SATHYABAMA UNIVERSITY

(Established under section 3 of UGC Act, 1956)

Course & Branch: B.E - EEE /ETCE	
Title of the paper: Measurements & Instrumentation	
Semester: IV	Max. Marks: 80
Sub.Code: 6C0096	Time: 3 Hours
Date: 28-04-2008	Session: FN

PART – A Answer All the Questions (10 x 2 = 20)

1. Define absolute error.

- 2. Define calibration and give the step for wattmeter calibration.
- 3. Give the advantages and disadvantages of Kelvin's double bridge method.
- 4. Define LVDT.
- 5. Define torque/weight ratio in measurements.
- 6. Give the advantages of moving coil meter.
- 7. Write the advantages of digital voltmeter over analog voltmeter.
- 8. Define storage oscilloscope.
- 9. Define harmonic distortion analyzer.
- 10. Define LED and LCD.

PART – B Answer All the Questions

$(5 \times 12 = 60)$

11. With neat sketch explain the construction and operation of AF signal generator.

(or)

- 12. (a) What are the various errors occurs in measurements and explain systematic error.(b) Explain the static and dynamic characteristics of instruments.
- 13. Explain the construction and operation of LVDT. Give its advantages and disadvantages.

(or)

- 14. Explain the Kelvin's double bridge method of resistance measurements and obtain the balance equation.
- 15. Explain the construction and operation of PMMC instruments. (or)
- 16. Define DC potentiometer. Explain Crompton's type potentiometer with sketch.
- 17. Explain the frequency and phase difference measurements using digital storage oscilloscope.

(or)

- 18. Explain the construction and operation of digital multimeter.
- 19. (a) Define spectrum analyzer.
 - (b) Explain the construction and operation of spectrum analyzer
 - (c) Give the application of spectrum analyzer

(or)

20. (a) Explain the operation of magnetic tape recorders(b) Explain dual trace oscilloscope.