[This question paper contains 5 printed pages]

Your Roll No

5797 J

B.Sc. (Hons.)/I

BIOCHEMISTRY Paper-II

(Inorganic and Organic Chemistry) (Admissions of 2000 and onwards)

Time 3 Hours

Maximum Marks 60

(Write your Roll No on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper)

Use separate answer books for Section A and section B. Attempt six questions in all, selecting three questions from each Section

INORGANIC PART

Attempt any three questions from Section A

SECTION A

- 1 (a) Write IUPAC names of the following complexes
 - (1) $K_3[Fe(CN)_6]$
 - (n) $K_2[N_1(CN)_4]$
 - (m) $[Cr(en)_3]Cl_3$

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- (iv) $[Pt(NH_3)_2Cl_4]$
- (b) Write the formulae of the following complexes
 - (i) Potassium dicyanoargentate(I)

PTO

4

3

		(1) Trisoxalatochromium(III) chloride					
	(iii) Sulphatotetraamminecobalt(III) nitrate						
	(c)	What is a ligand ? Give one example each of					
		bidentate, tridentate and hexadentate ligand 3					
2	(a)	On the basis of VBT, predict whether the following					
compounds are paramagnetic or diama							
		Calculate their magnetic moments also 6					
		(i) [Co(NH ₃) ₆]Cl ₃					
		(11) $[Cr(H_2O)_6]Cl_3$					
		(m) $K_4[Fe(CN)_6]$					
	What is isomerism? How many types of isomerism						
	are shown by co-ordination compounds? Explain any						
	two types of isomerism with the help of one example						
		each 4					
3	(a)	Write short note on Fajan's rules 3					
	(b)	(i) Define Lattice Enthalpy					
		(u) Write Born-Lande equation and define the					
		terms involved in it 3					
	(c)	Write short notes on Valence shell electron pair					
	repulsion theory and explain the linear structure of						
		BeCl ₂ and pyramidal structure NH ₃ 4					
4	Pred	lict the shapes of the following molecules 4					
	(a)	(i) XeF ₂					
		(n) NCl ₃					

- (m) H₃PO₃
- (iv) SF_6
- (b) Explain the following

 2×3

- Boiling point of o-nitrophenol is less than that of p-nitrophenol
- (11) Ionic compounds are crystalline in nature
- (iii) HCI is a covalent compound but its aqueous solution is highly conducting in nature

ORGANIC PART

Attempt any three questions from Section B

SECTION B

Answer any five questions

1 (a) Assign E and Z designation for the following . 2

(1)
$$CH_3$$
 $C=C$ D

(11)
$$Cl \sim CH = CH_2$$
 $C = CH$

- (b) The dipole moment of trans 1-chloropropene is higher than its cis isomer Explain 2
- (c) Acetylacetone exists in the enol form more.

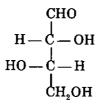
 Explain 2

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(d) What is the difference between Enantiomers and Diastereomers?

(e) Assign 'R' and 'S' at both assymmetric carbons of the following 2



- 2 Give reasons for the following (Do any four) 21/2×4
 - (a) Cycloheptatrienyl cation is aromatic
 - (b) Chlorobenzene is less reactive than ethylchloride towards Nucleophilic substitution
 - (c) —COOH group is metadirecting towards electrophilic substitution
 - (d) 2-Butene is more stable than 1-butene
 - (e) Phenylacetaldehyde does not undergo Cannizzaro's reaction
- 3 (a) Give the structure of alkene that on ozonolysis give
 2 moles of CH₂=O and 1 mole of 2-oxopropanal

(b) Give two chemical tests to distinguish CH₃CH₂CHO from CH₃COCH₃ 2

2

(c)	Explain	acetaldehyde	18	more	reacti	ve than
	Benzaldel	nyde towards i	nucle	ophilic	additio	on 2
(d)	Explain v	vhy phenol is	mor	e acıdı	c than	ethanol
						2

- (e) What is the product of the reaction of Benzaldehyde and Propionaldehyde in NaOH? 2
- Write short notes on any four of the following 2½×4
 - (a) Cannizzaro's reaction
 - (b) Hofmann Bromamide reaction
 - (c) Markownikov's rule
 - (d) Iodoform reaction
 - (e) Wurtz reaction

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