Persistent Technical Paper 4

1. To find complexity of Linked list .Singly circular ordered list is there if m elements are to be inserted what will be the complexity of time.

```
i. O(m*n).ii. O(m*(m+n)).iii. O((m+n)*log(m+n)).
```

2. Adjacency matrix question to find shortest path Ans=7.

ABCDE A0m Bm022m C05 D06

E 0

Where m=infinity, Find shortest path from B to E.

3. Forest & Tree question to find total no of nodes

1 n-(p+2) ANS

2. n-p+2.

3. n-p. etc

same question is in Sahni I think go thru it.

4. Infix to Postfix expression Of A+B*(C+D)/E+F {ANS=ABCD+*E/+F+} question is not confirm but pattern is of same type

DBMS

- 1. Query from Navathe Select fname, lname from employee where eno in (select eno from works-on where pno=(select * from project)); what is the output.
- 2. A query is given eg. Select name from employee where salary=salary. They ask whether query runs or not so just check it. Ans=Query Invalid
- 3. What is the main use of B & B+ trees in database Ans= For queries
- 4. question on Left outer Join & Full outer Join. For both Variables are given & in options relationship is given to find whichever have greater tuples.
- 5. To save space which option is better. Options are
 - i. Write all join operation than select than project.
 - ii. Write all join operation than project than select.
 - iii. Write all join operation in between select & project.

OS

- 1. Using LRU how many page faults are generated. 20 pages are there Ans=6 page fault
- 2. match the column

Options

- i. semaphore i
- ii. Monitor ii

- iii. Deadlock iii
- iv. Mutual Exclusion iv. Iv
- 3. One question on file locking. Scenario is given Ans 1. Provide indefinite locking
- 4. Prevent intermediate file Access. (Both 1 & 2)
- 5. If there are n processes & each process waits p time in waiting state then CPU utilization is (options are)
 - 1. n(1-p)
 - 2. (1-p to the power n) ANS (not sure)
 - 3. 1-np.
 - 4. n*p
 - 5. A critical section is Ans = a set of instruction which is shared by many process.

General

- 1. Probability to find digits which not contain 7 between 100 to 999 Ans=18/25
- 2. Packet switching & Circuit Switching some diff are there Ans= CS take more time to established circuit.
- 3. A file have 3 bits for char such type of question Ans= 27000 or 24000(Confused)
- 4. Hash table question Ans=2.

A hash table has size of 11 & data filled in its positions like {3,5,7,9,6} how many comparison s have made if data is not found in the list in worst case?

```
Options= i. 2 ii. 6 iii. 11 iv. 1
```

5. From the set {a,b,c,d,e,f} find no. of arrangements for 3 alphabets with no data repeated. ANS=360. OR for 4 alpha ANS=720.

C Programming

- 1. Array pointer is pass
- 2. String Buffer Question

```
3. String Concatenate(Char *s1,Char *s2)
{
    Char buf[1000];
    Buf[0]=null;
    Strcat(buf,s1);
    Strcat(buf,s2);
    Return buf;
}
i. should not return pointer to local variable.
ii. Nothing Wrong in this function.
iii. It don't work if length exceeds 1000 char.
iv. Error in this code.
```

4. foo() call how many times Ans=5050.

```
For(i=1;i<=100;i++)
For (j=1;j<=100;j++)
```

Foo();

Programming Section (mainly ask 2 programs.)

1. Occurrence of letters in String. Get string from KB of any length & print letters coming maximum time first than second largest..... i.e in descending order.

Their requirement: They want that u make this program thru linked list if u do that than it is well n good. Must allocate memory dynamically. Use proper assumptions & Comments everywhere this will add more advantage .use in all programs.

Output look like if u enter string aababbbcba

b 5 times

a 4 times

c 1 times just like that

Hint: Make array of 256 chars. Now Scan the string pick each char and according to it's acsii value increment that index value at last u have an array which have counter for each alphabet. Sort this array & display.

2. Sparse Matrix Addition.

A structure of sparse matrix is given. You have to create a function sparseadd to add 2 sparse matrices

Structure is some how like

```
Struct Sparsematrix {
int row;
int col;
int val;
SparseMatrix *next;
}
```

You have to made function to add two sparse matrices.

Function signature like

SparseMatrix SparseAdd(SparseMatrix s1,SparseMatrix s2)