

### INDIAN SPACE RESEARCH ORGANISATION

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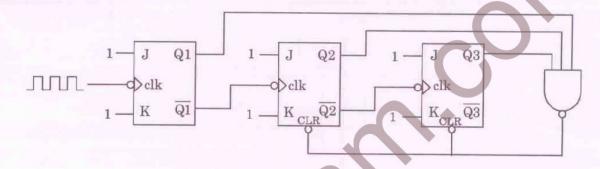
### ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

- 1. The approximate O/P Frequency of 555 Oscillator for  $R_A = R_B = 2.2 \text{ k}\Omega$  and C = 2000 pF
  - (a) 110 kHz

(b) 109.3 kHz

(c) 120.5 kHz

- (d) 108.9 kHz
- 2. A counter is designed using J-K Flip-Flop as shown in fig. Define its count sequence



- (a) 000, 001, 010, 011, 100 & repeats
- (b) 100, 011, 010, 001, 000 & repeat
- (c) 010, 011, 100, 000, 001 & repeats
- (d) 101, 110, 111, 000, 001, 010, 011, 100 & repeats
- 3. A 1 MHz clock signal is applied to a J-K Flip Flop with J=K=1. What is the frequency of the Flip-Flop O/P signal?
  - (a) 2 MHz

(b) 500 kHz

(c) 250 kHz

- (d) 500 MHz
- 4. How many inputs & outputs does a full adder have?
  - (a) 3, 2

(b) 2, 3

(c) 3, 3

- (d) 2, 2
- 5. Which shift register counter requires the most decoding circuitry?
  - (a) Johnson Counter

(b) Ring Counter

(c) Ripple Counter

(d) MOD counter



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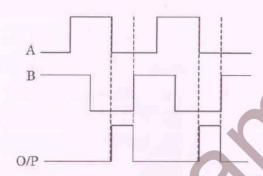
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- 6. A 10-bit DAC has a step size of 10mV. What is its Full scale O/P voltage and the percentage resolution?
  - (a) 10.24V, 0.2%

(b) 10.23V, 0.5%

(c) 10.23V, 0.1%

- (d) 10.24V, 0.1%
- 7. If the input signals (A & B) and output signals are as below then the circuit element is



(a) AND Gate

(b) OR Gate

(c) NOR Gate

- (d) XOR Gate
- 8. For a 10-bit digital ramp ADC using 500kHz clock, the maximum conversion time is
  - (a) 2048 μS

(b) 2064 μS

(c) 2046 µS

- (d) 2084 μS
- 9. In Digital Filters, how many interpolated data points are inserted between samples when performing 4X over sampling?
  - (a) 2

(b) 3

(c) 4

- (d) 5
- 10. A PAM source generates four symbols 3 V, 1 V, -1 V and -3 V with probability of p(3) = 0.2, p(1) = 0.3, p(-1) = 0.3, p(-3) = 0.2 respectively. The variance for this source will be
  - (a) 4.2 V

(b) 3.2 V

(c) 3.6 V

(d) 4.6 V



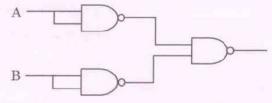
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11. The output equivalent circuit of following circuit is



(a) INVERTER

(b) AND

(c) OR

- (d) NOR
- 12. A binary source in which 0s occurs 3 times as often as 1s. Then its entropy in bits/symbol will be
  - (a) 0.75 bits/symbol

(b) 0.25 bits/symbol

(c) 0.81 bits/symbol

- (d) 0.85 bits/symbol
- 13. Maximum value of signal to noise ratio of an 8-bit ADC with an I/P range of 10 V will be
  - (a) 50 dB

(b) 43.8 dB

(c) 48.9 dB

- (d) 49.8 dB
- 14. The available power required at a receiving antenna is 10<sup>-6</sup> Watts. Transmitting and receiving antennas have gain of 40dB each. The carrier frequency is 4GHz and the distance between them is 30 miles. The required transmitter power is
  - (a) 0.64 W

(b) 0.74 W

(c) 0.78 W

- (d) 0.32 W
- 15. An FM signal at 10.7 MHz IF needs to be digitized for demodulation in a digital domain. If the bandwidth of this signal is 200 kHz, the maximum usable sampling frequency is
  - (a) 200 kHz

(b) 600 kHz

(c) 400 kHz

- (d) 800 kHz
- 16. A satellite system employs QPSK modulation with 40% excess bandwidth per carrier including guard band. The voice channels use 64 kbps PCM coding. The no. of channels supported by 36 MHz bandwidth of the transponder in bandwidth limited case will be
  - (a) 1000

(b) 800

(c) 900

(d) 600

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- 17. Hamming codes are used for
  - (a) Burst error correction
- (b) Signal error correction

(c) Both (a) and (b)

- (d) None of the above
- 18. Which statement is correct for Schottkey diode?
  - (a) Current Voltage characteristics is totally different than that of a p-n junction diode
  - (b) The current is controlled by the diffusion of minority carriers
  - (c) The current results from the flow of minority carriers
  - (d) The storage time to almost zero
- 19. Photodiodes operate at
  - (a) Forward bias

(b) Breakdown region

(c) Reverse bias

- (d) Saturation region
- 20. The dynamic resistance of diode varies as
  - (a)  $1/I^2$

(b) 1/I

(c) I

- (d) I2
- 21. In a p-n diode, with the increase reverse bias, the reverse current
  - (a) increases

(b) decreases

(c) remain constant

- (d) -uncertain
- 22. The Nyquist filter has impulse response given by

(a) 
$$h(t) = \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi t}{T}\right)}{\left(\frac{\pi t}{T}\right)}$$

(b) 
$$h(t) = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\sin(\pi t)}{(\pi t)} \right)$$

(c) 
$$h(t) = \frac{\sin(\pi t)}{\left(\frac{\pi t}{T}\right)}$$

(d) 
$$h(t) = \frac{\cos(\pi t)}{\left(\frac{\pi t}{T}\right)}$$

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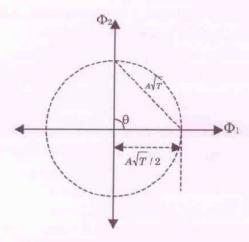


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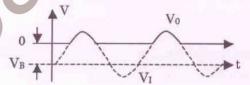


Shown signal space diagram is for

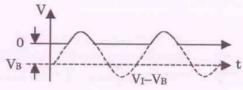
- (a) Quadrature QPSK
- (c) Bi-Phase PSK

- (b) Binary FSK
- (d) MSK
- 24. Negative feedback in amplifiers
  - (a) improves the signal to noise ratio at the I/P
  - (b) improves the signal to noise ratio at the O/P
  - (c) Doesn't affect the Signal to Noise ratio at the O/P
  - (d) All of these
- 25. Output response of a diode clipper circuit shown in figure will be





(b)



(c) Both (a) & (b)

(d) None of the above



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- 26. For an n-channel MOSFET, if condention parameter  $(k_n)$  is 0.249 mA/V², gate to source voltage  $V_{QS}$  is  $2V_{TN}$  where  $V_{TN} = 0.75$ V. The current will be
  - (a) 0.160 mA

(b) 0.150 mA

(c) 0.140 mA

- (d) 0.170 mA
- 27. If  $\alpha = 0.98$ ,  $I_{co} = 6 \mu A$ , &  $I_R = 100 \mu A$  for a transistor, then the value of  $I_C$  will be
  - (a) 2.3 mA

(b) 3.1 mA

(c) 4.6 mA

- (d) 5.2 mA
- 28. A unit step voltage  $2u(t-\theta)$  is applied in a series RC circuit with  $R=2\Omega$ , C=1F. Assuming zero initial conditions, find i(t)
  - (a)  $i(t) = u(t) e^{-0.5(t)} A$

- (b)  $i(t) = u(t-2\theta)e^{-0.5(t-2\theta)}A$
- (c)  $i(t) = u(t \theta) e^{-0.5(t \theta)} A$
- (d)  $i(t) = u(t-\theta)e^{-(t-\theta)}A$
- 29. The autocorrelation of a wide-sense stationary random process is given by  $e^{-2|r|}$ . The peak value of the spectral density is
  - (a) 2

(b)

(c)  $e^{-1/2}$ 

- (d) e
- 30. Which of the following gives piezo electric effect?
  - (a) μ metal

(b) PVDF

(c) Saphire

- (d) Ferrite
- 31. The mean free path for electron drift increases with
  - (a) Purity

(b) Strain Hardening

(c) Elastic modules

(d) None of the above

- 32. Pure Metals generally have
  - (a) High Conductivity & Low temperature coefficient
  - (b) High Conductivity & High temperature coefficient
  - (c) Low Conductivity & zero temperature coefficient
  - (d) Low Conductivity & High temperature coefficient



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- 33. A typical optical fiber has
  - (a) high refractive index core & low refractive index cladding
  - (b) Low refractive index core & high refractive index cladding
  - (c) Uniform refractive index core surrounded by variable refractive index cladding
  - (d) None of the above
- 34. The ceramic materials are
  - (a) Inorganic substances
- (b) Brittle
- (c) Good Thermal insulators
- (d) All of the above
- 35. The best definition of a superconductor is
  - (a) It is a material showing perfect conductivity and Meissner effect below a critical temperature
  - (b) It is conductor having zero resistance
  - (c) It is a perfect conductor with highest diamagnetic susceptibility
  - (d) It is a perfect conductor but becomes resistive when the current density through it exceeds a critical value
- 36. A periodic function of half wave symmetry is necessarily
  - (a) an even function

(b) an odd function

(c) neither odd nor even

- (d) both odd and even
- 37. The Fourier transform of a Gaussian time pulse is
  - (a) Uniform

(b) A pair of impulses

(c) Gaussian

- (d) Rayleigh
- 38. The covariance function  $C_x(\tau)$  of a stationary stochastic process x(t) is said to be positive definite. This means that
  - (a)  $C_x(\tau) \ge 0$  for all  $\tau$

- (b)  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} C_x(\tau) \, d\tau \ge 0$
- (c)  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} C_x(\tau) \exp(-j\omega\tau) d\tau \ge 0$
- (d)  $C_r(0) \ge 0$



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39. If a vertical dipole antenna is used in conjunction with a loop antenna for direction finding, the field pattern obtained will be

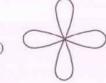




(b)







(d)



- 40. The coding system typically used in digital telemetry is
  - PPM (Pulse Position Modulation) (a)
- (b) PAM (Pulse Amplitude Modulation)
- PCM (Pulse Code Modulation) (c)
- PDM (Pulse Duration Modulation)
- 41. The temperature coefficient of resistance for a thermister is
  - (a) low and negative

low and positive

(c) high and negative

- high and positive (d)
- 42. Compared to field effect photo transistor, bipolar photo transistors are
  - more sensitive and faster (a)
- less sensitive and slower
- (c) more sensitive and slower
- (d) less sensitive and faster
- 43. A uniform plane wave in air impinge at 45° angle on a lossless dielectric material with dielectric constant a. The transmitted wave propagates in a 30° direction with respect to the normal. The value of  $\varepsilon$ , is
  - (a)

- (d)  $\sqrt{2}$
- If a donor type impurity is added to the semiconductor, then at a given temperature, the Fermi Level
  - Moves towards the center of the energy gap (a)
  - (b) Moves towards the valence band
  - (c) Moves towards the conduction band
  - Doesn't change (d)



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- 45. Which of the following statement is correct?
  - In semiconductors, electron and holes move in an electric field and in the same direction
  - (b) Electric field density is exactly equal to the sum of electric field intensity and polarization
  - Ampere's circuital law states that the line integral of  $\overline{H}$  about any closed path is (c) exactly equal to the direct current enclosed by that path
  - (d) None of the above
- Magnetic field intensity (H), within a magnetic material where 46. M = 150A/m $\mu = 1.5 \times 10^{-5} H/m$ ,  $\mu_r = 30$ ;
  - 14.921 A/m

14.138 A/m

(c) 1.82 A/m

- (d) 13.715 A/m
- A steel pipe is constructed of a material for which  $\mu_r = 200$  and  $\sigma = 5 \times 10^6$  mho/m. The outer 47. and inner radii are 8 and 6 mm respectively and the length is 80 m. If the total current carried by the pipe is  $2\cos 10^4 \pi t A$ , Then the skin depth will be
  - $0.225 \times 10^{-3}$  m (a)

(b)  $0.300 \times 10^{-3}$  m (d)  $0.125 \times 10^{-3}$  m

 $0.352 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$ (c)

- 48. A small amount of phosphorus is added to silicon so that there are 2.5×1017 conduction electrons per cubic meter and  $9.0 \times 10^{14}$  holes per cubic meter. Let  $\mu_e = 0.13 \ m^2/V.s$  and  $\mu_h = 0.05 \ m^2 / V.s$  . The resistivity in  $\Omega$  -m will be
  - (a) 5.2072

(b) 192.042

129.02 (c)

- (d) 0
- Silicon dioxide is used in ICs 49.
  - Because it facilitates the penetration of diffurants (a)
  - Because of its high heat conduction (b)
  - To control the location of diffusion and to protect and insulate the Si Surface (c)
  - To control the concentration of diffurants
- 50. Evaluate  $\int_{0}^{1} \int_{0}^{\sqrt{1+x^2}} \frac{dx \cdot dy}{(1+x^2+y^2)}$ 
  - $\frac{\pi}{2}[\log(1+\sqrt{2})]$

(b)  $\frac{\pi}{4} [\log(1+\sqrt{2})]$ 

 $\frac{\pi}{2}[\log(1-\sqrt{2})]$ 

(d)  $\frac{\pi}{4} [\log(1-\sqrt{2})]$ 

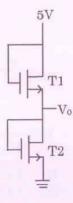


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51. Both transistor T1 and T2 in figure have a threshold voltage of 1V. The device parameters K1 and K2 of T1 and T2 are 36  $\mu$ A/V<sup>2</sup> and 9  $\mu$ A/V<sup>2</sup> respectively. The o/p voltage V<sub>0</sub> is



- (a) 1V
- (c) 3V

- (b) 2V
- (d) 4V
- 52. A ramp input applied to a unity feedback system results in 5% steady state error. The type number and zero frequency gain of the system are
  - (a) 1 and 20

(b) 0 and 20

(c) 0 and 1/20

- (d) 1 and 1/20
- 53. The magnitude of frequency response of an under-sampled second order system is 5 at 0 rad/sec and peaks to  $10/\sqrt{3}$  at  $5\sqrt{2}$  rad/sec. The transfer function of the system is
  - (a)  $\frac{500}{(s^2 + 10s + 100)}$

(b)  $\frac{375}{(s^2 + 5s + 75)}$ 

(c)  $\frac{720}{(s^2 + 12s + 144)}$ 

- (d)  $\frac{1125}{(s^2 + 25s + 225)}$
- 54. The system with the open loop transfer function  $G(s)H(s) = \frac{1}{s(s^2 + s + 1)}$  has a gain margin of
  - (a) -6dB

(b) zero

(c) 3.5 dB

- (d) 6 dB
- 55. Given  $f(t) = L^{-1} \left[ \frac{3s+1}{s^3 + 4s^2 + (k-3)} \right]$ , if  $\lim_{x \to \pi} f(t) = 1$ , then the value of k is
  - (a) 1

(b) 2

(e) 3

(d) 4



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- A person on a trip has a choice between private car and public transport. The probability of using a private car is 0.45. While using public transport, further choice available are bus and metro. Out of which the probability of commuting by a bus is 0.55. In such a situation, the probability (rounded upto two decimals) of using a car, bus and metro respectively would be
  - (a) 0.45, 0.30 and 0.25

(b) 0.45, 0.25 and 0.30

(c) 0.45, 0.55 and 0

- (d) 0.45, 0.35 and 0.20
- 57. A real root of equation  $x^3 5x 7 = 0$  by the method of false position correct to three decimal places is
  - (a) 2.7472

(b) 2.084

(c) 2.077

- (d) None of these
- 58. Find the z-transform of  $\cos h(n\theta)$ 
  - (a)  $\frac{z(z-\cos h\theta)}{(z^2-2z\cos h\theta+1)}$

(b)  $\frac{z(z-\cos h\theta)}{(z^2-2z\cos h\theta)}$ 

(c)  $\frac{(z-\cos h\theta)}{(z^2-2z\cos h\theta+1)}$ 

- (d)  $\frac{z(z-\cot h\theta)}{(z^2-2z\cot h\theta+1)}$
- 59. Newton-Raphton iteration formula for finding  $\sqrt[3]{C}$ , where C > 0 is
  - (a)  $x_{n+1} = \frac{2x_n^3 + \sqrt[3]{C}}{3x_n^2}$

(b)  $x_{n+1} = \frac{2x_n^3 - \sqrt[3]{C}}{3x_n^2}$ 

(c)  $\hat{x}_{n+1} = \frac{2x_n^2 + C}{3x_n^2}$ 

- (d)  $x_{n+1} = \frac{2x_n^2 C}{3x_n^2}$
- 60. The value of  $\lim_{x\to 8} \left( \frac{x^{1/3}-2}{x-8} \right)$  is
  - (a)  $\frac{1}{16}$

(b)  $\frac{1}{12}$ 

(c)  $\frac{1}{8}$ 

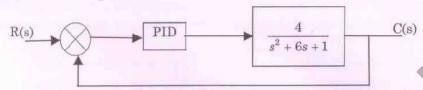
(d)  $\frac{1}{4}$ 



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61. Find the values of  $K_p$ ,  $K_I$  and  $K_D$  for PID controller whose characteristics equation has real roots at 10,  $\xi = 0.8$  and  $\omega_h = 2 \, \text{rad/s}$ 



- (a)  $K_D = 1.8$ ,  $K_P = 8$ ,  $K_I = 10$
- (b)  $K_D = 1.8$ ,  $K_P = 4$ ,  $K_I = 5$
- (c)  $K_p = 3.6$ ,  $K_p = 8$ ,  $K_1 = 20$
- (d)  $K_D = 1.8$ ,  $K_P = 8$ ,  $K_I = 20$
- 62. The transfer function  $\left(\frac{1+0.5s}{1+s}\right)$  represents a
  - (a) lag network

(b) lead network

(c) lag-lead network

- (d) proportional controller
- 63. The wavelength of emitted radiation by electron while transiting from one energy state of -15eV to other energy state of -5eV is
  - (a) 1000 Å

(b) 1240 Å

(c) 1280 Å

- (d) 1300 Å
- 64. According to maximum power transfer theorem, maximum power transfer occurs when
  - (a) Load R is equal to the half the R of network
  - (b) Load R is equal to twice the R of network
  - (c) Load R is equal to the R of network looking back at it from voltage terminal
  - (d) Load R is equal to the R of network looking back at it from load terminals with all sources being replaced by their respective internal resistance
- 65. How does the dynamic resistance of diode vary with temperature?
  - (a) Directly proportional
- (b) Inversely proportional

(c) Independent

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(d) Directly to the square of temperature

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66. The electric field component of a time harmonic plane EM wave traveling in a non-magnetic lossless dielectric medium has amplitude of 2V/m. If the relative permittivity of the medium is 4, the magnitude of the time-average power density vector (in  $W/m^2$ ) is

(a)  $\frac{1}{30\pi}$ 

(b)  $\frac{1}{120\pi}$ 

(c)  $\frac{1}{60\pi}$ 

(d)  $\frac{1}{240\pi}$ 

67. The force on a point charge +q kept at a distance d from the surface of an infinite grounded metal plate in a medium of premittivity  $\in$  is

(a) 0

- (b)  $\frac{q^2}{16\pi \in d^2}$  away from the plate
- (e)  $\frac{q^2}{16\pi \in d^2}$  towards the plate
- (d)  $q^2$  towards the plate

68. A material has conductivity of 10<sup>-2</sup> mho/m and a relative permittivity of 4. The frequency at which the conduction current in the medium is equal to the displacement current is

(a) 45 MHz

(b) 90 MHz

(c) 450 MHz

(d) 900 MHz

69. A system has fourteen poles and two zeros. Its high frequency asymptote in its magnitude plot having a slope of

(a) - 40 dB/decade

(b) - 240 dB/decade

(c) - 280 dB/decade

(d) - 320 dB/decade

70. A 1 mW video signal having a bandwidth of 100 MHz is transmitted to a receiver through a cable that has 40 dB loss. If the effective one-sided noise spectral density at the receiver is 10<sup>-20</sup> Watt/Hz, then the signal-to-noise ratio at the receiver is

(a) 50 dB

(b) 30 dB

(c) 40 dB

(d) 60 dB



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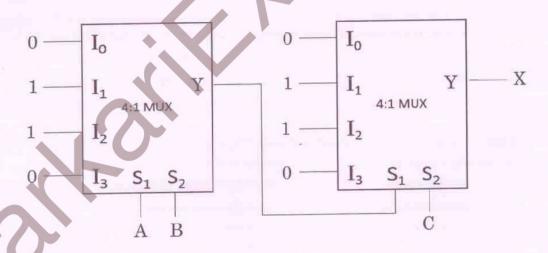
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- 71. When the 8051 is reset and the line is HIGH, the program counter points to the first program instruction in the
  - (a) internal code memory
- (b) external code memory
- (c) internal data memory
- (d) external data memory
- 72. How is the status of the carry, auxiliary carry and parity flag affected if write instruction?

MOV A,#9C

ADD A,#64H

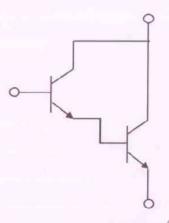
- (a) CY = 0, AC = 0, P = 0
- (b) CY = 1, AC = 1, P = 0
- (c) CY = 0, AC = 1, P = 0
- (d) CY = 1, AC = 1, P = 1
- 73. In given Combinational logic, X is given by



- (a)  $X = A\overline{B}\overline{C} + \overline{A}B\overline{C} + \overline{A}\overline{B}C + ABC$
- (b)  $X = \overline{A}BC + A\overline{B}C + AB\overline{C} + \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}$
- (c) X = AB + BC + AC
- (d)  $X = \overline{A} \overline{B} + \overline{B} \overline{C} + \overline{A} \overline{C}$

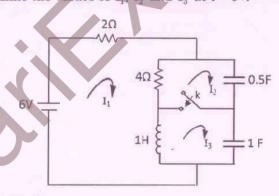


74. Each Transistor in Darlington pair (as shown in Fig.) has  $h_{fe}$ = 100. Overall  $h_{FE}$  of composite transistor neglecting leakage current is,



- (a) 10000
- (c) 10100

- (b) 10001
- (d) 10200
- 75. In a given network (shown in Figure), a steady state is reached with switch k open. At t = 0, which is closed. Determine the values of  $I_1$ ,  $I_2$  and  $I_3$  at t = 0+.



- (a) 1 A, 1/3 A, 0 A
- (c) 0 A, 0 A, 0 A

- (b) 1/3 A, 1/3 A, 1/3 A
- (d) 1 A, 1 A, 0 A
- 76. Simplify Boolean function represented in sum of product of min-terms,

$$F(x, y, z) = \sum (0, 2, 4, 5, 6)$$

(a) z' + xy'

(b) x'y'z' + xyz + xy'z'

(c) xyz + x' + y' + z'

(d) xy + yz + zx

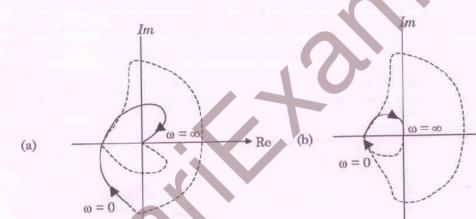


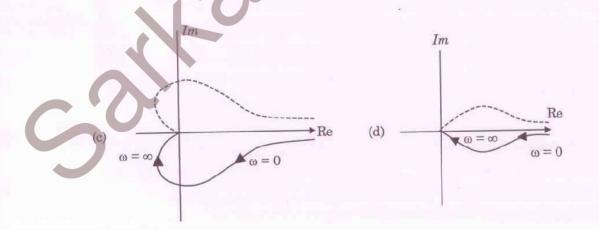
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- 77. A system described by the transfer function  $H(s) = \frac{1}{s^3 + \alpha s^2 + ks + 3}$  is stable. The constraints on  $\alpha$  and k are
  - (a)  $\alpha > 0$ ,  $\alpha k < 3$
  - (b)  $\alpha > 0$ ,  $\alpha k > 3$
  - (c)  $\alpha > 0$ ,  $\alpha k > 0$
  - (d)  $\alpha > 0$ ,  $\alpha k < 0$
- 78. Consider a unity feedback system whose open loop transfer function is  $G(s) = \frac{k}{s(s^2 + 2s + 2)}$ The Nyquist plot for this system is



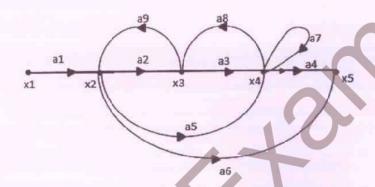




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- 79. Eye Diagram gives an idea of
  - (a) Modulation scheme
  - (b) Clock jitter
  - (c) SNR
  - (d) All of the above
- 80. The signal flow diagram for a certain feedback control system is shown in figure.



Now consider the following set of equations for the nodes

- 1. x2 = a1x1 + a9x3
- 2. x3 = a2x2 + a8x4
- 3. x4 = a3x3 + a5x2
- 4. x5 = a4x4 + a6x2

Which of the following are correct?

- (a) 1, 2 and 3
- (b) 1, 3 and 4
- (c) 2, 3 and 4
- (d) 1, 2 and 4



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