

B. Tech Degree VI Semester Examination, April 2009

CS/EC/EB/EI 605 CONTROL SYSTEMS ENGINEERING

(2006 Scheme)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

PART – A

(Answer ALL questions)

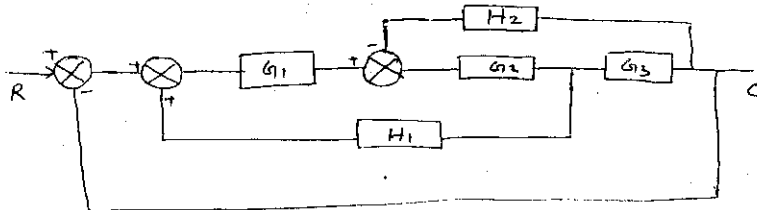
(8 x 5 = 40)

- I. (a) State any five theorems of Laplace transform.
- (b) What is analogous systems? Compare the parameters in force – voltage analogous system.
- (c) Plot the step response of a second order system and mark the different time domain specification.
- (d) What is derivative control? What are its advantages?
- (e) What do you mean by a stable system? How will you investigate the stability of a system using Nyquist criterion ?
- (f) What is bode plot? What are its advantages over other plots?
- (g) What is root locus method?
- (h) What is the use of compensators in control system? Comment on series compensation and parallel compensation.

PART – B

(15 x 4 = 60)

- II. Determine the transfer function C/R of a system shown in figure using block diagram reduction method. Verify the results using Mason's gain formula.



OR

- III. Derive the transfer function of armature controlled d.c. motors.
- IV. Define and derive transient response specification of a second order control system.
- V. What is steady state error. Explain different steady state error constants.

OR

- VI. Determine the gain margin and phase margin of a unity feed back system having.

$$G(s) = \frac{10}{s(1+1s)(1+0.05s)}$$
 by using bode plot. Also find the open loop gain for a gain margin of $GM = 20\text{dB}$.

OR

- VII. Explain frequent domain performance characteristics.
- VIII. Sketch the root – locus plot for the positive feedback system with

$$G(s)H(s) = \frac{K(s+1)}{s(s-1)(s^2+4s+16)}$$

OR

- XI. Explain compensation technique. Derive transfer function of lead compensator. Lag Compensator and lag-lead compensator using electrical networks.

