ENGLISH

(302)

Day and date of Examination.	
	1

General Instructions:

- 1. Candidate must write his/her Roll Number on the first page of the question paper.
- 2. Please check the question paper to verify that the total pages and total number of questions contained in the booklet are the same as those printed on the top of the first page. Also check to see that the questions are in sequential order.
- 3. Making any identification mark in the Answer-book or writing Roll Number any where other than the specified places will lead to disqualification of the candidate.
- 4. write your Question Booklet Code No. XXXII/OSS/A/1[A] on the Answer-book.

ENGLISH

(302)

Time: 3 Hours] [Maximum Marks: 100

Note: (i) This Question Paper consists of two Sections, viz., 'A' and 'B'.

- (ii) All question from Section 'A' are to be attempted.
- (iii) Section questions from one option. Candidates are required to attempt questions from one option.

 Candidates are required to attempt questions from one option only.

SECTION-A

1.	Rea	the following extracts carefully. Choose one	e extract and answer the que	stions that follow:
(b) 2.	(c) (d) (e)	laving made the excuse of a headache to the and sobbed. In his situation far from home, atural. But now, for the first time in a foreign is mother, form the arms of his father, and from the did Madan sit in his small room, head why did Madan sit in his small room, head why did Madan feel that he was in a 'foreign why did Madan feel that he was pulled 'from which words in the passage mean similar to the passage mean sim	his display of intimacy town place, he felt as though so from the protection of his sisted between his knees? but natural? 'place? the lap of his mother, arms	eards Jagdish Babu had been perfectly been perfectl
3.	Car	or safe custody		
		OR		
(b)	The	end of the short-lived age of fuels like oil an	d coal is already in sight; so	oon-on one or two centuries at
the	mos	we will have wasted all the world's resource	es of oil and coal. This no lo	nger means disaster, for atomic energy
car	ı tak	their place to save our civilization form dyi	ng through lack of power. V	Ve are thus moving into a brighter and
cle	aner	ge, as the smoke of millions of fires and fur	rnaces and automobiles ceas	ses to darken the sky. But for that very
rea	son,	may also be a colder age.		
(i)	Wha	is the fear about the stock of oil and coal in	near future?	1
(ii)	Wh	does the author feel it will not be disastrous	?	1
	(Why does the author feel that we are m	noving int a brighter and clea	aner age?
	() How will the weather be affected in the	e changed position of fuels?	1
	(i) Which will the passage mean similar to	the following?	1
1.	Sup	ly of raw material		
2.	A g	eat damage		
	2.	nswer the following question in about 60-65	words :	5

What efforts were made by Ved Mehta's mother to counter the tragedy of Ved Mehta's blindness? What do all these efforts show about her nature and belief?

(My Son will not a Beggar be)

OR

Why did the Intruder want to assume the identity of Gerrad? What had he done to get success?

(If I were you)

3. Answer any three of the following question in about 20-25 words each:

2*3=6

- (a) Unlike any other wild animal the tiger in the story, tiger in the Tunnel came straight at Baldeo. Why did it do so?
- (b) What suggestion has been given by Nehru to resolve the conflict and confusion that India is facing due to the rapid changes on account of growth of nuclear science and atomic energy?

(India, Her Past and Future)

- (c) Aradhana in the story, I Must Know the Truth appeared at the stage rather late. Why did she delay her appearance?
- (d) Why did Dr. Benson force Evans out of the car though he had given lift to him on his way to the Sorley farm?

(A Case of Suspicion)

4. Answer the following questions in about 20-25 words each:	2*2=4
(a) How did the villagers react when a scorpion stung the poet's through that reaction?	s mother? What does the poet want to convey
	(Night of the Scorpion)
(b) Which road did the poet take? Why did he do so? What does it s	show about the poet's attitude towards life?
	(The Road not Taken)
5. (a) Use the correct form of the verbs given in brackets:	5
Rabindranath Tagore (i) (Rank) with Gandhiji. He (ii)	(be) a poet of World-wide stature. He (iii)
(plant) Thoughts in the minds of people of India against colonialis	m. People all over the world (iv) (Praise)
him for this reason. He (v) (devote) his own funds to the establishment	blishments of the Shantiniketan school for peace
at Bolpur.	
(b)Combine the following sets of sentence into single sentences, usi	ing the words given in brackets: 5
(i) Tagore has influenced many people by his creative ideas and Prize.	revolutionary spirit. He was awarded the Nobel
	(Who)
(ii)My sister has bought a new sofa set for her house. It has been co	nstructed recently.
	(Which)
(iii)Drive at low speed. You will meet with an accident.	
	(Otherwise)
(iv)He rang up to me. I had asked him to do so.	
	(Because)
(v)He is a great artist. Everyone knows it.	
	(That)

- 6. Do as directed:
 - (i) I must assess all these scripts before next Sunday.

(Change into passive voice)

(ii) No candidate was selected for appointment by the selection committee.

(Change into active voice)

(iii) Jatin is too tired to travel.

(Change in to indirect speech

- (iv) Write a paragraph of about 100 words on any one of the following:
 - i. My elder brother/sister-why I love him/her
 - ii. India of my dream
 - iii. What the youth can do for an awakened country
- 8. Write a letter of complaint to Usha Garments, Krisna Puri, Delhi about the defective piece of jeans you had bought last week. Ask for replacement, stating the defect. You are sunder/ Somnath of 27, I.P. Extn., Delhi.

8

OR

Write a letter to one of your friends, Aarti / Amar living at 17B, Inderlok, Delhi giving description of your new house hired by you last week only. You are Sugandhi / Somnath living at H-173, Vandana Apartments, Sector 9, Rohni.

9. Read the passage given below and do the activities that follow:

one of things all boys and girls are going to learn before very long is that they are fragile little things in a dangerous world. Your parents and your teachers and all older people have had severe sere blows already. They get more sere and blows every year. Most of them would give all the money they have to get your health and strength, your good teeth and nice hair. You have no idea how tired they are at times, but because they don't complain you think everything is all right. Well, try to make life easy for them as far as you can and when it is your turn to suffer you feel happier for having helped when you could.

Good manners are also important when you are with your own friends. When you speak to anyone, speak clearly and sufficiently loudly for the person to here. It is an insult to a person to ask his attention and then speak so that he does not understand you. And remember it is your responsibility to make yourself understood.

It is not always easy in company to speak frankly, if you don't want to be considered a bad mannered person. It is not easy to listen for long to any one person. Try in company to take only a fair share of the conversation. If there are two of you, take half of it. When you have said a little, keep quiet, and give your friend a chance to say something. If he doesn't talk, he probably doesn't want you to talk either. Many a young man and woman talks away, thinking the company is delighted to here him or her, and everyone is really exhausted and angry.

- (a) Make notes on the above passage using headings and subheadings.
- (b) Use recognizable abbreviations wherever necessary.

10. The following passage has 6 mistakes, the misatakes are of spelling, punctuation, wrong use of words and incorrect grammer. Spot the errors and write the correct forms. One has been done for you:

6

it has came to the notise of the management that Mr. Vinod have been indulging into the following activities such as passing secret informations pertaining to the manufacture of the companys products to competitors.

	ERROR	CORRECT FORM
Example:	Came	Come

11. Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow:

Phatik Chakroborty was a ringleader among the boys of the village. A new mischief got into his head. There was a heavy log lying on the mud-fat of the river waiting to be shaped into a mast for a board. He decided that they all should work together to shift the log by force from its place and roll it away. The owner of the log would be angry and surprised, and they would all enjoy the fun. Everyone seconded the proposal, and it was carried unanimously.

But just as the fun was about to begin, Makhan, phatik's younger brother, sauntered up and sat down on the log in front of them all without a word. The boys were puzzled for moment. He was pushed, rather timidly, by one of the boys and

told to get up, but he remained quite unconcerned. He appeared like a young philosopher meditating on the futility of games. Phatik was furious. "Makhan" he cried, "if you don't get down this minute, I'II thrash you."

Makhan only moved to a more comfortable position. To keep his dignity before the public, phatid's fertile brain rapidly seized upon a new plan to annoy his brother and give his followers an added amusement. He gave the word of command to roll the log and Markham over together.

(a) why did phatik Chakroborty want to shift the heavy log from its place? Give two reasons.

2

(b) What proves that Phatik was a ringleader among the boys of the village?	1
© What did Makhan do to spoil the plan of Phatik?	1
(d) Why were the boys of the village puzzled at Makhan's behaviour?	1
(e) What challenge did Phatik face in the behaviour of Makhan	2
(f) How did Phatik face the challenge?	2
(g) What risk was involve in carrying out Phatik's command?`	1

12. Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow:

in this world of human affairs there is no worse nuisance than a boy at the age of fourteen. He is neither oranamental nor useful. It is impossible to give affection to him as to a little boy; and he is always getting in the way. If he talks in a childish way he is called a baby, and if he answers a grow-up way he is called impertinent. In fact, any talk at all from him is resented. Then he is at grows hoarse and breaks; his face grows suddenly angular and unsightly. It is easy to excuse the mischief of fourteen the lad himself becomes painfully self-conscious. When he talks with elderly people he is either unduly adult or else so unduly shy that he appears ashamed of his very existence.

Yet it is at this very age when a young lad most desires recognition and love; and he becomes the slave of anyone who shows him consideration. But none dare openly love him, for that would be regarded as bad for the boy. So, what with scolding and beating, he becomes very much like a stray dog that has lost its master.

For a boy of fourteen his own home is the only paradise. To live in a strange house with strange people is little short of torture; while the height of pleasure is to receive the kind looks of women and never to be scolded by them.

- (a) Why does the author say, "in this world of human affairs there is no worse nuisance than a boy at he age of fourteen?" Give two reasons.
- (b) why does the author say that a boy of fourteen is "at the unattractive growing age:"? Give two reason.
- © what are two emotional needs of a boy of fourteen?
- (d) How does a boy of fourteen react to people who their concerned and consideration towards him?

2

(e) What does the boy of fourteen look for in the behaviour of strangers in strangers' house?

2

SECTION-B

Note: (i) Attempt any one option.

(ii) All the questions should be attempted from the same option.

OPTION-I

(E.S.P. SCIENCE)

13. Read the passage given below and do the activity that follow:

India harbours vast diversity of plants and animals and an impressive variety of habitats and ecosystems. This biological diversity offers the means for meeting the basic requirements of most of India's population. It is the treasure house form which future needs will be met and where elements will be found that will form the basis of new knowledge and technology. But environmental problems such as climate change, depleted resources and a greatly altered and polluted environment that are assuming alarming proportions are seriously threatening the biodiversity. People have realized that the environmental resources they currently utilize need to be used without unnecessary degradation or threat to the critical habitats, species and the environment . the global community has agreed to the noble aim of sustainable development and management models that work. Upon analysis, it is at the local level that both the wealth of diversity and threats to it are most tangible. Against the backdrop, indigenous knowledge is becoming topic of interest for more and more and more social and natural scientists.

Indigenous knowledge (IK) refers to the unique, traditional, local knowledge existing within and developed around the specific conditions of women and men indigenous to a particular geographic area. The development of IK systems, covering all aspects of life, including management of natural resources has been a matter of survival to the people who generated these systems.

IK is a valuable resources for development. Under certain circumstances, it can be equal to or even superior to the know –how introduced by modern research. Although more and more development professionals have come to realize the potential of IK, it remains a neglected field. A key reason for this is the lack f guidelines for recording and applying IK.

Complete the following statements with the help of information contained in the passage:

(a) India has sufficient and diverse variety of	2
(b) The treasure of biological diversity promises for the fut	ure. 2
(c) Two threats to biodiversity are (i) and (ii)	2

- (e) Utilization of environmental resources can counter the danger of (i) ..to 2

14. Read the passage given below and do the activity that follows:

Research on solar energy is as sophisticated and intensive in India as anywhere else in the world. For ten months of the year, six to eight hours a day, much of India receives high intensity, fairly uniform sunshine. The Indian Government has therefore given priority to six projects in the development of solar energy. The most important of these is the solaren3rgised water pump. The other five are solar power stations, solar distillation and desalination plants, solar air-conditioning units, solar water heaters, solar agricultural dryers

The solar water pump, which will have a capacity of between two and five horsepower, is being developed principally for use in rural areas. Prototypes of such a pump are now being tested. One French-designed model is capable of pumping 200 gallons of water per hour form a depth of 30 metes. A solar energised pump would have no recurring power expenses, and should last more and its transmission to remote villages, a water pump may become economically feasible for many parts of the country.

Say whether the following statements are True or False: 1*6

- (a) Much of India gets fairly uniform sunshine for the whole year.
- (b) The Indian Government has given priority to six projects in the development of solar-energised water pumps.
- (c) The solar water pump is being developed for use in rural areas.
- (d) A solar-energised pump would not have any recurring expenses.
- (e) A solar-energised pump will last for centuries.
- (f) Conventional generation of electricity is cheaper to a solar-energised pump.
- 15. Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow.

Atoms are of different sizes, But all of them are very small---much too small to be seen. Indeed, they are so small that we cannot compare them with anything that familiar t us. A million atoms would fit into the full stop at the lend of a sentence. There are 250 million atoms in a steel pin one inch long.

Most of the atoms stay as they are all the time. A few kinds of atom, however, are always changing. Quite suddenly, one of these atoms will throw out a small piece, or particle, form its center, or nucleus. As a result, it becomes a different kind of atom, a little smaller than before. Atoms which naturally behave in this way are called radioactive, and their change into smaller atoms is called decay.

One type of naturally radioactive atom is the atom of metal called uranium, Uranium atoms usually change by throwing out pa5rticles from the nucleus of the atom. One of those uranium atoms can easily be made to split into two atoms of about the same size. This splitting gives a lot of energy.

- (a) Mention two qualities of an atom.
- (b) What example given in the passage shows the minute size of an atom.
- (c) How will you define a radioactive atom.
- (d) How does 'fission' take place

OPTION-II

(E.S.P. RECEPTIONIST)

- 13. Complete the following dialogues between a customer $\mathbb O$ and the receptionist (R):
- (C) Is it 29537183?
- (D) (a).....
 - (e) Could you connect me to Mr. Rahul?
 - (f) Excuse me, there are two Rahuls. Who do you want to talk?

(g) (b)	
(R) Let me check . (c)	
(C) No problem.	
(R) Sorry, Mr. Rahul Banerjee is busy in a meeting (d)?	
(C) Just tell him that jack Worthing from Pune is here. I would like to talk to him. I can wait. (E)	
(R)(f).	
© : thank you	
(R) Mr. Banerjee will be here in a shortwhile $.(g)///?$	
(R) (i)	
(C) You needn't worry. Thank you for all this.	
(R):(f)	
14. Read the following message noted by Aastha Saxena, the receptionist in Sugandhi Perfumes. Now write the conversation which had taken place between her (Aastha) and Mr. Bacchan, M.D., Khushboo Perfumes:	Э

TELEPHONE MEMO

To Time: 11.00 a.m.

16.3.2006

Ms. Simran, , Manager (Sales)

From: Mr. Bacchan

M.D. Khushboo Perfume

Phone: 01123950037

Payment outstanding since Dec. 04

Expedit within two weeks

10% interest if not paid

Taken by Aastha

15. Rewirte the following as request:

- (a) Get the water supply restored in my bathroom.
- (b) Get my airconditioner checked now only, it is not cooling
- (c) Ask the housekeeping staff to replace towels in the bathroom.
- (d) Arrange a taxi for the whole day.

$\mathbf{OPTION} - \mathbf{III}$

(E.S.P.OFFICE USE)

					_	Admn) o		Electron	ics, Mad	huban w	as instru	ucted by the Chairman	n of
		_	scribed u		during th	ne compa	any's wo	rking ho	urs and o	display t	he identi	ity card to ensure entry	y of
Writ	te that r	nemorai	ndum us	ing the a	ppropria	te forma	ıt.						
			_) Hotal <i>A</i> Jdaipur <i>A</i>		Udaipur	to book	a room 1	or your	grand pa	arents oi	n the ground floor wi	th a
15. C	Comple	ete the d	ialogue g	given bel	ow:								
Chitı	ra : this	s is CPJ	Institute	of Mana	agement.	. Can I h	elp you?						
((a) Van	ıdana	•••••										
C	Chitra	: the adr	nission f	orms wi	ll be solo	d w.e.f. J	an. 16						
V	Vandan	a											
C	Chitra	: Yes, th	is is reco	ognized :	and affil	iated to	IGNOU,	New De	lhi.				
V	Vandan	a :											
C	Chitra	: Sorry,	we havn	't started	l placem	ent cell	yet.						
Т	Гhis qu	estion p	aper con	sists of 2	21 questi	ons (Sec	etion-A(1	2)) +Sec	etion-B(3	3+3+3)] :	and 13 p	orinted pages.	
F	Roll No).											

(ii)	ENGLISH
(11)	

(302)

Day and Date of Examination						
Signature of Invigilators	1					
	2					

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- 4. Write your question Booklet Code No. XXXII/SS/A/Suppl. On the Answer-Book.

ENGLISH

(302)

Time: 3 Hours [Maximum Marks: 100

Note: (i) This Question paper consists of two Sections, viz,. 'A' and 'B'

(ii) All questions from Section 'A' are to be attempted.

(iii) Section 'B' has got more than one option. Candidates are required to attempt questions from one option only.

SECTION-A

- 1. Read the following extracts carefully. Choose any one extract and answer the questions that follow.:
 - (a) Jagdish Babu saw him of the first time, at the small age with the large signboard, in the marketplace. He had a fair complexion, sparkling eyes, golen-brown hair, and an unusual smooth liveliness in his movements. Like a drop of water sliding along the leaf of a lotus. from the alertness in his eyes, one would guess his age at only nine or ten, land that's what it was.
 - (i) who does the word 'him' refer to ??
 - (j) Pick out the expressions which suggest that the person referred in that above passage was good looking.
 - (k) Jagdish Babu noticed something unusual about this person. what was it?
 - (l) Jagdish Babu noticed
 - (iv) write a sentence about the place where Jagdish Babu saw this person for the first time.

which word in the passage mea the same as 'shining brightly' and watchfulness'?

- (b) "Move back" protected Grandma "I haven't even had time to look at Aradhana property. I haven't exchanged a a single word with her . let me look at you child" . she regarded my sister tenderly, "you look wonderful.
- (c) And what a good figure you are . Soon we'll have to start looking for a suitable match for you."
- (d) "Dadima please", Aradhana threw an embarrassed glance around her.
 - (I) why did grandma ask everyone to move back?
 - (II) Pick out the expressions which express grandma's affection and admiration for aradhana
 - (III) What did grandma want to suggest to Aradhana when she said, "Don't neglect it dear like I did"?

- (IV) What was the cause of Aradhana's embarrassment?
- (V) Which words in the passage mean the same as 'disapproved' and 'feeling awkward and self conscious'?

2. Answer the following in about 60-65 words. :

Was Dr. Benson right in turning Evans out in the cold? Was his suspicion justified? Support your answer with relevant details from the text.

(a case of suspicion)

How cant the polar ice be melted? What would we gain if we were to do so? Would it be worth it be worth the effort?