### **APRIL - 2003**

[KI 706]

Sub. Code: 4181

#### SECOND B.Pharm. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

#### (Revised Regulations)

#### Paper I - BIOCHEMISTRY

Time: Three hours Maximum: 90 marks

Two and a half hours for Sec. A and Sec. B Sec. A & Sec. B: 60 marks

Section C: 30 marks

Answer Sections A and B in the SAME Answer book

Answer Section C in the answer sheet provided.

#### SECTION A $-(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$

# Answer any TWO questions.

- (a) Write the enzyme classification and explain the factors affecting enzyme activity. (3 + 7 = 10)
  - (b) Discuss the enzyme inhibition. (5)
- (a) Explain the chemical reactions involved in the citric acid cycle and write its significance. (6 + 2 = 8)
- (b) Describe the pentose phosphate pathway and write its importance. (5 + 2)

- Describe the chemistry, dietary sources, functions and deficiency manifestations of (7 + 8)
  - (a) Vitamin C and
  - (b) Vitamin D.
- 4. (a) Describe the  $\beta$ -(beta) oxidation of fatty acids. (5)
- (b) What is ketogenesis? Explain the production and utilization of ketone bodies in the body. (1 + 9 = 10)

#### SECTION B $-(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ marks})$

- 5. Write short answers on any SIX of the following
  - (a) Polysaccharides.
  - (b) Diagnostic applications of enzymes
- (c) Functions and deficiency manifestations of vitamin A.
  - (d) Structure of DNA.
  - (e) Phospholipids.
  - (f) Coenzymes.
  - (g) Essential fatty acids.
  - (h) Biological importance of iron.
  - (i) Liver function tests.

#### **OCTOBER - 2003**

[KJ 706]

Sub. Code: 4181

# SECTION B — $(8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ marks})$

#### SECOND B.Pharm. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

(Revised Regulations)

# Paper I - BIOCHEMISTRY

Time: Three hours Maximum: 90 marks

Two hours and Forty minutes Sec. A & Sec. B: 70 marks

for Sec. A and Sec. B

Twenty minutes for Sec. C Section C: 20 marks

Answer Sections A and B in the SAME Answer Book.

Answer Section C in the Answer Sheet Provided.

SECTION A  $-(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer any TWO.

- 1. Classify proteins with suitable examples. Discuss the structure of proteins. (6 + 9 = 15)
- What are nucleoside, nucleotide and nucleic acid?
  Discuss the structures and properties of DNA and t-RNA. (3+6+6=15)
- Write briefly on the glucose absorption:
  - (a) From the G.I. Tract. (5)
- (b) Describe the process of glycogenesis and glycogenolysis. How are they regulated? (6 + 4 = 10)

## Answer any EIGHT.

- Give an account of the structures of disaccharides and polysaccharides.
- Discuss the different types of haemoglobin and their biological role.
- Explain the mechanism of action of enzymes.
- Outline the sources, requirement, function and deficiency manifestation of vitamin A.
- 8. Write a note on the mode of action of insulin.
- Discuss the structure of phospholipid.
- 10. Outline the steps of gluconeogenesis.
- 11. Explain any two functional tests of liver.
- 12. Dietary fibres.
- 13. Ketone bodies