## SATHYABAMA UNIVERSITY

(Established under section 3 of UGC Act, 1956)

Course & Branch: B.E /B.Tech- Common to ALL	Branches
Title of the paper: Engineering Mathematics – IV	
Semester: IV	Max. Marks: 80
Sub.Code: 6C0054/401	Time: 3 Hours
Date: 22-04-2008	Session: FN

PART – A Answer All the Questions (10 x 2 = 20)

- 1. Find Fourier series given f(x) = x in  $-\pi \le x \le \pi$ .
- 2. Define complex form of Fourier Series.
- 3. Form Partial differential equation by eliminating 'f' from  $z = f(x^3 y^3)$
- 4. Find the complete solution of  $\sqrt{p} + \sqrt{q} = x + y$ .
- 5. State any two assumptions in the derivation of one dimensional wave equation.
- 6. Define  $\alpha^2$  in  $u_t = \alpha^2 u_{xx}$ .
- 7. State the two dimensional heat equation in Cartesian as well as polar co-ordinates.
- 8. Write the three positive solutions of the Laplace equation in polar co-ordinates.
- 9. State Convolution Theorem of Fourier Transform.

10. If  $F{f(x)} = \bar{f}(s)$  then Prove that  $F{f(ax)} = \frac{1}{|a|} \bar{f}\left(\frac{s}{a}\right)$ 

PART – B Answer All the Questions

 $(5 \times 12 = 60)$ 

## 11. Find the fourier Series expansion of f(x) of period 'l'.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x & \left(0, \frac{l}{2}\right) \\ l - x & \left(\frac{l}{2}, l\right) \end{cases}$$

Hence deduce the sum of the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^4}$ 

(or) 12. Find first three harmonics in the Fourier Series of y = f(x)

X	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
У	1.0	1.4	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.2	1.0

13. Solve 
$$(y + z) p + (z + x) q = x + y$$
.  
(or)

14. Solve 
$$(D^2 - 2DD' + D'^2)z = x^2 y^2 e^{x+y}$$
 where  $D = \frac{\partial}{\partial x}, D' = \frac{\partial}{\partial y}$ .

15. Solve  $y_{tt} = a^2 y_{xx}$   $0 \le x \le l$ , t > 0 subject to y(0, t) = 0 y(l, t) = 0,  $y_t(x, 0) = 0$ 

$$y(x,0) = \begin{cases} kx & 0 \le x \le l \\ k(l-x) & \frac{l}{2} \le x \le l \\ (\text{or}) \end{cases}$$

16. A rod of length 20cm has its ends A and B kept at 30°C and 90°C respectively until steady state conditions prevail. If the temperature at each end is then suddenly reduced to 0°C and maintained so, find the temperature u(x, t) at a distance 'x' from A, at any time 't'.

17. An uniformly ling metal plate in the form of an area is enclosed between the lines y = 0 and  $y = \pi$  for positive values of x. The temperature is zero along the edges y = 0 and  $y = \pi$  and the edge at infinity. If the edge x = 0 s kept at temperature 'ky', find the steady state temperature distribution in the plate.

## (or)

- 18. A semi circular plate of radius a has its boundary dimeter kept at temperature zero and circumference at  $f(\theta) = k$ ,  $0 < \theta < \pi$ . Find the steady state temperature at any distribution point of the plate.
- 19. Find Fourier Transform of the distribution

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - |x| & |x| \le 1 \\ 0 & |x| > 1 \end{cases}$$
  
Hence evaluate 
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\sin^{-4} t}{t^{4}} dt$$
 (or)

20. Find Fourier Sine and Cosine Transform of  $e^{-ax} a > 0$ , and hence find Fourier Sine Transform of  $\frac{x}{x^2 + a^2}$  and Fourier cosine transform of  $\frac{1}{x^2 + a^2}$