Register Number

Part III — PSYCHOLOGY

(English Version)

Time Allowed : 3 Hours]　　　　　　　　　　　　[Maximum Marks : 200

SECTION – A

Note :　i)　Answer *all* the questions.

　　　　ii)　Each question carries *one* mark.

I.　Fill in the blanks :　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　15 × 1 = 15

1.　Learning is the modification of behaviour through ....

2.　Any learning that is dominated by language behaviour is called ....

3.　Human learning also involves use of .... and language.

4.　The student's ability to identify the correct response is tested in this way by the .... method.

5.　Memory helps us to learn a thing immediately with speed and ....

6.　Forgetting is a process .... to remembering.

7.　........................ influences retention.

8.　Thinking is a .... activity.

9.　Problem solving is a .... activity.

10.　Dreams are considered as the .... of the individual.

[Turn over

11. .... and Wolpart studied various aspects of dream experimentally.

12. .... says that fear is a learned response.

13. Thematic Apperception Test consists of .... pictures.

14. Situation study of personality is provided by M.A. May and ....

15. Show proper .... and affection to the child.

II. Choose the most appropriate answers : 15 × 1 = 15

16. The animal used by Kohler for his experiment is

   a) chimpanzee   b) dog

   c) cat   d) pigeon.

17. Trial and Error learning has been evolved by

   a) Thorndike   b) Kohler

   c) Pavlov   d) Skinner.

18. Motivated forgetting can also be called / another name for Motivated forgetting is

   a) Selective forgetting   b) Exogenous forgetting

   c) Abnormal forgetting   d) Endogenous forgetting.

19. "Man is not benefitted by his experience (or) intelligence in the absence of memory" is told by

   a) Binet   b) Thorndike

   c) Gerard   d) Woodworth.

20. Types of memory is

    a)   3   b)   4

    c)   5   d)   2.

21. "Thinking is an implicit problem solving behaviour" is told by

    a)   Garrett   b)   Mohsin

    c)   Gilmer   d)   Watson.

22. Who had developed a test to study the ability to think conceptually ?

    a)   E.L. Thorndike   b)   B.F. Skinner

    c)   I. S. Vigotsky   d)   E.B. Tichner.

23. Dreams are the guardians of our sleep. Who said ?

    a)   Thorndike   b)   Murphy

    c)   Sigmund Freud   d)   Binet.

24. Causes for our dreams are

    a)   two   b)   three

    c)   four   d)   five.

25. "Fear is one of the three primary emotions. The other two are rage and

    love." Who said ?

    a)   E.L. Thorndike   b)   William McDougall

    c)   J.B. Watson   d)   B.F Skinner.

26. Who classified personality into three types namely extrovert, ambivert an introvert personality ?

    a) James

    b) Freud

    c) Jung

    d) Kretschmer.

27. The test developed by Allport is

    a) projective test

    b) concept formation test

    c) verbal association test

    d) ascendence-submission reaction test.

28. Socio-drama is

    a) imagination test

    b) thinking ability test

    c) personality test

    d) emotion test.

29. Sentence completion test is

    a) about thinking

    b) about imagination

    c) about emotion

    d) about personality.

30. The goal advanced by the World Health Organization of "a sound mind, ir sound body, in a sound society" is

    a) physical health measures

    b) psychosocial health measures

    c) socio-cultural measures

    d) none of these.

SECTION - B

Note :   i)   Answer *all* the questions.

ii)   Write very short answers in about four sentences each.

iii)   Each question carries *three* marks. $20 \times 3 = 60$

31. What is learning according to Murphy ?

32. What is generalization ?

33. What is partial reinforcement ?

34. What is recognition ?

35. What is meant for L.I.R. ?

36. What is the concept of Norman about forgetting ?

37. Mention any three natures of forgetting.

38. What are the aspects of thinking ?

39. Define thinking.

40. What are the two kinds of meaning in a language ?

41. What is meant by E.O.G. ?

42. What is an Eidetic Image ?

43. Define emotions.

44. What is the use of Lie Detector ?

45. Define anger.

46. Mention three kinds of phobias.

47. What is meant by 'Acromegaly' ?

48. What is the personality classification by William James ?

49. Who were the pioneers of situational tests ?

50. What is mental health ?

SECTION - C

Note :   i)   Answer any *five* of the following questions.

ii)   Write short answers not exceeding fifteen sentences each.

iii)   Each question carries *ten* marks.   5 × 10 = 50

51. Describe the shaping of behaviour.

52. Describe any two types of memory.

53. Explain motivated forgetting.

54. Explain the steps in problem solving.

55. Describe After Images.

56. Explain the theory of Cannon – Bard.

57. Describe the Kretschmer's classification of personality.

58. Explain the measures of tertiary prevention.

SECTION - D

Note :   i)   Answer any *three* of the following questions.

        ii)   Write answers not exceeding two pages each.

        iii)   Each question carries *twenty* marks.   3 × 20 = 60

59. Explain kinds of Learning.

60. Explain components of Memory.

61. Explain Concepts.

62. Describe Dreams.

63. Explain any three projective tests (techniques).