2007 MN: Mining Engineering

Duration: Three Hours Maximum Marks: 150

Read the following instructions carefully.

- This question paper contains 85 objective type questions. Q.1 to Q.20 carry one mark each and Q.21 to Q.85 carry two marks each.
- 2. Attempt all the questions.
- 3. Questions must be answered on Objective Response Sheet (ORS) by darkening the appropriate bubble (marked A, B, C, D) using HB pencil against the question number on the left hand side of the ORS. Each question has only one correct answer. In case you wish to change an answer, erase the old answer completely.
- 4. Wrong answers will carry NEGATIVE marks. In Q.1 to Q.20, 0.25 mark will be deducted for each wrong answer. In Q.21 to Q.76, Q.78, Q.80, Q.82 and in Q.84, 0.5 mark will be deducted for each wrong answer. However, there is no negative marking in Q.77, Q.79, Q.81, Q.83 and in Q.85. More than one answer bubbled against a question will be taken as an incorrect response. Unattempted questions will not carry any marks.
- Write your registration number, your name and name of the examination centre at the specified locations on the right half of the ORS.
- 6. Using HB pencil, darken the appropriate bubble under each digit of your registration number and the letters corresponding to your paper code.
- 7. Calculator is allowed in the examination hall.
- 8. Charts, graph sheets or tables are NOT allowed in the examination hall.
- 9. Rough work can be done on the question paper itself. Additionally blank pages are given at the end of the question paper for rough work.
- 10. This question paper contains 20 printed pages including pages for rough work. Please check all pages and report, if there is any discrepancy.

- If the slope of a diagonal of a rectangle is m the slope of the other diagonal is Q.1
 - $(A) \frac{1}{2m}$
- (B) $-\frac{1}{2m}$ (C) $\frac{1}{m}$
- If the rank of a matrix A is r, the rank of the matrix A^{T} is Q.2
 - (A) r, if and only if $A^T = A$
- (B) r, for all A

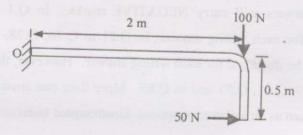
(C) p, where $p \neq r$

- (D) r-1, where $r \ge 1$
- Q.3 Bulk modulus of rock is defined as
 - shear stress volumetric strain

hydrostatic pressure shear strain

hydrostatic pressure volumetric strain

- shear stress (D) shear strain
- The magnitude of the resultant moment about point O in Nm of the two forces acting Q.4 on the rod shown below is



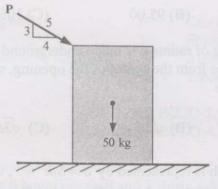
- (A) 25 (B) 125
- (C) 175
- Radial stress on the excavation boundary of a circular tunnel is Q.5
 - (A) always zero
 - (B) always positive
 - (C) always negative
 - (D) positive in some area and negative in some area
- Q.6 The critical diameter of an explosive is defined as the diameter below which it
 - (A) develops the optimum velocity of detonation
 - (B) does not involve in chemical reaction
 - (C) develops the maximum velocity of detonation
 - (D) deflagrates
- Q.7 Which one of the following supports does NOT require a power pack for its operation
 - (A) chock shield support

- (B) open circuit hydraulic prop
- (C) close circuit hydraulic prop
- (D) Alpine breaker line support

Q.8	In a centrifugal fl accomplished wit	ow fan the conversion of th the help of	of velocity pressure to	o static pressure is
	(A) impeller	(B) curved blades	(C) hub	(D) casing
Q.9	A 3.3 kV, 3-phase input power in kV	e AC motor having a PF W is	of 0.85 draws curre	nt at 95 A. The motor
	(A) 266.5	(B) 461.5	(C) 543.0	(D) 799.5
Q.10	The amount of too barrier in a roadw	tal stone dust required in any of size 4.0 m×3.0 m	n kg for a secondary/	heavy type stone dust
	(A) 1320	(B) 4680	(C) 5200	(D) 6600
Q.11	In the Gaussian pl	ume model, the dispers	ion coefficients are f	unction of
	(B) stack height as (C) stability class	source and stability class and distance from source and source coordinates nates and distance from		
Q.12	The rachet-and-pa	wl arrangement in perci	ussive drill machine	helps in
	(B) indexing at the (C) regulating air	aired rotational speed bit rock interface flow in forward and retu bit with the rock between	urn strokes of the pisen the blows	ton
Q.13	The measurement known as	of distances from a posi	ition on the earth to a	artificial satellites is
	(A) astronomical r (C) satellite rangin		(B) pseudo rangin (D) celestial rangin	g ng
Q.14	In opencast mining	g, the width which is ext	racted from the worl	king bench is termed as
	(A) cut	(B) bench width	(C) bank width	(D) bench face
Q.15	Zener barriers are a	associated with		
	(A) increased safet(B) statistically saf(C) flame proof app(D) intrinsic safety	e apparatus paratus		
Q.16	The most recent me	odel of self-contained co	ompressed-oxygen b	reathing apparatus is
	(A) Proto-IV	(B) BG-174	(C) BG-4	(D) BG-174A

Q.17	The measures of	dispersion are		
	(A) range, varian (B) mean, media (C) mean, mode, (D) mean, range,	, and skewness	tion bald bayens (E)	
Q.18	_	bility distributions is fo	constant arrival rate, vollowed by the inter-arr	
dust	(A) binomial	(B) Poisson	(C) Weibull	(D) exponential
Q.19	The net income		ration of the machine i	ed useful life of 12 years. s Rs. 80,000 per annum.
	(A) 4	(B) 5	(C) 6	(D) 7
Q.20			vation made by a trans of the observer is called	
	(A) face right ob (C) normal obse		(B) face left obse (D) reciprocal ob	
		Q. 21 to Q. 75 car	ry two marks each.	
Q.21		riangle are represented itude) of the triangle is	by vectors $\mathbf{a} = \hat{\mathbf{i}} + \hat{\mathbf{j}} + \hat{\mathbf{j}}$	$\hat{\mathbf{k}}$ and $\mathbf{b} = -\hat{\mathbf{i}} - \hat{\mathbf{j}} + \hat{\mathbf{k}}$.
	(A) $1/\sqrt{2}$	(B) 1	(C) √2	(D) $2\sqrt{2}$
Q.22	·The cost of dies	el is Rs. $\left(25 + \frac{x}{90}\right)$ per	km to drive a dump tr	uck at a speed of x
		naintenance cost of the k speed in km/hour is	truck is Rs. 10 per ho	ur. To minimize the cost
	(A) 5	(B) 20	(C) 25	(D) 30
Q.23			(x=0)=3, $f'(x=0)=$	
	g'(x=0) = -10	. The value of $\frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{f}{g} \right)$	$\frac{(x)}{(x)}$ is	
		ax (g)	(x)) _{x=0}	

A wooden block of 50 kg rests on the floor (shown in figure below) for which the 0.24 coefficient of static friction is 0.5. The smallest magnitude of the force P in kg that will cause impending motion of the block is



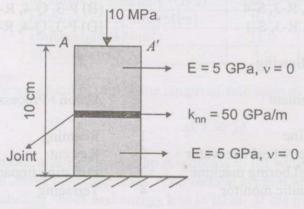
- (A) 50
- (B) 40
- (C)30
- Q.25 The solution of $ye^x dx + (4y + e^x) dy = 0$ for y(0) = -1 is
 - (A) $ye^x + 2y^2 1 = 0$

(B) $e^x + y^2x - 2 = 0$

(C) $ve^x - v^2 = 0$

- (D) $xe^x + v^2 1 = 0$
- A point P (10, 3) MPa on the Mohr's circle represents normal and shear stresses. If Q.26 the centre of the Mohr's circle is C (6, 0) MPa, the normal and shear stresses in MPa on the point diametrically opposite to P are
 - (A) 2, -3
- (B) 4, -3 (C) 2, 3

- A rock sample with a horizontal joint is subjected to 10 MPa of normal pressure as 0.27 shown in the figure. The elastic modulus and Poisson's ratio of the rock are 5.0 GPa and 0 respectively. If the normal stiffness (knn) of the joint is 50 GPa/m, normal displacement at the top of the sample (AA' line) in mm is



- (A) 0.2
- (B) 0.4
- (C) 0.6
- Q.28 The state of stress (σ_{xx} , σ_{yy} , τ_{xy}) at a point below ground is found to be (5, 15, -3) MPa. The angle measured in the counter clockwise direction between the x-axis and the major principal axis in degree is
 - (A) 9.52
- (B) 15.48
- (C) 150.48
- (D) 164.52

Q.29	The unc	onfined compressive stren	gth of a cy	lindrical rock sa	mple is 90 MPa. The	-1
Q.23	1 0	internal friction of the rock to the rock sample, the con	K 18 3() IT	a continuing pros	Suic of a trit a to app.	eu
	(A) 92.8	(B) 95.00		(C) 105.00	(D) 110.0	
Q.30	The rad	lar opening of radius a is rial distance from the central stress, is	nade under e of the op	ground in hydro ening, where the	tangential stress is the	ice
	(A) a	(B) $\sqrt{2}a$		(C) $\sqrt{3}a$	(D) $2\sqrt{3}a$	
Q.31	pillar, /	llar strength is represented $h = \text{mining height, and } w = \text{ped in the similar geologics } h_1 \text{and } h_2 \text{ respectively. If the terms in the same, the ratio}$	pillar wid al condition he gallery	th. Two bord and one at depths D_1 a width and the pi	and D_2 with mining	
	(A) $\left(\frac{h}{h}\right)$	$\left(\frac{h_2}{h_1}\right)^{\alpha} \frac{D_1}{D_2}$ (B) $\left(\frac{h_2}{h_1}\right)^{\alpha}$	$\frac{D_2}{D_1}$	(C) $\left(\frac{h_1}{h_2}\right)^{\alpha} \frac{D_1}{D_2}$	$(D) \left(\frac{h_1}{h_2}\right)^{\alpha} \frac{D_2}{D_1}$	
Q.32	Match	the following				
		Belt conveyor componen	t	Function		
	D	Pull cord	1	Cleaning devi	ce	
	P	Snub pulley	2	Discharging n		
	Q	Shub puney		side of the con		
	D	Tripper	3	Safety stoppin		
	R	Rotary brush	4	Increasing the	angle of wrap	
	(A) D	102 B 2 S 1		(B) P-3, Q-4, 1	R-1, S-2	
		-1, Q-2, R-3, S-4 -4, Q-2, R-3, S-1		(D) P-3, Q-4,		
Q.33	Matc	h the following				
		Equipment		Action / Proce	ess	
	70	Descline	1	Reaming		
	P	Dragline Bucket wheel excavator	2	Key cut		
	Q			Pulsating im	pact	
	R	Tunnel boring machine	4	Terracing		
	S	Hydraulic monitor	7	Torraoms		
	(1)	01 02 D 2 S 4		(B) P-2, Q-4,	R-1, S-3	
		P-1, Q-2, R-3, S-4		(D) P-3, Q-4,		
	(C) I	P-2, Q-4, R-3, S-1		(-), (,		

Q.34 Match the following

Mining method Face supporting system Mechanised longwall Cable bolting 0 Blasting gallery 2 Shield type powered supports R Steep seam mechanised longwall Alpine breaker line supports 3 S 4 Wangawilli Troika shield supports (A) P-1, Q-2, R-3, S-4 (B) P-2, Q-1, R-4, S-3 (C) P-3, Q-4, R-2, S-1 (D) P-2, O-4, R-1, S-3

Q.35 A 15 yd³ dragline is deployed in an overburden bench of an opencast mine. It works for 40 days at the rate of 6 hours per shift and 3 shifts a day. The cycle time, bucket fill factor, and operating efficiency of the dragline are respectively 50 s, 0.8, and 75%. The total volume of overburden in m³ handled by the dragline is (1 yd³ = 0.765 m³)

(A) 356918

(B) 634521

(C) 557685

(D) 991440

Q.36 The phenomenon of fretting (necking) of pillars in room-and-pillar stoping is common in the pillars formed in

(A) massive rock with very high pillar height to width ratio

(B) regularly jointed rock with high pillar height to width ratio

(C) massive rock with low pillar height to width ratio

(D) transversely jointed rock with low pillar height to width ratio

Q.37 In an underground opening, the immediate roof strata consists of two rock layers with the following properties:

Property	Layer-1	Layer-2
Modulus of elasticity (GPa)	60.0	40.0
Modulus of rupture (MPa)	20.0	10.0
Unit weight (kN/m ³)	25.0	20.0
Thickness (m)	5.0	2.5

Considering a factor of safety of 4.0, the length of safe span in m is

(A) 27.82

(B) 34.06

(C) 36.54

(D) 39.34

Q.38 In an opencast mine, a centrifugal pump is required to lift water at the rate of 60 l/s to a height of 80 m above the pump level. The vertical suction head is 4 m. The total friction head including shock and energy loss is 10 m. If the pump runs at an efficiency of 80%, the brake power of the motor in kW is

(A) 70.50

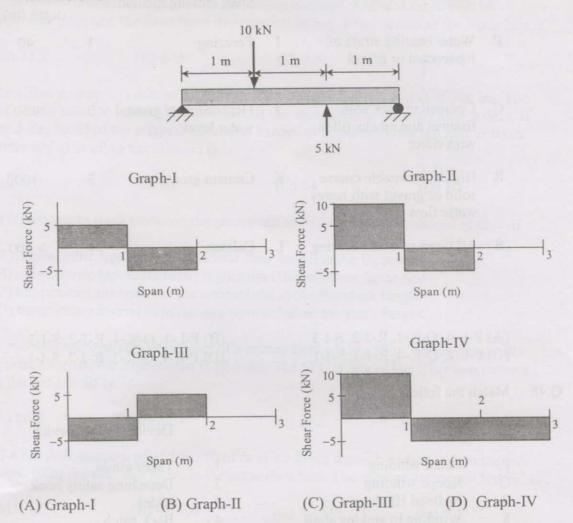
(B) 67.50

(C) 63.00

(D) 57.55

Q.39	Match the following				
	Support system		Support principle		
	P Shotcrete	1	reinforces rock m together	ass by	y binding them
	Q Backfill	2	acts as link betwee	een tw	vo layers of rock to hem
	R Bolt	3	imposes kinemat on key pieces in	ic con a stop	astraints be boundary
	S Prop	4	prevents spatially	y prog	gressive disintegration
	(A) P-3, Q-4, R-2, S-1 (C) P-4, Q-3, R-1, S-2		(B) P-2, (C) (D) P-3, (C)		
Q.40	Match the following				
	Stope	Drill	machine	1	Method of drilling
	P Shrinkage	I Drill	jumbo	1 1	Fan drilling
	Q Room-and-pillar	J Down	n-the-hole hammer	2 (Overhand drilling
	R Sublevel	K Hand	held stopper	3	Parallel drilling
	S Sublevel caving	L Mech	nanised fan drill		Frontal /vertical/downward benching
	(A) P-I-2, Q-K-4, R- (C) P-K-2, Q-I-4, R-	L-3, S-J-1 J-3, S-L-1			I-3, R-J-2, S-L-1 I-4, R-J-1, S-L-2
Q.41	The thickness of the	bottom slice i by the sheare of extraction i	is 3 m, length of the r (web) is 70 cm. In the slice at 95 and	e solice The de	ed top coal caving system. d coal face is 120 m and the ensity of coal is 1300 kg/m the top coal at 70. The
	(A) 1008	(B) 999	(C) 688		(D) 311
Q.42	and 2d Assuming	imilar resistar	nce coefficients, if	the di	pipelines with diameters a ischarge through the smalle other pipeline in m ³ /s is
	(A) 0.226	(B) 0.426	(C) 1.13	30	(D) 1.280

Q.43 The shear force diagram for the shaft shown below resembles which one of the following graphs?



Q.44 A 12 tonne diesel locomotive of 60 kW is plying in an underground haulage roadway. The coefficient of adhesion is 0.25 and the maximum gear efficiency is 80%. The speed in m/s at which it will haul a train at its full power is

- (A) 2.548
- (B) 2.448
- (C) 2.038
- (D) 1.630

Q.45 An air receiver of volume 0.2 m³ has an initial temperature of 27°C and pressure 1800 kPa. After use, the air pressure falls to 1200 kPa at a temperature of 17°C. The volume of air consumed in m³ corresponding to an air pressure of 101.3 kPa and temperature of 0°C is

- (A) 0.693
- (B) 0.895
- (C) 1.002
- (D) 1.251

Q.46 Four benches are being worked by the opencast mining system. Height, width and face angle for each bench are 15 m, 50 m and 70° respectively. The overall slope angle of the benches in degrees is

- (A) 15.45
- (B) 19.25
- (C) 32.65
- (D) 36.25

Match the following 0.47

		Rock mass condition		Shaft sinking method		Limiting depth (m)
	P	Water bearing strata of loose sand or gravel	I	Freezing	1	40
	Q	Competent rock with fissures and cracks filled with water	J	Depression of ground water level	2	150
	R	Highly permeable coarse solid or gravel with heavy water flow	K	Cement grouting	3	1000
	S	All types of water bearing rocks	L	Caissan	4	> 600
) P-L-4, Q-K-1, R-J-2, S-I-3) P-L-2, Q-K-4, R-J-3, S-I-1		(B) P-L-1, Q-K-4 (D) P-L-4, Q-K-3		
Q.48	Ma	atch the following				
		System		Device/	Safety	device
	P Q R S	Drum winding Koepe winding Inclined Haulage Winding in sinking shaft		1 Taper gu 2 Detachir 3 Rider 4 Back car	ng safe	ty hook
	-	A) P-1, Q-2, R-3, S-4 C) P-2, Q-1, R-3, S-4		(B) P-4, Q-3, R- (D) P-2, Q-1, R-		

A closed container with 10 kg of air at ambient pressure and specific heat 0.49 1020 kJ/kg °C is cooled from 35°C. If the removal of 200 kJ of heat resulted in the saturation of air, the corresponding dew point temperature in °C is

(A) 33.0

(B) 27.3 (C) 15.4

Identify the INCORRECT statement Q.50

- (A) Evasee is meant to minimise exit shock losses
- (B) Evasee efficiency is primarily a function of divergence angle and area ratio
- (C) Evasee produces an inevitable increase in friction losses
- (D) Evasee installation leads to reduction in the fan total pressure

A single lamp placed centrally at the roof provides 40 lux illumination vertically below, at the floor of an underground workshop. The workshop is of dimensions 20.0 m×20.0 m with height 4.0 m. Assuming uniform spherical dispersion of luminous intensity, the floor level illumination in lux at any corner of the workshop is (A) 23.2 (B) 10.9 (C) 3.0(D) 0.8 An effluent sample is diluted with fresh water to make up a solution of 300 ml. The Q.52 DO of the solution initially is 8.0 mg/l and the value falls to 3.0 mg/l after 5 days. If the 5-day BOD of the original effluent is known to be 50 mg/l, the amount of fresh water added in ml to the solution is (A) 270 (B) 160 (C) 54 (D) 30 With respect to stack emission the phenomenon of fumigation is noticed in case of Q.53 (A) atmospheric lapse rate being lower than the adiabatic lapse rate (B) atmospheric lapse rate being higher than the adiabatic lapse rate (C) temperature inversion in the atmosphere above the stack height (D) temperature inversion in the atmosphere below the stack height A jackhammer operates at a corner of a square field of side 50 m. At the diagonally 0.54 opposite corner, the SPL sensed is 82.3 dB. The SPL at any of the other two corners of the field in dB is (A) 86.3 (B) 85.3 (C) 83.6 (D) 81.2 At a fan drift pressure of 450 Pa, 50 m³/s of air flows through a mine. When the fan Q.55 stops, 10 m³/s of air still flows in the same direction. The mine resistance in Ns²/m⁸ is (A) 0.1731 (B) 0.1800 (C) 0.1875 (D) 0.2372 In an experiment to determine rock thermal conductivity a disc of rock specimen is Q.56 placed between two solid brass cylinders and one dimensional heat flow is created as shown. The readings of the thermocouple sensors with respect to zero potential are shown in the figure. Brass thermal conductivity is 90 W/m °C, and the thermocouple constant is 40 μ V/°C. The rock thermal conductivity in W/m °C and the heat flux in W/m² respectively are 2000 μV 1920 µV 1520 uV Brass Brass Rock 10 cm

(C) 3.2, 540

(D) 2.1, 670

(B) 0.6, 1020

(A) 1.8, 1800

Consider the fe	ollowing d	ata for the	grade of	f iron or	e from	a worki	ng bench ove
5 weeks							
Week		1	2	3	4	5	
Grade (% Fe)		62.1	61.0	60.5	62.5	62.0	
The 3-week m	The 3-week moving average forecast for the grade, in % Fe, in the 6 th week is						

The random variable X has the following probability mass function 0.58

 $P(4) = \frac{1}{4}, \quad P(8) = \frac{1}{4}, \quad P(12) = \frac{1}{4}, \quad P(16) = \frac{1}{4}.$

The expected value of *X* is

(B) 3 (C) 10 (D) 12 (A) 1

The time between successive failures (in hours) of a side discharge loader operating Q.59 in a mechanised underground coal mine are as follows:

62, 58, 54, 50, 52, 60, 58, 57, 50, 53

If the failure data follow an exponential distribution, then reliability of the equipment for a period of 50 hours is

(D) 1.00 (C) 0.60(B) 0.40(A) 0.25

Three jobs A, B, and C are to be assigned to three machines X, Y and Z. The Q.60 processing costs are given below:

		Machine		
ingle-	erris	X	Y	Z
Satte hi	A	19	28	31
Job	В	11	17	16
	С	12	15	13

The minimum total cost of assigning the jobs to the machines is

(D) 49 (C) 51 (B) 54 (A) 60

An underground coal mine employing 1200 persons experienced 12 roof fall injuries 0.61 during the year 2005. The roof fall injury rate per 1000 persons employed during the period 2005, as per the DGMS norms, is

(D) 12 (C) 10(B) 8 (A)6

Q.62 Consider the following linear programming problem:

Maximize $Z = 6X_1 + 4X_2$

Subject to

 $2X_1 \leq 8$

 $2X_2 \le 12$

 $3X_1 + 2X_2 \le 18$

 $X_1 \ge 0, X_2 \ge 0$

The multiple optimal solutions lie on the line joining the corner points

- (A) (0, 0), (0, 6) (B) (0, 6), (2, 6)
- (C)(2,6),(4,3)

Technique

Time series models

(D) (4, 3), (4, 0)

Q.63 Match the following

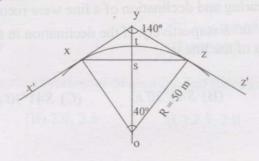
Problem Queueing 0

- Project scheduling and monitoring 2 Linear programming models R Transportation 3 Waiting line models Forecasting of production 4 PERT and CPM
- (A) P-3, Q-4, R-2, S-1 (B) P-2, Q-3, R-4, S-1 (C) P-3, Q-4, R-1, S-2 (D) P-2, Q-4, R-3, S-1

Q.64 The net present value in Rs. of a 3-year annuity of Rs. 10,000 discounted at 10% is

- (A) 9,091
- (B) 17,355
- (C) 24,869
- (D) 26,446

0.65 For a track gauge of 1.05 m and a speed of 10 km/hour, the super-elevation in cm from the following figure is



(A) 1.65

(B) 2.76

(C) 5.54

(D) 6.64

In the bubble tube of a dumpy level, the bubble moves 5 mm for a change of Q.66 inclination of 40". The sensitivity in mm and the radius of the bubble tube in m are (1 radian = 206265'')

- (A) 0.125, 12.89
- (B) 0.063, 26.78
- (C) 0.125, 25.78
- (D) 0.063, 12.89

Q.67 The value of
$$\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{B}$$
, if $\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$, is

$$(A) -4 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(C) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

(B)
$$-2\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

(D) $-\frac{1}{2}\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$

Q.68 The values of
$$f(x)$$
 at x_0 , x_1 and x_2 are 9.0, 12.0 and 15.0 respectively. Using the Simpson's $\frac{1}{3}$ rule, the value of $\int_{x_0}^{x_2} f(x)$, considering an interval of 0.1 is

Q.69 From the following page of a levelling field book, the missing values in F.S. and B.S. respectively are

Station	B.S.	I.S.	F.S.	Rise	Fall	Remarks
1	4.550			Solitania		Starting Point
2	2.125		?		0.750	Change point
3		2.225			01100	Change point
4	?	1694	1.975			Change point
5		2.445		1.500		Change point

⁽A) 3.804, 0.945

Q.70 The magnetic bearing and declination of a line were recorded in the year 1906 as $S43^{\circ}30'E$ and $2^{\circ}00'E$ respectively. If the declination in the year 2006 is $3^{\circ}00'W$, the magnetic bearing of the line is

⁽B) 3.804, 3.945

⁽C) 5.300, 0.945

Common Data Questions

Common Data for Questions 71,72,73: In a straight duct of length 200 m a fan operates 50 m away from the inlet such that the mean air velocity in the duct is 8.0 m/s at a density of 1.1 kg/m³. The friction pressure loss per m length of the duct is 3.0 Pa and the entry shock factor is 1.2. Answer the following in terms of guage pressure values in Pa.

Q.71 The total pressure at the outlet of the duct is

(A) -35.2

(B) 35.2

(C) 192.2

(D) 635.2

Q.72 The total pressure at the inlet side of the fan is

(A) -192.2

(B) - 150.0

(C) 150.0

(D) 192.2

Q.73 The total pressure generated by the fan is

(A) 600.0

(B) 635.2

(C) 677.4

(D) 682.2

Common Data for Questions 74, 75: A bauxite deposit has been intersected by 5 drill holes. The values of alumina (% by weight) and silica (% by weight) in these drill holes are as follows:

Drill hole number	Alumina (%)	Silica
1	46	1
2	42	5
3	45	2
4	43	4
5	44	3

Q.74 The relationship between alumina and silica is

(A) positive linear

(B) exponential

(C) negative linear

(D) random

Q.75 The unbiased estimate of variances of alumina and silica in (%)² respectively are

(A) 2.5, 2.5

(B) 2.0, 2.5

(C) 2.5, 2.0

(D) 2.0, 2.0

Linked Answer Questions: Q.76 to Q.85 carry two marks each.

(C) 0.850

(D) 1.176

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 76 & 77: Porosity of a coarse grain sandstone sample is 15%. The specific gravity of sandstone is 2.8.

What is the void ratio in the sandstone sample?

(B) 0.176

Q.76

(A) 0.150

Q.77	If the sandstone in kg/m³ is	sample is fully saturat	ted in water, the satura	ated density of the sample
	(A) 1590	(B) 2234	(C) 2438	(D) 2531
and as and the is to b	yor is installed in a sociated flight is 4 te pan and 0.5 betw	in underground coal n 0 kg/m, the coefficient ween conveyed coal and trate of 120 t/hour over	nts of kinematic friction d the pan. The motor	The mass of the chain on are 0.33 between chain efficiency is 80%. Coal a chain speed of 0.9 m/s.
Q.78	The power requi	rement of the motor of	of the chain conveyor	in kW is
	(A) 33.16	(B) 37.53	(C) 42.00	(D) 45.94
Q.79		rement of the motor of at a gradient of 1 in 10		in kW, if it moves in the
	(A) 46.91	(B) 42.00	(C) 38.53	(D) 30.16
face in	n an underground of ssed in percentage, gement personal need fatigue allow	coal mine is 18 min.	The rating of the drill owances are recomme the basic time	
Q.80	The basic time i	required for the drillin	g job by the crew in n	nin is
	(A) 16.2	(B) 17.4	(C) 18.0	(D) 20.0
Q.81	The standard tir	ne required for the sar	me drilling job by the	crew in min is
	(A) 15.50	(B) 17.01	(C) 17.82	(D) 18.90

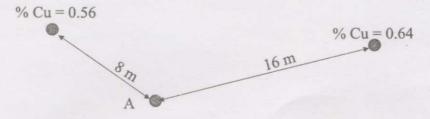
Statement for Linked Answer Questions 82 & 83: The results of a theodolite survey are given below

Points	North Coordinate, in m	East Coordinate, in m
A	400.5	620.2
В	750.5	320.5

- Q.82 The length of the line AB in m is
 - (A) 460.78
- (B) 349.70
- (C) 106.60
- (D) 50.30

- Q.83 The bearing of the line AB in degrees is
 - (A) -23.17NE
- (B) 23.17NW
- (C) 40.57NW
- (D) 40.57NE

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 84 & 85: The following figure provides the grade information.



- Q.84 The grade of copper (%) at point A using the inverse distance weighting method is
 - (A) 0.47
- (B) 0.58
- (C) 0.61
- (D) 1.20
- Q.85 Assume the grade at A to be the average grade of copper, mill recovery to be 85% and the smelting & refining losses to be 1.0 kg of copper per tonne of ore. The amount of saleable copper in kg/tonne of ore is
 - (A) 2.93
- (B) 3.93
- (C) 4.93
- · (D) 5.93

END OF THE QUESTION PAPER