Register
Number

Language — Part B — ENGLISH — Paper II

Time Allowed : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours]   [Maximum Marks : 100

N. B. : i)   Answer *all* the questions in the answer-book given separately.

ii)   Read and understand each question carefully before answering them.

iii)   Write down the question numbers correctly on the margin and write your answers against them.

SECTION – A

(Reading)

I.   a)   i)   Choose the best responses to complete the following statements :

$5 \times 1 = 5$

1.   Prime Minister Nehru was succeeded by

a)   Indira Gandhi   b) . Rajiv Gandhi

c)   K. Kamaraj   d)   Lal Bahadur Sastri.

2.   In 1909, Helen Keller joined the

a)   Socialist party   b)   Communist party

c)   Republican party   d)   Democratic party.

3.   Sarojini was only .... when she passed the Matriculation examination.

a)   fifteen   b)   twenty

c)   twelve   d)   nineteen.

4.   Dr. Muthulakshmi specialised in the treatment of

a)   leprosy   b)   cancer

c)   AIDS   d)   tuberculosis.

5.   While Joan was burning at the stakes, the soldiers said that they had burnt a

a)   saint   b)   soldier

c)   patriot   d)   princess.

[Turn over

ii) State whether the following sentences are *true* or *false* : 5 × 1 = 5

6. Anne Sullivan was a successful teacher.

7. Indira Gandhi brought discipline during emergency.

8. In 1990, Suu Kyi's party lost in the elections held by the military junta.

9. Dr. Muthulakshmi started the Avvai Home in Mylapore in 1930.

10. Joan of Arc was killed in a battle.

b) Read the given passage and list out the linkers used therein : 5 × 1 = 5

Stars actually shine with a steady glow as the sun does but they seem to twinkle when we look at them because the light from stars gets bent several times by layers of moving air. If you see them from outer space, they would not twinkle.

SECTION – B
(Writing)

II. a) Make notes of the following passage : 5

Mrs. Indira Gandhi's tenure as the Prime Minister was momentous in the history of modern India. In 1969, she nationalised the banks which were in private hands. People welcomed the measure. It was followed by the abolition of privy purse which the former rulers of small kingdoms of British Raj in India were enjoying.

In 1970-71, Indira Gandhi had to tackle the refugee problem. Over ten million people crossed the India-Pakistan Border in Bengal and came to India, and they had to be fed and given shelter by the Indian government. The reason for the influx of refugees was the reign of terror let loose by Pakistan on the people of East Pakistan.

And Pakistan declared war on India. Indira moved with surgical precision and the war lasted just fourteen days. When around a lakh of Pakistani soldiers in East Pakistan surrendered she ordered an immediate unilateral ceasefire ! The refugees went back to their new country "Bangladesh".

b) Rewrite the statements in meaningful cogent order : $6 \times \frac{1}{2} = 3$

1.   His wife was very upset with his attitude.

2.   He was an aweful spendthrift.

3.   He calculated even the amount of food he ate.

4.   One day he shocked everyone by giving away half of his kingdom to a gambler.

5.   Once there was a king, who was a miser.

6.   But he had a son, who compensated for this.

c) Develop the hints into a readable passage. Give it a suitable title :   5

An ant — falls into river — finds a twig — holds on to it — calls for help — a dove picks twig — places it safely on land — ant thanks dove — a hunter aims at dove — about to shoot — ant bites his leg — arrow misses target — dove escapes.

d) Write any *one* of the following letters : $1 \times 8 = 8$

1.   You are applying for the post of a clerk in a company. Write a letter to the Headmaster of the school you had studied requesting his testimonial.

2.   Write a letter to the postmaster of your area complaining about the non-receipt of a parcel sent to you.

3.   Write a letter to your friend requesting him to lend you his camera for a few days.

(*Important* : Write XXX for your name and YYY for your address)

e) Complete the dialogue :   4

(*The dialogue is between two friends*)

Suresh	:	....?
Ramesh	:	I bought this watch in the Titan showroom.
Suresh	:	....?
Ramesh	:	It costs nine hundred rupees.
Suresh	:	....?
Ramesh	:	The guarantee period is for two years.
		....?
Suresh	:	Yes, I want to buy one for myself.

[**Turn over**

f)   Write a précis of the following passage :   5

Charity no doubt means giving alms to people; but "charity begins at home" does not mean that you must give alms first to the members of your family and charity is not simply giving money or clothes to the needy and deserving. It is a mental attitude. Kindness, love, help, sympathy all go to make it and giving alms or rendering assistance is only its outer manifestation.

A man who cannot meet his own personal demands will remain in want and a man who is always in want has no time to think of the needs of other people. Therefore before you think of helping others, you must not at least, experience a sense of want in your mind, otherwise, whenever you think of helping others, you think it is a sacrifice on your part.

There are people who can sacrifice in spite of their need. There are people who have sacrificed even their lives for the sake of others, for their motherland or for the principles they hold dear.

g)   Punctuate the following sentence :   3

margie said i wouldnt want a strange man in my house to teach me

SECTION – C

(Grammar)

III. a)   Fill in the blanks in the given passage with suitable articles : $4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2$

I found .... one rupee coin on .... road. I gave .... coin to .... old beggar.

b)   Fill in the blanks choosing the right phrase prepositions from the list given below. There is an additional phrase : $3 \times 1 = 3$

(on account of, in memory of, by means of, on behalf of)

1.   Shah Jahan built the Taj Mahal............................... his wife.

2.   I apologized .... my friends.

3.   We delayed our departure .... bad weather.

c) Rewrite the following passage, filling in the blanks with correct tense forms of the verbs given in the brackets :   4 × 1 = 4

Mr. Mohan .... (work) in our factory since 1975. He .... (join) our factory as a supervisor. Now he .... (be) the factory manager. He .... (retire) next month.

d) Match the clauses in **Column A** with those in **Column B** :   3 × 1 = 3

	Column A		**Column B**
1.	If you help others	a)	you would have helped me
2.	If I had asked you	b)	you would be sent out
3.	If you copied in the exam. hall	c)	you will be helped
		d)	you will get good marks.

e) Italicized words are the answers. Frame questions for them using the clues given in the brackets :   2 × 1 = 2

1. I am *sixteen*. (How old)
2. The railway station is *two kilometres* from here. (How far)

f) Combine the following sentences using relative pronouns :   4 × 1 = 4

1. I saw a man.

   He had a wooden leg.

2. This is the book.

   I wanted to read it.

3. This is the place.

   We meet here often.

4. I like Sujatha.

   His novels are very interesting.

g) Identify the pattern of the following sentences :   2 × 1 = 2

1. Man is mortal.
2. The cow gives us milk.

OR

Write the sentences for the following sentence patterns :

1. S + V + A
2. S + V + O + A

[Turn over

h) Read the following dialogue and fill in the blanks with suitable modal auxiliary verbs : $6 \times \frac{1}{2} = 3$

(The dialogue is between two friends)

Uma   :   .... you play the violin ?

Rama   :   Yes, I .... play the violin even when I was twelve.

Uma   :   I .... like to practise the violin.

Rama   :   That's good. You .... practise regularly. You .... be able to pick up quickly.

Uma   :   .... you please help me to buy a good violin ?

Rama   :   Oh, sure.

i) Fill in the blanks by choosing the right phrasal verbs given below :

(*put off, hit on, got over, look up to, looked into, put up with*) $6 \times \frac{1}{2} = 3$

1.   Young cricketers always .... Sachin.

2.   They .... the match.

3.   I can't .... such a noisy class.

4.   He .... a brilliant idea.

5.   She .... her grief.

6.   The officer .... the matter.

j) Rewrite any *eight* of the following sentences as directed: 8 × 2 = 16

1. The teacher said to Mohan, "Why were you absent to school yesterday?"   (Into *Indirect speech*)

2. Sita told Rama that she would come with him to the forests.

(Into *Direct speech*)

3. Who broke the window panes ?   (Into *Passive voice*)

4. The results will be published tomorrow.   (Into *Active voice*)

5. Iron is more useful than any other metal.   (Into *Positive degree*)

6. Very few rivers in the world are as sacred as the Ganga.

(Into *Superlative degree*)

7. Diamond is one of the hardest substances in the world.

(Into *Comparative degree*)

8. You must work hard or you will fail.   (Into *Complex sentence*)

9. In spite of his poverty he is happy.   (Into *Compound sentence*)

10. We eat so that we may live.   (Into *Simple sentence*)

SECTION – D
(Translation)

IV. a) Translate the following proverbs into your first language :   5 × 1 = 5

1. Empty vessels make the loudest noise.

2. All that glitters is not gold.

3. The child is the father of the man.

4. A bad workman blames his tools.

5. Too much of anything is good for nothing.

[Turn over

b)   Translate the following passage into your first language :   5

Health is more valuable than wealth. If wealth is lost, one can earn it. But it is very difficult to regain the health lost. We must keep our surroundings clean. If everyone follows the rules of hygiene and sanitation, people will be free from diseases.

OR

(For Deaf Candidates Only)

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below :

$5 \times 2 = 10$

Once a prisoner was set free. He went to the market. He bought some birds in cages. He set them all free. He knew the value of liberty. He went home happily.

Questions :

1.   What did the man buy in the market ?

2.   Where had the man been recently ?

3.   Did the man kill the birds ?

4.   Choose the right word from the words given in brackets.

The man loved ....   (slavery / freedom)

5.   Rewrite the answer completing it with the opposite of the italicized word :

The man *bought* some birds.

———————