

Diploma in Civil Engineering

Term-End Examination

December, 2007

BCE-036 : SOIL, ROADS AND AIRFIELDS

Time : 2 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Attempt **five** questions in all. Question no. 1 is **compulsory**. Attempt any **four** questions from the remaining questions. Use of calculator is allowed. Graph papers may be supplied on request.

1. Fill in the blanks :

2×7=14

- (i) In grain size analysis of soils finer fraction is analysed by _____ or _____ method.
- (ii) Degree of shrinkage is the change in _____ per unit original _____ .
- (iii) The soils transported by running water and deposited along the stream are called _____ soils.
- (iv) Top 0.5 m of embankment below subgrade level should have compaction _____ percent and other portions should have _____ percent.
- (v) The P.I. of the material should not be more than _____ for surface treated WBM and not more than _____ for WBM.

- (vi) _____ cm of Asphaltic concrete can be considered equivalent to _____ cm of WBM.
- (vii) The basic runway length is increased at a rate of _____ % per _____ m rise in elevation above MSL.
2. The natural moisture content of a soil is 36.5%. Consistency limit tests on the soil gave L.L. = 54.2%, Plastic limit as 21.2%. Calculate P.I. and L.I. of the soil.
7+7=14
3. Explain with neat sketch the Standard Proctor Test and also discuss the effects of moisture content on compaction.
9+5=14
4. (a) Explain the functions of tricycle under-carriage.
(b) Describe the important factors required to be considered for site selection of a new airport. 7+7=14
5. (a) List the methods for achieving the desired compaction in field giving details of any one method.
(b) How will you evaluate compaction ? 7+7=14
6. (a) List out the properties of bituminous course.
(b) Where is Dense Macadam used in India ? How does this differ from ordinary bituminous macadam ? 6+8=14
7. (a) Explain various Runway Elements with a neat sketch in plan and cross-section. 4

(b) Define the following : $2 \times 5 = 10$

- (i) Liquid Limit
- (ii) Airfield Reference Point
- (iii) Shrinkage Ratio
- (iv) Crash Barrier
- (v) Porosity

8. Write short notes on any **four** of the following : $3 \frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 14$

- (a) Hydrometer Analysis
- (b) Shrinkage Limit
- (c) Modified Proctor Test
- (d) Highway Classification
- (e) Noise Nuisance in Airport Site Selection
- (f) Correction for Temperature in Basic Runway Length