# **CHAPTER - 4**

## **Quadratic Equations**

### Level - 1 (01 Marks Question)

- Q.1 Check whether the following are quadralic equation or not
  - i) (x-3)(2x+1) = x(x+5)
  - ii)  $(x+2)^3 = 2x (x^2-1)$
- Q.2 Solve by factorisation method

$$x^2 - 7x + 12 = 0$$

Q.3 Find the discriminant

$$x^2-3x-10=0$$

Q.4 Find the nature of root

$$2x^2+3x-4=0$$

- Q.5 Find the value k so that quadratic equation  $3x^2 kx + 27 = 0$  has equal root
- Q.6 Determine whether given value of x is a solution or not

(1) 
$$x^2 - 3x - 1 = 0 : x = 1$$

#### Level 2 (02 Marks)

Example 1 Solve the quadratic equation  $9x^2 - 3x - 20 = 0$  by factorisation method and find the roots of quadratic equation.

Solution 
$$9x^2 - 3x - 20 = 0$$

$$9x^2 - 15x + 12x - 20 = 0$$

$$3x(3x-5) + 4(3x-5) = 0$$

$$(3x-5)(3x+4)=0$$

either

$$3x - 5 = 0$$

$$3x - 5 = 0$$
 or  $3x + 4 = 0$ 

$$3x = 5$$

$$3x = -4$$

$$x = \frac{5}{3}$$

$$x = \frac{-4}{3}$$

- Solve by quadratic equation  $16x^2 24x 1 = 0$  by using quadratic formula. Q.1
- Q.2 Determine the values of k for which the quadratic equation  $2x^2 + 3x + K = 0$ have both roots real.
- Find the roots of equation  $2x^2 + x 6 = 0$ Q.3
- Find the roots of equation  $x \frac{1}{x} = 3$   $x \neq 0$ Q.4

### Level 3 (03 Marks)

- Q.1 The sum of the squares of two consecutive positive integers is 265. Find the integers.
- Q.2 Divide 39 into two parts such that their product is 324.
- The sum of number and its reciprocal is  $\frac{17}{4}$ . Find the number. Q.3
- Q.4 The length of rectangle is 5cm more than its breadth if its area is 150 Sq cm. Find the length and breadth.
- Q.5 The altitude of a right triangle is 7cm less than its base. If the hypotnuse is 13 cm. Find the other two sides. 49