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# CBSE 12th Physics 2014 Unsolved Paper Delhi Board

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# CBSE 12th Physics 2014 Unsolved Paper Delhi Board

TIME - 3HR. | QUESTIONS - 30

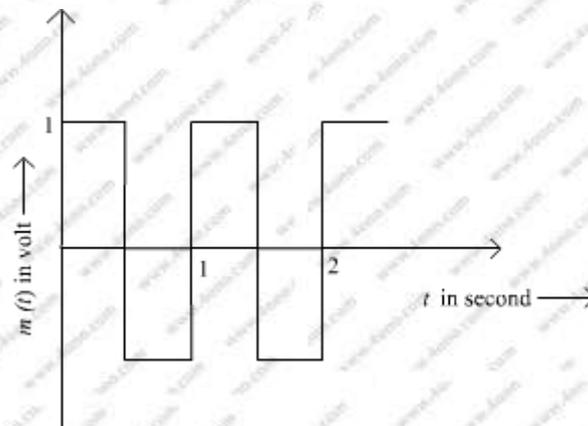
THE MARKS ARE MENTIONED ON EACH QUESTION

## SECTION-A

**Q. 1. Define the term 'Mobility' of charge carriers in a conductor. Write its S.I. unit. 1 mark**

**Q. 2. The carrier wave is given by**

$$C(t) = 2\sin(8\pi t) \text{ volt.}$$



**The modulating signal is a square wave as shown. Find modulation index. 1 mark**

- Q. 3. For any charge configuration, equipotential surface through a point is normal to the electric field. Justify. 1 mark**
- Q. 4. Two spherical bobs, one metallic and the other of glass, of the same size are allowed to fall freely from the same height above the ground. Which of the two would reach earlier and why? 1 mark**
- Q. 5. Show variation of resistivity of copper as a function of temperature in a graph. 1 mark**
- Q. 6. A convex lens is placed in contact with a plane mirror. A point object at a distance of 20 cm on the axis of this combination has its image coinciding with itself. What is the focal length of the lens? 1 mark**
- Q. 7. Write the expression, in a vector form, for the magnetic Lorentz force  $\vec{F}$  experienced by a Charge  $q$  moving with velocity  $\vec{V}$  in a magnetic field  $\vec{B}$ . What is the direction of the magnetic force? 1 mark**
- Q. 8. The figure given below shows the block diagram of a generalized communication system. Identify the element labelled 'X' and write its function. 1 mark**

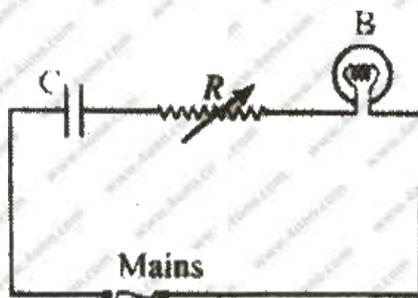
## SECTION-B

- Q. 9. Out of the *two* magnetic materials, 'A' has relative permeability slightly greater than unity while 'B' has less than unity. Identify the nature of the materials 'A' and 'B'. Will their susceptibilities be positive or negative? *2 marks*
- Q. 10. Given a uniform electric field  $\vec{E} = 5 \times 10^3 \hat{i}$  N/C, find the flux of this field through a square of 10 cm on a side whose plane is parallel to the *y* - *z* plane. What would be the flux through the same square if the plane makes a  $30^\circ$  angle with the *x*-axis? *2 marks*
- Q. 11. For a single slit of width "*a*", the first minimum of the interference pattern of a monochromatic light of wavelength  $\lambda$  occurs at an angle of  $\frac{\lambda}{a}$ . At the same angle of  $\frac{\lambda}{a}$ , we get a maximum for two narrow slits separated by a distance "*a*". Explain. *2 marks*
- Q. 12. Write the truth table for the combination of the gates shown. Name the gates used. *2 marks*

OR

Identify the logic gates marked 'P' and 'Q' in the given circuit. Write the truth table for the combination.

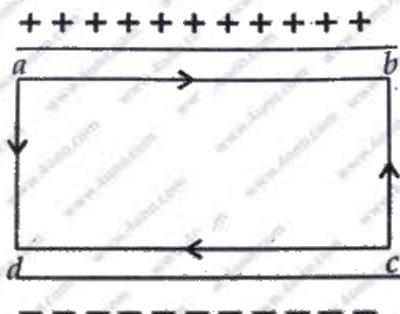
- Q. 13. State Kirchhoff's rules. Explain briefly how these rules are justified. *2 marks*
- Q. 14. A capacitor 'C', a variable resistor 'R' and a bulb 'B' are connected in series to the ac mains in circuit as shown. The bulb glows with some brightness. How will the glow of the bulb change if:
- A dielectric slab is introduced between the plates of the capacitor, keeping resistance R to be the same:
  - The resistance R is increased keeping the same capacitance? *2 marks*



- Q. 15. State the underlying principle of a cyclotron. Write briefly how this machine is used to accelerate charged particles to high energies. *2 marks*
- Q. 16. An electric dipole of length 4cm, when placed with its axis making an angle of  $60^\circ$  with a uniform electric field, experiences a torque of  $4\sqrt{3}$  Nm. Calculate the potential energy of the dipole, if it has charge  $\pm 8$ nC. *2 marks*
- Q. 17. A proton and a deuteron are accelerated through the same accelerating potential. Which one of the two has. *2 mark*
- Greater value of de-Broglie wavelength associated with it, and
  - Less momentum?
- Give reasons to justify your answer.



- Q.23. (a)** A mobile phone lies along the principal axis of a concave mirror. Show, with the help of a suitable diagram, the formation of its image.
- (b)** Suppose the lower half of the concave mirror's reflecting surface is covered with an opaque material. What effect this will have on the image of the object? Explain. *3 marks*
- Q.24 (a)** Obtain the expression for the energy stored per unit volume in a charged parallel plate capacitor.
- (b)** The electric field inside a parallel plate capacitor is  $E$ . Find the amount of work done in moving a charge  $q$  over a closed rectangular loop  $a b c d a$ . *3 marks*



OR

- (a)** Derive the expression for the capacitance of parallel plate capacitor having plate area  $A$  and plate separation  $d$ .
- (b)** two charged spherical conductors of radii  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  when connected by a conducting wire acquire charges  $q_1$  and  $q_2$  respectively. Find the ratio of their surface charge densities in terms of their radii.
- Q. 25 (a)** State Ampere's circuital law, expressing it in the integral form. *3 marks*
- (b)** Two long coaxial insulated solenoids,  $S_1$  and  $S_2$  of equal lengths are wound one over the other as shown in the figure. A steady current " $I$ " flow through the inner solenoid  $S_1$  to the other end B, which is connected to the outer solenoid  $S_2$  through which the same current " $I$ " flows in the opposite direction so as to come out at end A. If  $n_1$  and  $n_2$  are the number of turns per unit length, find the magnitude and direction of the net magnetic field at a point
- (i)** inside on the axis and
- (ii)** outside the combined system.
- Q. 26. Answer the following:**
- (a)** Name the em waves which are suitable for radar systems used in aircraft navigation. Write the range of frequency of these waves.
- (b)** If the earth did not have atmosphere, would its average surface temperature be higher or lower than what it is now? Explain.
- (c)** An em wave exerts pressure on the surface on which it is incident. Justify. *3 marks*
- Q. 27. Answer the following:**
- (a)** Name the em waves which are used for the treatment of certain forms of cancer. Write their frequency range.
- (b)** Thin ozone layer on top of stratosphere is crucial for human survival. Why?
- (c)** Why is the amount of the momentum transferred by the em waves incident on the surface so small? *3 marks*

## SECTION-D

**Q. 28. (a) 'Two independent monochromatic sources of light cannot produce a sustained interference pattern'. Give reason. 5 marks**

**(ii) Light waves each of amplitude "a" and frequency "w", emitting from two coherent light sources superimpose at a point. If the displacements due to these waves is given by  $y_1 = a \cos \omega t$  and  $y_2 = a \cos(\omega t + \phi)$  where  $\phi$  is the phase difference between the two, obtain the expression for the resultant intensity at the point.**

**(b) In Young's double slit experiment, using monochromatic light of wavelength  $\lambda$ , the intensity of light at a point on the screen where path difference is  $\lambda$ , is K units. Find out the intensity of light at a point where path difference is  $\lambda/3$**

**OR**

**(a) How does one demonstrate, using a suitable diagram, that unpolarized light when passed through a Polaroid gets polarized?**

**(b) A beam of unpolarized light is incident on a glass-air interface. Show, using a suitable ray diagram, that light reflected from the interface is totally polarized, when  $\mu = \tan i_B$ , where  $\mu$  is the refractive index of glass with respect to air and  $i_B$ , is the Brewster's angle.**

**Q.29. (a) Describe a simple experiment (or activity) to show that the polarity of emf induced in a coil is always such that it tends to produce a current which opposes the change of magnetic flux that produces it. 5 marks**

**(b) The current flowing through an inductor of self inductance L is continuously increasing. Plot a graph showing the variation of**

**(i) Magnetic flux versus the current**

**(ii) Induced emf versus  $dl/dt$**

**(iii) Magnetic potential energy stored versus the current.**

**OR**

**(a) Draw a schematic sketch of an ac generator describing its basic elements. State briefly its working principle. Show a plot of variation**

**(i) Magnetic flux and (ii) Alternating emf versus time generated by a loop of wire rotating in a magnetic field.**

**(b) Why is choke coil needed in the use of fluorescent tubes with ac mains?**

**Q.30. (a) Explain with the help of a diagram the formation of depletion region and barrier potential pn junction.**

**(b) Using the necessary circuit diagrams, show how the V-I characteristics of a p-n junction are obtained in**

**(i) Forward biasing**

**(ii) Reverse biasing How are these characteristics made use of in rectification? 5 marks**

