Karunya University

(Karunya Institute of Technology and Sciences)

(Declared as Deemed to be University under Sec.3 of the UGC Act, 1956)

End Semester Examination – November/December 2011

Subject Title: ELECTRONICS AND MICROPROCESSORS Time: 3 hours Subject Code: EC213 Maximum Marks: 100

Answer ALL questions PART – A (10 x 1 = 10 MARKS)

- 1. Why is the transistor called a current controlled device?
- 2. What is Oscillator circuit?
- 3. What is photodiode?
- 4. What are the demerits of potentiometer?
- 5. List the different number systems.
- 6. Define Flip-flop.
- 7. How many general purpose registers are available in 8085 microprocessor?
- 8. List the instructions that affect the carry flag.
- 9. How many channels are available in 8237 DMA controller?
- 10. What is EPROM?

$PART - B (5 \times 3 = 15 MARKS)$

- 11. What are the requirements for biasing circuits?
- 12. Write short notes on thermistor.
- 13. What is the operation of JK flip-flop?
- 14. Explain the functions of ALE and IO/M signals of the 8085 microprocessor.
- 15. How many address lines are necessary to address 1MB of memory?

$\underline{PART - C (5 \times 15 = 75 \text{ MARKS})}$

16. Explain the working of an Half wave Rectifier with a neat diagram. Derive the expression for the efficiency and ripple factor for a half wave rectifier.

(OR)

- 17. Explain class A power amplifier with circuit diagram and derive its efficiency.
- 18. Briefly explain the working of a CRO.

(OR)

- 19. Discuss the working principles of potentiometer and phototransistors.
- 20. Design and implement a Full adder circuit.

(OR)

- 21. a. Draw the logic diagram of RS flip flop and explain its operation through its characteristics table and equation. (8)
 - b. Design and implement a 8 to 3 encoder circuit.

(7)

22. Draw and discuss the internal block diagram of 8085 microprocessor.

(OR)

- 23. Explain the different addressing modes of 8085 with suitable example.
- 24. a. Differentiate between RAM and ROM.

(8) (7)

b. Write short notes on CRT terminal.

(OR)

25. How are the data transmitted using DMA? Describe it.