



Name :

Roll No. :

Invigilator's Signature :

CS/B.Tech(ECE)/SEM-5/EC-513/2009-10

2009

CONTROL SYSTEMS

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Semi log paper and Graph Sheet/(s) will be provided by the institution

**GROUP - A
(Multiple Choice Type Questions)**

1. Choose the correct alternatives for any ten of the following :

$10 \times 1 = 10$

i) A system having transfer function $G(s) = \frac{1}{2(s + 0.5)}$ is subjected to a unit step input, the steady value of the output is

- a) 1
- b) 2
- c) $\frac{1}{2}$
- d) $\frac{1}{10}$

ii) The natural frequency of oscillations of the output for the equation $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 1.5 \frac{dx}{dt} + 4x = 1$ is

- a) 0 rad/sec
- b) 1.5 rad/sec
- c) 2 rad/sec
- d) 4 rad/sec.

iii) The type number of a transfer function denote the number of

- a) zeros at the origin b) poles at infinity
- c) poles at origin d) zeros at infinity.

iv) The steady state error for a unity feedback system having open loop transfer function as

$$G(S) = \frac{9}{S(0.2S + 1)}$$
 when subjected to a unit

step input will be

- a) 0.1 b) 1/9
- c) 0.2 d) 0.

v) The settling time of a second order system on 2% basis is given by

- a) $t_s = \frac{4}{\zeta \omega_n}$ b) $t_s = \frac{\zeta \omega_n}{4}$
- c) $t_s = \frac{4 \zeta}{\omega_n}$ d) $t_s = 4 \zeta \omega_n$.

vi) Integral error control

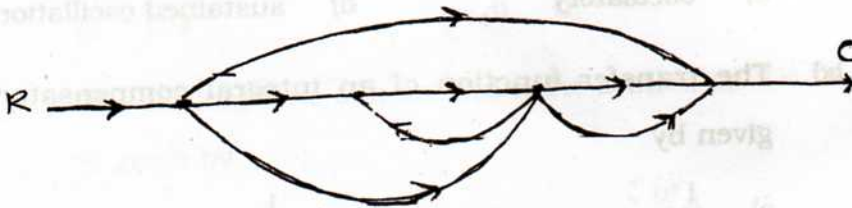
- a) increases the order of the system
- b) decreases the order of the system
- c) increases the steady state error
- d) does not affect the steady state error.

- vii) The initial slope of the Bode plot gives an indication of
- a) type of the system
 - b) nature of the system time response
 - c) system stability
 - d) gain margin.
- viii) If the root locus branches cross the imaginary axis, the system becomes
- a) overdamped
 - b) underdamped
 - c) oscillatory
 - d) sustained oscillations.
- ix) The transfer function of an integral compensator is given by
- a) $\frac{1}{s}$
 - b) $\frac{1}{s^2}$
 - c) $\frac{k}{s}$
 - d) ks .
- x) The state transition matrix $\phi(t)$ is given by
- a) $[SI] - [A]$
 - b) $\{[SI] - [A]\}^{-1}$
 - c) $h^{-1} \{[SI] - [A]\}^{-1}$
 - d) $h^{-1} \{[SI] - [A]\}$.

xi) State variable approach converts an n th order system into

- a) n 2nd order differential equations
- b) 2 differential equations
- c) n 1st order differential equations
- d) a low order system.

xii) The number of forward paths in the signal flow graph shown below is



- a) 1
- b) 2
- c) 3
- d) 5.

GROUP - B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

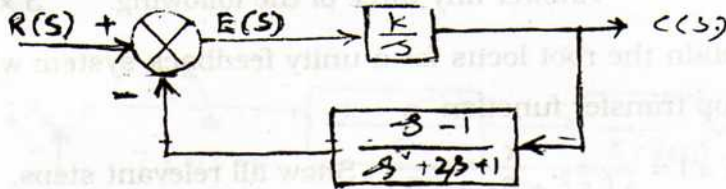
Answer any three of the following. $3 \times 5 = 15$

2. A unity feedback heat treatment system has open loop transfer function

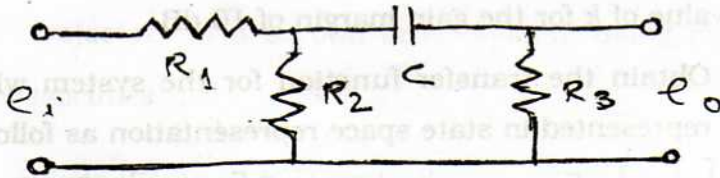
$$G(s) = \frac{10000}{(1+s)(1+0.5s)(1+0.02s)}$$

The output set point is 500°C . What is the steady state temperature ?

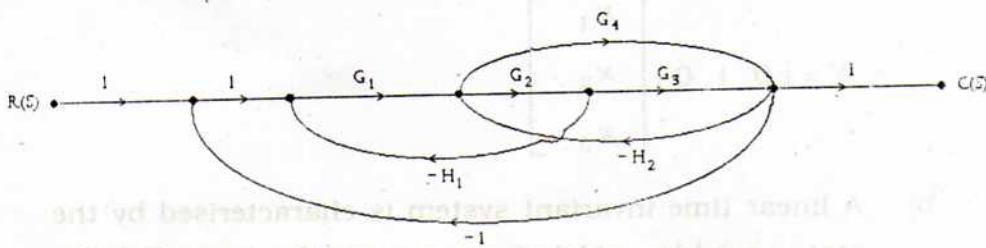
3. Find the range of k to keep the system shown in figure to be stable.



4. Determine the transfer function of the network shown in figure relating $E_o(s)$ & $E_i(s)$



5. Find the transfer function from the following signal flow graph using Mason's gain formula.



6. Construct the state model for a system characterized by the differential equation

$$\ddot{Y} + 5\dot{y} + 6y = 4.$$

GROUP - C**(Long Answer Type Questions)**Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 15 = 45$

7. Obtain the root locus for a unity feedback system with open loop transfer function

$$G(s) = \frac{k}{s(s^2 + 6s + 25)}. \text{ Show all relevant steps.}$$

8. Draw the Bode plot of the system whose open loop transfer function is given by

$$GH(s) = \frac{k}{s(1+s)(1+0.1s)(1+0.02s)}. \text{ Determine}$$

the value of k for the gain margin of 10 dB.

9. a) Obtain the transfer function for the system which is represented in state space representation as follows :

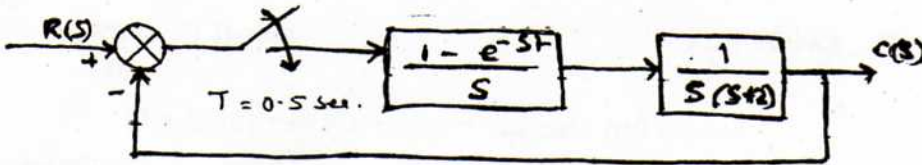
$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 1 \\ -3 & -4 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u.$$

$$Y = [0 \ 1 \ 0] \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

- b) A linear time invariant system is characterised by the state variable model. Comment on the controllability and observability of the system : $10 + 5$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u.$$

10. a) Find Z transform of $\cos wt$.
- b) Obtain Z transfer function for the block diagram shown in the figure.



5 + 10

11. a) Explain with an example the steps to find the phase trajectory of a second order system using method of isoclines.
- b) Write a note on PID controller. 10 + 5