6847

Your Roll No

## M.Sc. – Ph.D. Biomedical Sc. / II Sem. J

## Paper— CHM-108

### ADVANCED ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - II

Time 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 75

(Wrue your Roll No on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper)

# Attempt any six questions All questions carry equal marks.

#### SECTION A

- 1. Attempt any three parts:
  - (a) Write the mechanism of a reaction catalysed by TPP.
  - (b) What are the three biologically active forms of tetrahydrofolate?
  - (c) Provide the mechanism of a reaction catalysed by alcohol dehydrogenase
  - (d) Differentiate between the terms general acid and general base catalysis.
- 2 Attempt any three parts
  - (a) Provide the structures of the following:

PT.O.

- (i) Biotin
- (ii) FMN
- (b) Why is vitamin B12 called cyanocobalamin?
- (c) Provide the mechanism of a reaction catalysed by biotin
- (d) What is the function of coenzyme lipoic acid?

## 3. Attempt any three parts:

- (a) Write a short note on conformational analysis of monosaccharides.
- (b) Write the mechanism of mutarotation and discuss the anomeric effect in aldoses.
- (c) Write the mechanism of ring contraction in aldohexoses
- (d) Establish the structure of sucrose.

## 4. Attempt any three questions

- (a) Write short note on crown ethers.
- (b) Show the product of the following reaction:

$$CH_{2}$$

$$\xrightarrow{LDA} ? \xrightarrow{C_{2}H_{5}I} ?$$

$$\xrightarrow{NaOH} ? \xrightarrow{C_{2}H_{5}I} ?$$

(c) Give scheme for the synthesis of following using ethyl acetoacetate (show mechanism):

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(d) Complete the following reaction and predict the stereochemistry of the product C-

$$C_6H_5CH_2Br+Ph_3P \longrightarrow A \xrightarrow{\text{strong}} B$$

$$B+C_6H_5CH_2CHO \longrightarrow C$$

- 5. Attempt any three parts:
  - (a) Define the term Umpolung. Explain using example of transketolase reaction
  - (b) Give examples of two reagents used as sulphur ylides. Comment upon their stability and reactivity.
  - (c) Give example of one PTC and explain mechanism of reaction catalyzed by them. How are these advantageous in carrying out organic synthesis?
  - (d) Complete the following reaction (show mechanism):

$$Ph_3P+CH_3Br \longrightarrow A \xrightarrow{PhL_1} B \xrightarrow{RCHO} C$$
P. T. O.

# 6. Attempt any three parts:

- (a) Explain the electrophilic substitution reaction in pyridine and quinoline.
- (b) Comment upon the chemical reactivity of indole and pyrrole.
- (c) Write the product of the following reaction with mechanism:

(d) Give examples (2 each) and write structures of natural products containing acridine and carbazole nucleus.

# 7. Attempt any three parts:

- (a) Explain the phosphotriester approach for oligonucleotide synthesis.
- (b) Write down steps involved in solid phase synthesis of oligonucleotides.
- (c) Give synthetic scheme for the synthesis of guanine and adenine.
- (d) Write the mechanism of peptide synthesis using protected amino acids.

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