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Part III - NURSING

(English Version)

Time Allowed: 3 Hours] [Maximum Marks: 150

Section A — Answer all questions.

Section B — Answer any fifteen questions.

Section C — Q. No. 71 is compulsory and answer any five from Question Nos. 72 to 77.

Section D — Answer any four questions in 200 words each.

SECTION - A

Note: Answer all the questions.

- I. Choose the correct options and write them in your answer-book: $10 \times 1 = 10$
 - 1. Malaria parasite belongs to group of micro-organism.
 - a) protozoa
 - b) bacteria
 - c) virus
 - d) fungi.
 - 2. Ascorbic acid is also called
 - a) Vitamin D
 - b) Folic acid
 - c) Vitamin B₁₂
 - d) Vitamin C.

3.	lni	lammation of Pharynx is
	a)	Parotitis
	b)	Pyelonephritis
	c)	Prostatitis
	d)	Pharyngitis.
4.	Do	uble sheller DNA causes type of disease.
	a)	Hepatitis A
	b)	Hepatitis B
	c)	Hepatitis C
	d)	Hepatitis E .
5.	An	terior Fontanel closes by months.
	a)	12 - 18
	b)	18 - 24
	c)	9 - 12
	d)	none of these.
6.	Sex	cually transmitted disease is
	a)	syphilis
	b)	smallpox
	c)	sinusitis
	d)	serum hepatitis.
7.	Leg	al abortion is
	a)	illegal abortion
	b)	septic abortion
	c)	medical termination of pregnancy
	d)	none of these.
	(1)	Holle of Hiese.

	8.	Exp	ulsion	of co	nceptua	al pro	ducts	before			. weel	s is	called
	,	abor	tion.										
		a)	38										
		b)	28										
		c)	32										
		d)	36.										
	9.	Cap	sules a	ire ma	de up of								
		a)	Table	ts									
		b)	Liquid	ls									
		c)	Gelati	in									*
		d)	Powd	er.									
	10.	Vita	min B	12 is a	lso need	ed for	produ	cing					
		a)	WBC								3		
		b)	Plasn	na									
		c)	RBC										
		d)	None	of the	se.								
11.	Sta	ite wh	ether	he foll	owing st	ateme	nts are	e true	or fals	e :		10 >	× 1 = 10
	11	. Pne	eumoni	a is an	Air-bor	ne dise	ease.						
	12	. Fol	ic Acid	, Nicot	inic Acid	l, Asco	rbic A	cid are	all typ	es of V	itamin	В.	
	13	. Ser	nse of t	rust —	- infancy	stage							

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	14. Riboflavin is an anti TB drug.
	15. At 1 year of age the infant is four times the birth weight.
	16. Home visiting is the backbone of community health nursing.
	17. Dystocia refers to difficult labour.
	18. The length of the Umbilical cord is 50 cm.
	19. Lochia are discharges from urethra.
	20. Condom programme prevents spread of HIV.
III.	Fill in the blanks: 20×10^{-5}
	21. No injections are allowed in
	22. Blood and Mucus in stool are seen in
	23. Mosquitoes spread disease.
	24. Nutrition is from the word
	25. Wet malnutrition is also called
	26. Study of drugs is called
	27. Rebound tenderness is seen in point in appendicitis.
	28. Earwax is also known as
	29. The female sex hormones are &
	30. Cytotrophoblast secretes hormone known as
	31. In Hernia position decreases intra-abdominal pressure.

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	32.	For effective uterine contractio	n & cont	rol of bleeding injection
	X	is given after delivery.		
	33.	Women not given birth before	is called	
	34.	Somnambulism means		
	35.	Dyslexia, in which dys means	************	and lexia means
	36.	Toad skin is seen in	defic	lency.
	37.	Autoclaving is steam under		
	38.	Infantile paralysis is also called	i	
	39.	In the foetus floa	ts.	
	40.	Till 1950 was cons	sidered a	s a major health problem in India
IV.	Mat	ch the following:		$10 \times 1 = 1$
	41.	Increased salivation	a)	Iodine
	42.	Tetanus	b)	Diabetes mellitus
	43.	Goitre	c)	H.I.V. + ve
	44.	Hyperglycemia	d)	Ptyalism
	45.	Toddlers	e)	HCG +ve
	46.	A.I.D.S.	f)	Germs live in soil & cowdung
	47.	Tuberculosis	g)	38 — 40 weeks
	48.	Low residual diet	h)	AFB + ve
	49.	Lightening	i)	1 — 3 years
	50.	Pregnancy	j)	A colitis patient.

SECTION - B

V.	Write short notes on any fifteen in two lines e	each:		
	51. Protozoa.			
	52. Widal test.			
	53. Complication of mumps.			
	54. Purposes of surgical asepsis.			
	55. Functions of food.			
	56. Functions of calcium.	æ		
	57. Balanced diet.			
	58. Myotics.			
	59. Types of Peptic ulcer.			
	60. Types of haemorrhoids.			
	61. Weaning.			
	62. Development in Infant.			
	63. B.C.G.			

64. Functions of community health nurse.

	66. Kinds of schizophrenia.		
	67. Braxton-Hicks contractions.		
	68. Involution.	-	
	69. Pre-term labour.		
	70. Cross infection.		
	SECTION - C		
VI.	Write notes on any five from Q. Nos. 72 to 77 and	Question	No. 71 which
	compulsory in 100 words each:		6 × 5 =
	71. Functions of Placenta.		
	OR		
	Stages of Labour.		
	72. Aims of Post-natal Care.		
	73. Prevention of faeces to oral route infections.		
1	74. Types of Vitamin B and its deficiencies.		
	75. Stages of Dying patient.		
	76. Immunisation Schedule.		
	77. Principles of home visiting.		
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65. Health problems in India.

VII.	Wri	te notes on any four of the following in 200 words each:
	78.	Medical Asepsis and its techniques:
		 Hand washing
		 Gown technique, Gloves, Mask.
	79.	A.I.D.S. :
		Definition & Etiology
		Signs & Symptoms
		Diagnosis & Management
		 Nursing care.
	80.	Fat Soluble Vitamins.
	81.	Immediate care of Newborn.
	82.	Ryle's tube feeding for a patient
		— Aim & Purposes
		— Procedure & Recording.
	83.	The nursing management of an unconscious patient.