 words respectively.

1. Answer any four of the following questions:

- (a) What is the difference between sorting and grading? Derive the screen effectiveness and cleaning efficiency calculation equations. Explain the working of spiral and indented cylinder separators.
- (b) Explain the lateral pressure calculation in a storage bin using Airy and Janssen formulae. Explain the construction and working of green house dryer.

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(c)	Write down the step by step procedure to be followed for the calibration of a seed drill.	10
(d)	Draw a neat sketch of a box type solar cooker and label its parts. Write down its design principle briefly.	10
(e)	A two-bottom, 50 cm mould board plough is working at a depth of 15 cm. Calculate the unit draft, actual power required and actual field capacity if the draft is 14 kN. Take the speed of the tractor as 5.0 km/hr and field performance index as 0.75.	10
	SECTION - A	
Anst	wer the following sub-questions :	
(a)	What is Equilibrium moisture content? How it is determined by EMC models of Henderson and PET equations? How the moisture content will be determined? What is the dry basis moisture content value of 14% wet basis moisture content?	10
(b)	Explain the construction advantages and working of LSU (Louisiana State University) drier. Explain any one of the Batch driers.	10
(c)	Explain the physical characteristics of roundness, sphericity, surface area and porosity. Explain thermal conductivity and diffusivity.	10
(d)	What is terminal velocity, derive its equation to calculate the same. Explain the three Rheological flow behaviors.	10
Anst	wer the following sub-questions :	
(a)	Explain the different psychrometric properties. Explain how the psychrometric chart will be read for a given dry bulb temperature for humidity, RH and wet bulb temperature.	10
(b)	What are important things to be considered to design a dryer. Explain about Rotary and Solar cabinet dryer.	10
(c)	Explain about important mechanical properties will be measured for agricultural materials. Explain the electrical and dielectric properties.	10
(d)	What is drag coefficient? What is the study of rheology?	10
	Explain the construction and working of bucket elevator.	
	In a screw conveyor design, how the capacity m ³ /h and horse power will be determined.	

SECTION - B

4. Answer the following sub-questions:

- (a) Write the equation to calculate the heat transfer by conduction. What is HTST and UHT pasteurization? Explain the construction and working of shell and tube heat exchanger.
- (b) How the vapour compression refrigeration system works? Find the cooling load expressed in tone of refrigeration which is caused by heat loss from the four side walls of a small cold room 2.4 m × 3.0 m × 2.4 m. The walls made of 20 cm brick, 20 cm cork board and 1.25 cm cement. Inside all temperature is 21°C. The safety factor is 2 to cover the loss of heat through duct and joints. Respective thermal conductivities of brick, cork and cement plaster are 0.6, 0.04 and 0.8 W/m°C.
- (c) Explain about stanchion and loose housing dairy barn construction details. What are all the important things should be taken into account for farm house design?
- (d) Explain the Kick's law to calculate the power requirement for size reduction. Explain the working of Jaw and Gyratory crushers. What is the power required to crush 100 t/h of limestone of the feed size of 50.8 mm and the product size of 3.2 mm and the Rittinger's constant is 3.8. Use Rittinger's law.

5. Answer the following sub-questions:

- (a) Write the law of conservation of energy and mass. How the spray and freeze dryer works, explain. What are the two types of evaporators? Explain working of rising and falling film evaporators.
- (b) What is precooling? Explain controlled atmosphere storage. How it is enhancing the shelf life of horticultural produce? Explain the sequence of unit operations in fruit processing.
- (c) Explain about various farm fencing systems. Describe the construction of milking parlor and pen barn. Explain the wire floored and deep litter type poultry houses.
- (d) What are the different size reduction mechanisms. Explain Bond's law for energy requirement calculation. Explain the principle and operation of attrition and ball mills.

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SECTION - C

6. Answer the following sub-questions:

- (a) In Indian Agriculture draught animal power still continues to be an important source of farm power. Justify the statement with correct and recent data.
- (b) Draw neat sketch of simple, down draught, float type carburettor and label its parts. Write down its working principle.
- (c) Write down different parts of an axial flow thresher. Describe the general working principle of a thresher. List out its five important adjustments.

7. Answer the following sub-questions:

- (a) Draw the p-v diagram of air standard Otto cycle and derive an expression for the thermal efficiency in terms of compression ratio (r) and adiabatic index (γ).
- (b) Draw the schematic diagram of differential unit of a tractor transmission system and label its parts. Explain its working principle.
- (c) Classify tractor drawn disc harrows. Write down its different components with function briefly.

SECTION - D

8. Answer the following subquestions:

- (a) Power is transmitted using a V-belt drive. The included angle of V-groove is 30° . The belt is 20 mm deep and maximum width is 20 mm. If the mass of the belt is 0.35 kg/metre length and maximum allowable stress is 1.4 MPa, determine the maximum power transmitted when the angle of lap is 140° , $\mu = 0.15$.
- (b) Find the draft, side draft, vertical component of a pull of 20 kN when the line of pull makes an angle of 25° with horizontal and lies in the vertical plane which is at an angle of 15° with the direction of motion. Find also the draw bar power required to move the implement at a speed of 4 km/hr.
- (c) Write down the important factors to be considered for the selection of site to install wind energy conversion system on a commercial scale basis. Describe each factor briefly.

9.	Answer	the	following	sub-questions	:
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- (a) Write down the ergonomical considerations in the design of a push /pull type of manual weeder.
- (b) Write down the design considerations of a bullock-drawn seed drill.
- (c) Classify bio-mass gassifiers as per (i) direction of gas flow (ii) output of gassifiers and (iii) type of beds. Draw the schematic diagram of a down draught gassifier and write down its working principle.