

TEACHER ELIGIBILITY TEST

(Practice Paper-1)

1.	According to the cognitive developmental perspective of development, the child is and development is				
	(a)	Passive, continuous			
	(b)	Active, continuous			
	(c)	Passive, discontinuous			
	(d)	Active, discontinuous			
2.	Fifteen –year old Sanjay has taken to wearing the same style sweaters that his teacher				
		rs. This form of behaviour is known as:			
	(a)	Compensation			
	(b)	Transference			
	(c)	Identification			
	(d)	Regression			
3.	At least one third of the learning that will determine later levels of school achievement has already taken place by age six. This is a statement most closely associated with the				
		ings of:			
	(a)	Benjamin Bloom			
	(b)	Margaret Mead			
	(c)	Martin Mayer			
	(d)	Fritiz Redl			
4.	Vygotsky proposed that child development is				
	(a)	Due to genetic components of a culture.			
	(b)	A product of social interaction.			
	(c)	A product of formal education.			
	(d)	A product of assimilation and accommodation.			
5.	The students of first standard are making a noise. In order to calm them down, you will				
	(a)	Scold them			
	(b)	Tell them to go to the playground and play			
	(c)	Tell them a story			
	(d)	Do nothing			
6.	The reason to students not taking interest in studies is that				
	(a)	They do not visualize good future in studies			
	(b)	They lack good values			
	(c)	Their parents/ guardians are callouts towards their academic needs			



Child development and Pedagogy (MCQ)

- (d) The academic curriculum is not of right contents/quality
- 7. All but one of the following is a task of adulthood according to Erikson's theory.
 - (a) Initiative vs. Guilt
 - (b) Intimacy vs. Isolation
 - (c) Generativity vs. Stagnation
 - (d) Ego integrity vs. Despair
- 8. Of the following, the most unreliable predictor of educational achievement is:
 - (a) Inherited biological potential for learning
 - (b) Ethnic origin of parents
 - (c) Family background and training
 - (d) Classroom experiences
- 9. The goal of cross-cultural research is to determine
 - (a) How socioeconomic status affect child development
 - (b) The universal aspects of child development.
 - (c) How a culture changes across time.
 - (d) How human beings grow and develop.
- 10. All the following are acceptable goals for dealing with behaviour problems in the classroom, except:
 - (a) Helping the child to improve his/her self-control
 - (b) Being impersonal and objective
 - (c) Understanding the offense
 - (d) Utilizing appeals to children that have personal implications

ANSWERS

1.	(d)	6.	(a)
2.	(c)	7.	(a)
3.	(a)	8.	(b)
4.	(b)	9.	(b)
5.	(c)	10.	(d)

Subscribe our FREE News-letter for Latest updates in your E-mail-Box

http://onlineteachers.co.in/newsletter/index.html

(copy this link to your web-browser and press enter)