

ô ± ®, ¢ êó¼œ ï .2,000.

ö N, è£\$d´ ï .600.

õ ± ì è ¸ & è£\$d´ ï .1,000.

èN¾ 5 % ì î ¸ â ´ ~ ¶, ¢ è£œ: Šõ ± ì ¶.

Ç½¬ ö ^ ¢ î £¬ è, ° Kò ñ£ŸÁ„Ÿ´ Ü Ä Šd´
 ¢ Š Áĩ ~ Ü Ä ŠHù £¬, Ü Ä Šd´ ¢ Š Áĩ Kì
 õ ó£, è ì ì ï .400 â ì è. P¼â óŠHù Kì
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Register Number :

Name of the Candidate :

5 1 5 4

B.Com. DEGREE EXAMINATION, 2009

(FIRST YEAR)

(PART - III)

(PAPER - II)

140 / 540. ELEMENTS OF ACCOUNTANCY

[Common with B.M.M., B.B.S.,

B.Com., (Marketing Management)

B.Com., (Accounting and Finance)

B.Com., (Business Studies)]

December]

[Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 100 Marks

Answer any FIVE questions.

All questions carry equal marks.

(5 × 20 = 100)

1. What are the rules of accounting ? Explain the merits and demerits of financial accounting. State and briefly explain any three concepts of financial accounting.

Turn over

2. A second - hand machine was purchased on 1-1-2000 for Rs. 30,000 and repair charges amounted to Rs. 6,000. It was installed at a cost of Rs. 4,000. On 1st July, 2001, another machine was purchased for Rs. 26,000. On 1-7-2002 the first machine was sold for Rs. 30,000. On the same day, one more machine was bought for Rs. 25,000. On 31-12-2002, the machine bought on 1-7-2001 was sold for Rs. 23,000.

Accounts are closed every year on 31st December. Depreciation is written - off at 15 % on original cost per annum. Prepare the machinery account for 3 years ending 31-12-2002.

î œÀ ð® ¢ ðŸ¶¶	-	800
MŸð¬ùˆ F ^{1/4} Šðˆ	-	2,100
¢ èœœ° î™™ F ^{1/4} Šðˆ	-	1,600
õ ó£ èì î	-	800
ð¬õð ð ó£ èì î õ Á™™	-	200
èì ù £Oèœ (31-12-2002 ð ó ^{3/4}) -		800
èì m%î£ˆ (31-12-2002 ðŸÁ) -		380

6. ¢ ðfèÙ^{1/4¬õ}, «êˆ% ð£ð î â î ðõˆ 190 êèè¬ó í ¬¬ì è¬÷ ¢ ê î ¬ù¬ò», «êˆ% ó° â î ðõ^{1/4}, ° á^{1/4} í ¬¬ì Ĩ.180 MŸð¬ù M¬ôJ™™ Ü Á Šdˆ ¢ êœ££ˆ.õ† ®, ¢ êó^{3/4} ĩŸÁˆ, Hø ¢ êó^{3/4}èÀ, è£è ð£ð î Ĩ.1,200 ¢ ê^{1/2}ˆFù£ˆ. Ü Á Šdˆ ¢ êœ£ Ĩ.12,000 -, ° ĩ£ŸÁ, Y†ˆ á¿F, H î¹ Ü ¶ Ĩ.11,800 -, ° èN^{3/4} ¢ êœœŠð†ì¶. Ü Á Šdˆ ¢ ðÁĨˆ W, è† ì Mðóf è¬÷ MŸð¬ù Ü P, ¬èò£è èĩˆŠHˆî£ˆ.

èì Á, ° 100 í ¬¬ì èœ, â î Á Ĩ.240 í îˆ, MŸèŠð†ì¶.

¢ ó£ èˆFŸ° 900 í ¬¬ì èœ, â î Á Ĩ.230 í îˆ, MŸèŠð†ì¶.

Turn over

à«ó î õ¬í J TM à ê½î´è, èî èè, èóèK´
î õ¬í î èè è† ´ H®.

5. W, èèµ ¬ î èò TMèOL ¼¼¶¶ ,

(Ü) à ñ£î, èì ù £Oèèè èí , °

ñŸÁ< (Ý) à ñ£î, èì m%î £ èí , ¬è»<
î ò£K, è¾¼.

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èì ù £Oèèè (1-1-2002 ðŸÁ)	-	37,000
èì ù £Oèèè (1-1-2002 ðó¾)	-	900
èì m%î £ (1-1-2002 ðŸÁ)	-	26,000
èì m%î £ (1-1-2002 ðó¾)	-	740
MŸÖ¬ù	-	72,000
à èèèè î TM	-	61,000
èì m%î £, °, à è£´ î ¶	-	52,000
èì ù £Oèòì ¬ ðÁ TM	-	59,000
ñ£ŸÁ, Y´´ à ÐÁîŸ°Kò¶	-	7,000
ñ£ŸÁ, Y´´ à ê½î´Ÿ°Kò¶	-	6,000
èì m%î £, ° ð†®	-	600
ñ£ŸÁ, Y´´ ñÁ, èŠò†ì ¶	-	900
î œÀ ð® ÜO´î ¶	-	1,200

3. Prepare trading and profit and loss
account and balance sheet from the following
trial balance of Mr. M. Madhan, as at
31-12-2006 :

Debit balances	Rs.	Credit balances	Rs.
Purchases	1,50,000	Capital	1,70,000
Debtors	92,000	Returns	2,600
Machinery	20,000	Sales	2,50,000
Interest	430	Creditors	60,000
Rent & insurance	5,600	Bills payable	20,000
Trade expenses	2,670		
Wages	7,000		
Sales returns	5,400		
Opening stock	60,000		
Drawings	22,000		
Salaries	11,200		
Advertising	12,040		
Business premises	20,000		
Cash and bank	94,260		
	5,02,600		5,02,600

Adjustments :

(i) Stock on hand on 31-12-2006,
Rs. 90,000.

- èkèt' í™éœ :
- (i) 31-12-2006 - ™ P ÁF, éó, ° ñ FŠ í . 90,000.
 - (ii) P ò %F ó F í e ¶ 10 %, ò E è ò ÷ Èè F í e ¶ 5 % « í Öñ Ù , c, è¾⁄₄ .
 - (iii) æ èÉ' ò ì £, æ èó¾⁄éœ :
 ò ð Ñ - è í . 500.
 - Á L í . 400.
 - (iv) èŠŠd' ° í Á + ®, æ è¹⁄² F ò ¶ í . 300.
 - (v) è ò ù ÉÖèœ e ¶ 5 % äò, è ò í æŠ' á : ¶ è.

4. $\delta^{\text{TM}}_{\text{TM}} \tilde{\alpha} \ll \hat{\Gamma} \text{F}\tilde{\alpha} \text{O}^{\text{TM}} \stackrel{\text{a}}{=} \hat{\alpha} \frac{1}{2} \hat{\Gamma} \hat{\Gamma}, \hat{\epsilon} \hat{\Gamma} \tilde{\alpha} \tilde{\Gamma} \tilde{\alpha} \tilde{\Gamma},$
 $\text{Yt}' \hat{\epsilon} \neg \div \acute{\alpha} \text{w} \hat{\alpha} \text{j} \tilde{\alpha} \tilde{\alpha} \tilde{\alpha}, \text{M} \ll \hat{\alpha} \tilde{\alpha} \tilde{\alpha} \text{e} \P$
 $\text{W} \tilde{\alpha} \frac{1}{4} \tilde{\alpha} \tilde{\alpha} \hat{\alpha} \hat{\alpha} \hat{\alpha} \text{A} \tilde{\alpha} \tilde{\alpha} \tilde{\alpha} :$

Y4 @i i' 33	3 i' 3-è (i' .)	è30 ,
1-6-2008	1,200	3 i' 3 f è3
19-6-2008	1,600	2 i' 3 f è3
10-7-2008	2,000	3 i' 3 f è3
27-7-2008	1,500	3 i' 3 f è3
7-8-2008	1,800	1 i' 3 ,
15-8-2008	2,400	2 i' 3 f è3

Turn over

	Rs.
Discount received	- 800
Sales returns	- 2,100
Purchase returns	- 1,600
Bad debts	- 800
Old bad debts collected	- 200
Debtors (31-12-2002 Cr.)	- 800
Creditors (31-12-2002 Dr.)	- 380

6. Balan of Bangalore consigned 190 bags of sugar to Raghu of Chennai, invoicing goods at Rs. 180 per bag. Balan paid Rs. 1,200 as cartage and other expenses. The consignor drew a bill of exchange for Rs. 12,000 which was later discounted at Rs. 11,800. The consignee rendered an account sales showing the following details :

100 bags sold at Rs. 240 each on credit.
90 bags sold at Rs. 230 each for cash.
Carriage charges Rs. 2,000
Transit insurance Rs. 600

Storage and insurance Rs. 1,000

Commission at 5 % being deducted.

The consignee sent a bill for the amount due.

You are required to prepare ledger accounts in the books of both the parties assuming that the consignee incurred a bad debt of Rs. 400.

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â¬õ «ðÁ< ä%¶ Mù£ èÀ, ° M¬ì òO, è^{3/4}.
Ü¬ù ^¶ ðF™èÀ, °< êññÛ ñFŠ^a ð‡ èœ.
(5 × 20 = 100)

1. èí, ° Š ðFMòL j MFèœ ð£¬õ ? GF,
èí, AòL j ï j ¬ñèœ, b¬ñè¬÷ M÷, ° è. GF,
èí, AòL j â¬õ «ðÁ< í j Á «è£ð£ è¬÷,
²/₄, èñè, Á Áè.
2. ð¬õð ðò%ó< â j Á 1-1-2002 - ™ j .30,000 - , °
õ £f èŠð†', ï .6,000 - , ° ð¿ ¶ð£, ° < ä èó^{3/4}
ä èœŠð†ì ¶. Ü% ðò%ó< ï .4,000 ä èðM ™
ä ð£/4 î Šð†ì ¶. Ü¬¬ð - 1, 2001 - ™ p j ä Ü£/4
ðò%ó< ï .26,000 ñFŠH ™ õ £f èŠð†ì ¶.
Ü¬¬ð-1, 2002 - ™ è íL ™ õ £f èŠð†ì ðò%ó<
ï .30,000 - , ° MÿèŠð†ì ¶. Ü «îïEO ™ «ñ^{1/2}<
á¹/₄ ðò%ó< ï .25,000 - , ° õ £f èŠð†ì ¶.
Ü¬¬ð-1, 2001 - ™ õ £f èŠð†ì ðò%ó<
31-12-2002 - ™ ï .23,000 - , ° MÿèŠð†ì ¶.

Turn over