Q.1 - 30 Carry One Mark Each. If the Carr's index of a power is 10% then the type of powder flow is

1.	If the Carr's index of a power is 10% their	Title type of powder flow is
2.	(A) poor (B) excellent Mixing of semisolids is carried out using	(C) very poor (D) good
	(A) double cone mixer	(B) rotating cube mixer
	(C) planetary mixer	(D) fluidized bed mixer
3.	In the preparation of small pox vaccine, t	he drying process used is
	(A) spray drying	(B) Vacuum drying
	(C) drum drying	(D) freeze drying
4.	In cosmetic preparations, an antioxidant	
	(A) Sodium formaldehyde sulphoxylate	(B) α - Tocopherol
5.	(C) Methyl paraben In the tablet coating process, inadequate drying causes	(D) Phenol spreading of the coating solution before
	(A) Orange peel effect	(B) Sticking effect
6.	(C) Blistering effectPresence of one of the following chaserpentine is adulterated with other species	
	(A) Compound starch grains	
	(B) Cluster crystals of calcium oxalate	
7.	(C) Lignified sclereids Chinese rhapontic rhubarb can be d fluorescence developed in UV light which	
8.	(A) Deep yellow (B) Deep violet Citrus flavonoids are rich in	(C) Green (D) Blue
9.	(A) Aesculetin (B) Fraxin The quantitative values determined for constant throughout the age of the plant	(C) Hesperidin (D) Scopoletin the identification of leaf drugs remain EXCEPT
	(A) Stomatal number	(B) Veinlet termination number
	(C) Veinislet number	(D) Stomatal index
10.	The alkaloid which inhibits the cholineste give methyl carbamic acid and eseroline is	
	(A) Scopolamine	(B) Pyridostigmine
11.	(C) Neostigmine Luminescence is the term applied to	(D) Physostigmine
	(A) absorbed radiation	
	(B) re-emission of previously absorbed ra	diation
	(C) excited radiation	
12.	(D) transmitted radiation Polarogram of a solution containing an ele plotting	ectro-reducible substance is obtained by
	(A) Current Vs Volume	(B) Current Vs Potential
13.	(C) Resistance Vs Time Silica gel used in most of the adsorbent co	(D) Potential Vs Volume olumns contains – OH groups. So it is
	(A) Basic (B) Neutral	(C) Acidic
14.	(D) Both acidic and basic The electronic transition possible in <i>Br</i> , is:	
	(A) $\sigma - \sigma^*$	(B) $\sigma - \sigma^*$ and $n - \sigma^*$
	(C) $\sigma - \pi^*$ and $\pi - \pi^*$	(D) $n - \pi^*$ and $\sigma - \pi^*$

15.	Ferrous ion is very weakly coloured for calorimetric analysis. It can be con into a highly coloured complex using						
	(A) H ₂ SO ₄	(B) PDAB					
16.	(C) Thymol blue Prazepam, Oxazepam, Clonazepam are stru	(D) 1:10 - Phenant acturally similar and	throline have the system				
	(A) 5H-Dibenz(b,f)azepine	(B) 1,2,4 - Benzoth	niadiazine				
17.	(C) Benzodiazepine 11 β, 21-Dihydroxypregn-4 ene-3,18,20-tri	(D) Phenothiazine one is					
18.	(A) Aldosterone (B) Progesterone 4, 7 – Dichloroquinoline on treatment with	(C) Cholesterol 4-amino phenol give	(D)Cortisone s				
	(A) 7-chloro-2-(2-hydroxy phenyl amino) q	uinoline					
	(B) 7-chloro-4-(4-amino phenyl amino) qui						
	(C) 7-chloro-4-(4-hydroxy phenyl amino) q						
19.	(D) 4-chloro-7-(4-hydroxy phenyl amino) q Eegonine, a hydrolytic product of cocaine gives a keto acid, which on thermal decarbo	on treatment with	chromium trioxide				
20.	(A) Atropic acid (B) Tropic acid A natural product derivative developed as a	(C) Pseudo cocaine n antimalarial is	(D)Tropinone				
21.	(A) Artemether (B) Paludrine 'Ternary complex' refers to the state when	(C) Pyrimethamine	(D) Haloffantrine				
	(A) an enzyme forms a covalent complex with its substrate						
	(B) an enzyme forms a non-covalent co product	mplex with either	a substrate or a				
	(C) an enzyme that catalyses a reactio concurrently complexed with both subs		ore substrates, is				
22.	(D) an enzyme complexed to a product, just after catalysis The most important clue that helped in the determination of the double helical structure of DNA came from						
	(A) Chargaffs rules						
	(B) Hershey-Chase experiment						
	(C) A very MacLeod – McCarty experiment						
23.	(D) Nirenberg and Khorana's codon assignr Diversity in antibody molecules is brought a						
	(A) Post-translational modifications	(B) Gene rearrange	ements				
	(C) Usage of special genetic codes						
24.	(D) Multiple mutations in the polypeptide The etiological agent of infectious mononu Burkitt's lymphoma is:	cleosis, also associa	ted with a form of				
	(A) Varicella Zoster Virus	(B) Epstein Barr Vi	rus				
2020-0	(C) Picorna Virus	(D) Papovavirus					
25.	Tissue plasminogen activator that disperse within		965 66 (8)				
26.	(A) 3 days (B) 9 hours An anticholinesterase which is useful in Alz	(C) 3 hours heimer's disease is	(D) 24 hours				
27.	(A) Arecolin (B) Donepezil A drug used as an ophthalmic solution in H		(D) Clioquinol				
	(A) Zalcitabine (B) Trifluridine	(C) Ritonavir	(D) Stavudine				
28.	A macrolide antibiotic used as a powerful in		agent is:				
	(A) Erythromycin	(B) Azithromycin					
	(C) Tacrolimus	(D) Clarithromycin					

29.	Cytosine arabinoside	e acts on this phase of	the cell cycle	
	(A) G ₁	(B) G ₂	(C) M	(D)S
30.		Drugs Technical Advis	sory Board is	
	(A) The Drugs Cont		=	
		entral Drugs Laboratory		
	- 5F	Pharmacy Council of Inc		
		neral of Health Service).31 – 80 Carry Two l		
31.		obtained by treating 6		o pyrazin-2-methyl
	(A) Amiloride		(B) Hydrochloroth	iazide
	(C) Triamterene		(D) Furosemide	
32.		ethyl-6, 7- benzomorph		
	(A) Pentazocine		(B) Hydrocodone	
22	(C) Codeine	1721 100 100 10 10	(D) Buprenorphine	e
33.		sed for the synthesis of		
		nzene sulfonyl chloride		
	8) 3)	nzene sulfonyl chloride		
		nzene sulfonyl chloride		
24	27.1 5.1	nzene sulfonyl chloride can be prepared from	and 3-amino-2-me	thoxy pyrazine
34.	(A) Phenol and Prop		(B) 3-phonyl prop	anol
	(C) Phthalic anhydri		(B) 3-phenyl prop(D) β-phenyl succ	
35.		de t principle of liquorice i		illic acid
	(A) K and Mg salts of			
		of glycyrrhetinic acid		
	(C) K and Ca salts of			
		of glycyrrhetinic acid		
36.	Alloploids are polypl	oids derived from		
	(A) a single parenta	l species genome		
	(B) more than one p	parental species genom	nes	
	(C) a plant with hap	loid number of chromo	somes	
	- [] 시간 사람들은 아무리는 그 경우 하는 가장 하는 사람들이 가장 하는 사람들이 가장 하는 것이 없다.	oic number of chromos		
37.		nethod of producting vi		
	(A) Root culture	¥2	(B) Meristem cult	ure
38.	(C) Somatic embryo A person taking orga	genesis ainic nitrate has to avo	(D) Floriculture old one of the follow	vina druas as it can
	cause severe hypote			mig arage as it sair
	(A) Aspirin	(B) Cholestyramine		(D)Sildenafil
39.	To avoid lithium tox should not be prescr	dicity, a patient using	lithium carbonate	for mood disorders
	(A) Acetazolamide	ibed	(B) Hydrochlorthia	zido
	(C) Mannitol		(D) Porpranolol	azide
40.		reuptake inhibitor use		ant is
	(A) Venlafaxine	(B) Selegiline	(C) Phenelzine	(D) Amoxapine
41.		Digoxin for CCF is foun agent should not be pr		serum cholesterol.
	(A) Clofibrate	(B) Cholestyramine		(D) Niacin

42.	In the study of enzy	/me kinetics, $V_{\scriptscriptstyle{\sf max}}$ is sa	id to be attained whe	en
	(B) virtually all of t	ess of free enzyme as on the enzyme is present of the free enzyme is ve	as the enzyme-sub	
	(C) the maximum concentration	velocity of the react	ion in the presence	e of low substrate
		entration of free enzyn	ne equals that of the	e enzyme-substrate
43.	complex Serum sample of a	patient shows elevated	d levels of γ – glutan	nyl transferase. The
	patient could be suf	fering from		
	(A) Kidney disorder		(B) Liver disease	
44.		ease are seen in the sputur he needs long term m		coholic man. A test
	(A) Chest X-ray			
	(B) Ziehel-Neelsen	stain of the sputum		
	(C) Sputum cytolog	ıy		
	(D) Mycobacterial c	ultures of the sputum		
45.	The distinguishing for	eatures in IR spectra b	etween propionaldeh	yde and acetone is
	(A) Weak-CH stretc	hing and out of plane l	pending in propional	lehyde
	(B) Keto group in a	cetone		
	(C) Two methyl gro	ups in acetone		
	(D) - CH ₂ group in p			
46.		surements are most se		
	(A) Clear solution		(B) Concentrated	
47.	(C) Thick suspension The number of peak	ns ks shown by diethyl etl	D) Very dilute sus ner in an NMR spectr	
48.	(A) Four The half-life for a ze	(B) Two ro order reaction is ca	(C) One Iculated using	(D) Five
	(A) $t_{\frac{1}{2}} = 0.693 / k$	(B) $t_{\frac{1}{2}} = 2.303 / k$	(C) $t_{\frac{1}{2}} = 1/ak$	$(D) t_{\frac{1}{2}} = a/2k$
49.		fe of procaine in a pat mated to be 60 L. The		
50.	(A) 1.188L/min The ratio of the voic called as	(B) 0.115L/min d volume to the bulk v		(D)5.75L/min g of the powder is
	(A) Porosity		(B) True density	
	(C) Granular density	/	(D) Bulk density	
51.	A co-solvent used in	the preparation of par	enteral products is:	
	(A) Benzyl alcohol		(B) Methyl alcohol	
	(C) Dimethyl acetan		(D) Phenol	
Q.52- optio	58 are multiple se ns are correct. Cho	lection items. P, Q, ose the correct coml	R, S are the optio pination among A,	ns. Two of these B. C and D.
52.	In mass spectroscop	y, positively charged i	ons can be produced	by
	(P) Heating of the s	ample		
	(Q) Bombarding the	sample with high ene	rgy electrons	
		sample with high ene		
	(S) Chemical ioniza	tion		
	(A) Q, S	(B) Q, R	(C) P, R	(D)P, S

53.	-0.0	lastisizer and a high l Juers are	oóiling point sol	vent used i	n the p	reparation of nial			
	(P)	Butyl stearate (Q) E	thyl lactate	(R) Ethyl a	lcohol	(S) Acetone			
54.	Two	P, Q (B) (of the following attribution), S ites are true for	(C) R, S describing t	he mech	(D)Q, R nanism of action of			
	(P) Neuromuscular blocking causing spastic paralysis								
	(Q) Blocks the response of the Ascaris muscle to ACH, causins flaccid paralysis in the worms								
	(R)	(R) Inhibits the Helminth specific enzyme fumarate reductase							
	(S)	Arrest nematode cell cassembly	livisions in meta	phase by in	terfering	y with microtubule			
55.	(A) The	P, Q (B) F colour and flavour of S	R, S affron are due to	(C) Q, S		(D)Q, R			
	(P)	Crocin (Q)	Crocetin	(R) Safran	al				
		Crepenyic acid							
56.	Pre	R, S (B) I dict the two impurities v	which are likely t						
		(P) 5-methyl-N-[2-(4-sulphamoyl phenyl) enthyl] pyrazine-2-carboxamide.							
		5-methyl-N-[2-(2-sulp	hamoyi phenyi) (enthyl] pyra	zine-2-c	arboxamide.			
		Cyclohexanamine							
		Cyclohexane P, R (B) I	0.0	(C) R, Q		(D)R, S			
57.	Cal	cipotriene, a synthetić V	/itamin D₃ analog		following				
		Pronounced antirachiti			-11 -1:66				
		Inhibits epidermal cell Used as a topical appli							
		Effect on calcium meta							
		Q, R (B) I		(C) R, S	an Ergot	(D)Q, S			
58.		ulin when released from				(5)4,5			
	(P)	Can sequester blood gl	ucose by forming	g a complex	with it.				
	(Q)	gets fully conjugated v		cid immedia	ately, to	be released upon			
	(D)	suitable stimuli in norm		1.000					
	pe-120.0e-111	Acts on the transporte cell membranes.	(2)			vement across the			
		Increases storage of gl			r.	management of the			
0.50		P, R (B) F ARE "MATCHING" ex		(C) P, S	ith Cua	(D)Q, S			
		combination among th				up 11. Choose the			
59.		Group I Drugs	Group II Titran			7			
		(P) Ascorbic acid	(1) TBAH	to asca iii ii	assays	+			
						†			
		(Q) Pyridoxine HCI	(2) Iodine			-			
		(R) Dapsone	(3) HClO ₄	¥400		-			
		(S) Fluorouracil	(4) Sodium nitr	ite		2			
	(A)	P - 1 Q - 4 R - 3	3 S - 2	(B) P - 2	Q - 3	R - 4 S - 1			
	(C)	P-4 Q-2 R-1	1 S - 3	(D) $P - 3$	Q - 2	R - 4 S - 1			

60. Group I Umbelliferous fruit | Group II Diagnostic character (P) Fenel (1) Wavy sclerenchyma (Q) Indian Dill (2) Branched and unbranched vittae (R) Coriander (3) Reticulaterly lignified parenchyma (S) Anise (4) Lateral ridges with vascular bundles (A) P - 1 Q - 2 R - 3 S - 4 (B) P - 3 Q - 4 R - 1 S - 2 (D) P - 4 Q - 1 R - 2 S - 3 (C) P - 2 Q - 3 R - 4 S - 1 61. Group I Enzyme systems responsible for phase 2 Group II Types conjugation pathways (P) UDP - glucuronosyl transferase (1) N-methylation (Q) ATP-sulfurylase & APS-phosphokinase (2) Sulphate conjugation (R) Acly synthatase & transacetylase (3) Glucuronidation (S) ATP-methionine adenosine transferase (4) Amino acid conjugation (B) P - 2 Q - 3 R - 1 S - 4 (A) P - 1 Q - 4 R - 3 S - 2 (C) P - 3 Q - 2 R - 4 S - 1 (D) P - 4 Q - 1 R - 2 S - 3 62. Group I Drugs Group II Titrants used in IP assays (P) Ascorbic acid (1) TBAH (Q) Pyridoxine HCI (2) Iodine (R) Dapsone (3) HClO₄ (S) Fluorouracil (4) Sodium nitrite (A) P - 1 Q - 4 R - 3 S - 2 (B) P - 2 Q - 3 R - 4 S - 1 (C) P - 4 Q - 2 R - 1 S - 3 (D) P - 3 Q - 2 R - 4 S - 1 63. Group I Group II Explanation Terms (P) Saturated (1) Pounds of water vapour carried by one pound of dry air under any given set of conditions air (Q) (2) The water vapour is in equilibrium with liquid water at Dew point the given conditions of temperature and pressure (R) Humid (3) The volume in cubic feet occupied by one pound dry of air and its accompanying water vapour volume (S) Humidity (4) Temperature to which a mixture of air and water vapour must be cooled in order to become saturated. (A) P - 1 Q - 4 R - 2 S - 3 (B) P - 4 Q - 3 R - 1 S - 2 (C) P - 3 O - 1 R - 4 S - 2 (D) P - 2 O - 4 R - 3 S - 1 64 Group I Antibiotic | Group II Test organism for microbiological assay IP (P) Bleomycin (1) Pseudomonas aeruginosa (Q) Nystatin (2) Mycobacterium smegmatis

(3) Bacillus subtilis

(4) Saccharomyces cerevisiae

(R) Carbenicillin

(S) Streptomycin

(A) P - 2 Q - 4 R - 1 S - 3 (B) P - 4 Q - 1 R - 3 S - 2 (C) P - 3 Q - 2 R - 4 S - 1 (D) P - 3 Q - 1 R - 2 S - 4 65. Group Pathoimmunological Group II Drug used in the condition treatment (P) Urticaria (1) Cyclosporin (Q) Autoimmune thrombocytopenia (2) Antihistamines (R) Rheumatoid arthritis (3) Intravenous immunoglobulin (S) Organ transplant rejection (4) Glucocorticoids (A) P - 1 Q - 2 R - 4 S - 3 (B) P - 4 Q - 1 R - 3 S - 2 (C) P - 3 Q - 1 R - 2 S - 4 (D) P - 2 Q - 3 R - 4 S - 1

Data for Q.66 – 80 are based on the statement/problem. Choose the correct answer for each question from among the options A, B, C and D.

Common data for questions 66 and 67:

A sample of Cinnamomum zeylanicum purchased from the market was evaluated for its authenticity.

- 66. It shows
 - (A) presence of cork and cortex
- (B) absence of cork and cortex
- (C) absence of phloem fibres
- (D) presence of xylem parenchyma
- 67. Volatile oil should not be less than
 - (A) 0.05%
- (B) 0.20%
- (C) 0.50%
- (D)1.00%

Common data for questions 68, 69 and 70:

Chloroacetic acid and hydrazine are treated together with X to get semicarbazido acetic acid in which ring closure takes place to 1-amino hydantoin. It is subsequently treated with 2-diacetoxy methyl-5-nitrofuran to get Nitrofurantoin.

- 68. Reagetn 'X' is
 - (A) Cuprous chlodride

(B) Potassium cyanate

(C) Silver nitrate

(D) Mercurous chloride

- 69. Its IUPAC name is
 - (A) 1-(5-nitrofurfuryl) hydantoin
 - (B) 1-(5-nitrofurfurylidene hydroxyl)hydantoin
 - (C) 1-(5-nitrofurfurylidine amino) hydantoin
 - (D) 1-(5-aminfurfurylidine nitro) dydantoin
- 70. Its gastrointestinal tolerance can be improved without interfering with oral absorption by preparing a
 - (A) solid dispersion

- (B) prodrug
- (C) large crystalline form (Macrodantin)
- (D) suspension

Common data for questions 71 and 72:

A compound 'X' with molecular formula C_2H_4O exhibits a strong absorption band at 1730 cm⁻¹ in IR spectrum. On reduction, it is converted into 'Y' which shows a strong band at 3640cm^{-1} .

- 71. Assign the band in X to
 - (A) CH₃
- (B) C = C
- (C) C = O
- $(D)CH_2C=O$

- 72. The strong band in Y is due to
 - (A) C C
- (B) C O C -
- (C) = CH₂
- (D) OH

Common data for questions 73, 74 and 75:

In the management of asthma, the drugs used are Salmeterol, Zafirlukast, Budesonide, Nedocromil sodium and Bambuterol.

- 73 Zafirlukast acts as
 - (A) β₂ adrenoceptor agonist
 - (B) Cysteinyl-leukotriene receptor antagnoist
 - (C) uscarinic receptor antagonist
 - (D) Antihistamine
- 74. A prodrug of terbutaline is
 - (A) Zafirlukast

(B) Salmeterol

(C) Bambuterol

- (D) Nedocromil sodium
- 75. Warfarin interacts with this antiasthmatic อายุ and increases prothrombin time
 - (A) Budesonide
- (B) Zatirlukast
- (C) Salmeterol
- (D) Bambuterol

Common data for questions 76, 77 and 78:

In a pharmaceutical industry, batch filtration of liquids where the proportion of solids to liquids is high is to be carried out. The complete recovery of solids is required. After filtration, the filtrate, which is corrosive, gives a crystalline product on evaporation. The liquid tends to deposit scales or crystals on the heating surface during evaporation.

- A suitable filtration equipment is
 - (A) Plate and frame filter press
- (B) Leaf filters

(C) Meta filters

- (D) Membrane filters
- 77. The filter aid used in the above filtration is
 - (A) Sand

(B) Nylon fibre cloth

(C) Activated carbon

(D) Filter paper

- 78. A suitable evaporator is
 - (A) falling film evaporator
- (B) forced circulation evaporator

(C) vertical evaporator

(D) horizontal tube evaporator

Common data for questions 79 and 80:

Isoprenoid biosynthesis is involved in the production of many biologically important compounds such as Cholesterol, Steriod Hormones, Vitamin K, Vitamin E and bile acids.

- HMG-Co A reductase, a key enzyme in the patway, catalyzes
 - (A) side chain cleavage in the conversion of cholesterol to steroid hormones
 - (B) the reduction of the thio-ester group to an alcohol in mevalonate biosyntheis.
 - (C) the reduction of the hydroxyl group of mevalonate to Vitamin D.
 - (D) steroid condensation reaction in the biosynthesis of bile acids.
- The inhibition of HMG-CoA teductase is a strategy used in the treatment of 80.
 - (A) Familia hyperchlesterolemia
- (B) Vitamin K deficiency
- (C) Inflammation in the joints
- (D) Hepatic parenchymal disease

Linked Answer Questions: Q.81a to Q85b Carry Two Marks Each. Statement for Linked Answer Questions 81a to 81b:

- 81. (A) The selective COX-2 inhibitor is
 - (A) Ketorolac
- (B) Rofecoxib
- (C) Indomethacin (D) Naproxen
- (B) The drug selected is not to be given, if the patient is already taking
- (A) Antiallergic drugs

- (B) Anxiolytic drugs
- (C) Antihypertensive drugs
- (D) Oral antidiabetic agents

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 82a to 82b: A drug solution has an initial potency of 300 mg/10ml. When stored in a refrigerator for 30 days, its potency was found to be 100 mg/10ml.

- (A) The rate constant, assuming that the drug solution undergoes first order kinetics, is:
 - (A) 0.0366 day⁻¹
- (B) 0.0074 day⁻¹
- (C) 0.0174 day-1 (D) 0.0506 day-1

- (B) Half-life of the drug solution, under these conditions is:
- (A) 9.4 days
- (B) 19 days
- (C) 47 days
- (D)4.7 days

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 83a to 83b:

Ginger is a widely used herbal drug, containing many chemical constituents.

- 83. (A) The pungent principle present in it, is
 - (A) Zingiberol
- (B) Zingiberene
- (C) Gingerol
- (D) Cineole
- (B) It's decomposition product, on boiling with 2% KOH is
- (A) Zingiberone

(B) Shogaol

(C) Gingediol

(D) Gingediol acetate

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 84a to 84b:

- 2, 6-dimethyl phenol and chloroacetone on reaction gives 'X', which on treatment with hydroxylamine and hydrochloric acid gives an intermediate product. This on further treatment with Raney nickel in acid, gives the final product.
- 84. (A) The product 'X' is:
 - (A) 1-(2, 6-Dimethyl phenoxy)-2-propanone
 - (B) 1-(2, 6-Dimethyl phenoxy)-2-butanone
 - (C) 1-(2, 6-Dimethyl phenoxy)-2-isopropanone
 - (D) 1-(2, 6-Dimethyl phenoxy)-2-pentanone
 - (B) The final product is
 - (A) 1-methyl-2-(2, 6-xylyloxy)isopropylamine
 - (B) 1-methyl-2-(2, 6-xylyloxy)ethylamine
 - (C) 1-methyl-2-(2, 6-xylyloxy)butylamien
 - (D) 1-methyl-2-(2, 6-xylyloxy)pentylamine

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 85a to 85b:

An organic compound 'X' has an absorption maxima at 217 nm. Its $\varepsilon_{ extstyle max}$ is 16,000. the absorbance is 0.64 when the cell length is 1 cm.

- 85. (A) The molar concentration of 'X' is
 - (A) 5×10^{-5}
- (B) 4×10^{-5}
- (C) 4×10^{-4}
- (D) 5×10^{-2}
- (B) If the molecular weight is 56.06, its concentration in gms/ml is:
- (A) 2.5×10⁻⁶
- (B) 0.25×10^{-6} (C) 5×10^{-5}
- (D) 2.24×10^{-6}

ANSWER Key – GATE-2005 Pharmaceutical Sciences

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
В	С	D	В	Α	С	D	С	Α	D
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
В	В	С	В	D	С	Α	С	D	Α
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
С	В	D	Α	Α	В	В	С	D	В
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
Α	Α	D	Α	С	В	В	D	В	Α
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
В	В	В	D	Α	Α	В	D	В	Α
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
С	Α	Α	В	В	Α	С	В	В	В
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
С	В	D	Α	D	В	D	В	С	С
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
С	D	В	С	В	Α	Α	Α	В	Α
81 a-	81 b	82 a	82 b	83 a	83 b	84 a	84 b	85 a	85 b
В	С	Α	В	С	В	С	В	В	D