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CA-CPT-June 2012 Question Paper with solutions

<u>1st session</u> Marks: 100 Marks Time: 2 h
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Part A – Fundamentals of Accounting

- 1. Which of the following is not a Nominal A/c?
 - a) Outstanding salaries A/c
 - b) Salaries A/c
 - c) Interest paid A/c
 - d) Commission received A/c
- 2. Amount recovered from Rahul, which was earlier written off as bad debt is debited to Cash A/c and credited to ____ A/c
 - a) Bad Debts
- b) Bad debts recovered
- c) Rahul
- d) Sales
- 3. A furniture dealer sold furniture for Rs 25000/to Sunil for cash. In the books of the dealer
 ____A/c is debited and A/c is credited a)

Cash, Fixed Asset

- b) Cash, Furniture
- c) Cash, Sales
- d) Cash, Sunil
- 4. Mr. X is a dealer in electronic goods (such as refrigerators, air conditioners, washing machines, televisions etc) He purchased 2 air conditioners and installed in his showroom. In the books of 'X' the cost of these 2 air conditioners will be debited to _
 - a) Drawing A/c
- b) Capital A/c
- c) Fixed Asset A/c
- d) Purchases A/c
- 5. Starting with over draft balance of cash book in B.R.S, a cheque of Rs. 5,500 deposited in bank and duly credited in pass book, but not recorded in cash book ____ in B.R.S
 - a) Rs. 5500 will be added
 - b) Rs. 5500 will be subtracted
 - c) Rs. 11000 will be added
 - d) Rs. 11000 will be subtracted
- 6. X sold goods to Y at cost + 10 % profit. Y sold goods to Z at 20 % profit on sales. If cost of the goods to X is Rs. 50,000. What is the cost of the goods to Z?
 - a) Rs. 66,000
- b) Rs. 68,750
- c) Rs. 65,000
- d) Rs. 69,450

7. Debit balance as per cash book is Rs. 1500 Cheque deposited, but not cleared Rs. 100 Cheque issued, but not presented Rs. 150 Dividend collected by bank Rs. 50 Interest allowed by bank Rs. 50

Balance as per pass book?

a) Rs. 1550

b) Rs. 1650

c) Rs. 1600

d) Rs. 1950

8. Calculate the closing stock on 31.03.2011

Particulars	31.03.2010	31.03.2011
Opening stock	Rs. 30,000	Rs. 35,000
Purchases	Rs. 3,25,000	Rs. 4,20,000
Sales	Rs. 4,00,000	Rs. 5,00,000

The profit margin remains unchanged

- a) Rs. 35,000
- b) Rs. 50,000
- c) Rs. 55,000
- d) Rs. 60,000
- 9. Rent paid for the period from 1-10-2010 to 30-09-2011 was Rs. 12,000/-

Rent paid for the period from 1-10-2011 to 30-09-2012 was Rs. 18,000/-

Rent to be debited to the P/L A/C for the year ended 31-03-2012 = ?

- a) Rs. 15,000
- b) Rs. 13,000
- c) Rs. 12,000
- d) Rs. 20,000
- 10. What is the effect on Gross profit, if closing stock is undervalued by Rs.10,000 and opening stock is overvalued by Rs.10,000?
 - a) G.P. will increase by Rs.10,000
 - b) G.P. will decrease by Rs.10,000
 - c) G.P. will decrease by Rs.20,000
 - d) No change in G.P.
- 11. Debtors as per trial balance = Rs. 80,000 Further information
 - i) Bad debts Rs. 2,000
 - ii) Provision for discount on debtors @ 5% will be
 - a) Rs. 4,100
- b) Rs. 4,000
- c) Rs. 3,900
- d) Rs. 4,200

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12. Calculate G.P. when –

 Opening stock
 Rs. 24,000

 Closing stock
 Rs. 15,000

 Sales
 Rs 6,00,000

 Cost of goods sold
 Rs. 4,55,000

 a) Rs. 1,30,000
 b) Rs. 1,45,000

c) Rs. 1,54,000 d) Rs. 1,06,000

 13. Opening stock
 Rs. 69,500

 Closing Stock
 Rs. 83,500

 Sales
 Rs. 1,60,000

 Purchases
 Rs. 1,10,000

G.P. on sales =?

a) 35% b) 40% c) 45% d) 30%

14. A diamond ring worth Rs.1,00,000 was stolen from the shop of M/s Shine Jewelers on 25-03-2012. Insurance claim of Rs. 60,000 was admitted, but not paid by the insurance company till 31-03-2012. In this regard, no entry was passed in the books of A/c. The correct journal entry to be passed while preparing the final accounts on 31-03-2012 is __

a) P&L A/c Dr. 1,00,000

To Purchases A/c 1,00,000

b) Insurance claim Receivable A/c

Dr. 40,000

Loss by theft A/c Dr. 60,000

To Purchases A/c 1,00,000

c) P & L A/c Dr. 40,000 Insurance claim Receivable A/c Dr. 60,000

To Purchases A/c 1,00,000

- d) None of the above
- 15. From the following information find out the credit sales

Opening Debtors Rs. 12,000
Closing Debtors Rs. 14,000
B/R accepted by Debtors Rs. 13,000

Cash received from Debtors Rs. 38,400 a) Rs. 39,400 b) Rs. 27,000 c) Rs. 65,400 d) Rs. 53,400

16. Opening Capital Rs. 1,00,000
Interest on Capital Rs. 10,000
Drawings Rs. 20,000
Interest on Drawings Rs. 2,000
Closing Capital Rs. 2,00,000

Net Profit ?
a) 1, 00,000 b) 1, 20,000 c) 1, 22,000 d) 1,12,000

17. A draws an accommodation bill on B for 3 months. Proceeds are to be shared equally. A got the bill discounted at 12 % per annum and remitted the proceeds of Rs. 48,500/- to B. The amount of the bill is

a) Rs. 1,00,000 b) 97,000 c) Rs. 1,10,000 d) Rs. 98,000

18. When an endorsed bill is dishonoured, the journal entry in the books of the drawer will be

a) Drawee A/c Dr.

To B/R A/c

b) Drawee A/c Dr. To Creditor A/c

c) B/R A/c Dr.

To Creditor A/c d) None of these

19. A drew a bill on B. A endorsed the bill to C in full settlement of his debt of Rs. 35,000 at 2% discount and paid cash Rs. 5000. What will be the amount of the bill?

a) Rs. 30,000 b) Rs. 29,700 c) Rs. 29,300 d) Rs. 30,700

20. Tinku & Bunty entered into Joint Venture to share profits and losses in the ratio of 2 :1. Tinku supplied 200 refrigerators costing Rs.2,00,000 to Bunty, incurring freight charges of Rs.10,000. Bunty sold 190 refrigerators for Rs.2,40,000 and took over the remaining 10 refrigerators for himself. The result of Joint venture =?

a) Loss Rs. 40,000 b) Profit Rs. 30,000 c) Profit Rs. 40,000 d) Profit Rs. 40,500

21. If the goods worth Rs. 20,000 were taken by a co-venture for Rs. 15,000, the Joint Venture A/c will be credited by

a) Rs. 20,000 b) Rs. 15,000 c) Rs. 25,000 d) Rs. 5,000

22. The cost of the furniture lost by fire is Rs. 18,000 Provision for depreciation on the date of fire is Rs. 2.700

Insurance claim accepted Rs. 12,000 Amount of loss to be debited to P & L A/c is _

a) Rs. 6,000 b) Rs. 15,300 c) Rs. 3,300 d) Rs. 18,000

23. A machine was purchased on 1-4-2010 for Rs. 14,400 and installation charges amounted to Rs.1,600. Expected lifetime is 8000 hours. During the year 2010-11, the machine worked for 2500 hours. The depreciation for the year will be _____

a) Rs. 4,500 b) Rs. 5,000 c) Rs. 3,200 d) Rs. 6,250

24. If the rate of depreciation under W.D.V. method is 15% p.a., the original cost of the machine is Rs. 10,00,000, Scrap value at the end of its useful life is Rs. 2,00,000, then the depreciation for the first year will be

a) Rs. 1,50,000 b) Rs. 1,20,000 c) Rs. 1,00,000 d) Rs. 80,000

25. A machine was purchased at the beginning of the year at Rs.5,30,000. The machine was wrongly depreciated by 10 % instead of 25 %. What will be the rectification entry?

a) P & L A/c Dr. 79,500
To Prov. for Depr. A/c 79,500
b) P & L A/c Dr. 26,500
To Prov. for Depr. A/c 26,500
To Prov. for Depr. A/c Dr. 26,500
To P & L A/C 26,500
d) Prov. for Depr. A/c Dr. 79,500
To P & L A/C 79,500

26. If a purchase of goods for Rs. 500 was wrongly posted to the credit side of Purchases A/c, the difference in trial balance will be ____

a) Rs. 500 b) Rs. 250 c) Rs. 1000 d) Rs. 1500

- 27. Which of the following errors will not be revealed in Trial balance?
 - a) Purchases book was overcast by Rs. 100
 - b) Purchase of goods for Rs. 100 for cash was debited to Purchases A/c, but omitted to be entered in cash book.
 - c) Sales book was undercast by Rs.500
 - d) Purchase of material for Rs. 300 used for installation of machinery was debited to Purchases A/c
- 28. Ravi Shankar, a sole trader gifted a car to his son-in-law on the occasion of his daughter's marriage. The following entry was passed in this regard.

Car A/c To Cash A/c	Dr. 5,00,000	5,00,000
What is the rectification	ation entry?	
a) Drawings A/c To Cash A/c	Dr. 5,00,000	5,00,000
b) Drawings A/c To Car A/c	Dr.5,00,000	5,00,000
c) Car A/c To Drawings A/o	Dr. 5,00,000 c	5,00,000
d) Cash A/c To Car A/c	Dr. 5,00,000	5,00,000

29. A Trader has calculated a net profit of Rs. 56,750. Later he found that discounted received of Rs. 580/- and discount allowed of Rs. 665 have been recorded on the wrong sides of these accounts. What would be the correct profit?

a) Rs. 56,580 b) Rs. 56,665 c) Rs. 56,835 d) Rs. 56,920

- 30. Sacrificing ratio is calculated in the case of ___
 - a) Admission of a partner
 - b) Retirement of a partner
 - c) Death of a partner
 - d) Insolvency of a partner
- 31. Average capital employed Rs. 5,00,000
 Normal rate of return 10%
 Goodwill at 5 years purchase of super profit
 Rs. 98,000

Calculate the average profit

a) Rs. 69,600 b) Rs. 1,48,000 c) Rs. 4,40,000 d) Rs. 48,000

32. Rahul and Bajaj are partners in the ratio of 1:2. They admitted Birla as a new partner. The new profit sharing ratio is 1:2:3. Find out the sacrificing ratio?

a) 1:2 b) 2:1 c) 2:3 d) 3:2

33. Called up capital Rs. 4,00,000
Calls in advance Rs. 25,000
Calls in arrears Rs. 40,000
Paid up capital ?
a) Rs. 3,60,000 b) Rs. 3,85,000
c) Rs. 4,15,000 d) Rs. 4,25,000

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34. When the debentures are issued at discount and are redeemable at premium, which of the following accounts is debited at the time of issue? a) Debentures A/c b) Premium on redemption of debentures A/c c) Loss on issue of debentures A/c	41. Z Ltd. purchased an asset from D Ltd. for Rs.4,00,000 by issuing the debentures of Rs. 100 each at discount of 20%. What is the amount to be credited to Debentures A/c? a) Rs. 4,00,000 b) Rs.4,50,000 c) Rs. 5,00,000 d) Rs. 5,75,000
d) Capital reserve A/c 35. When debentures are issued as collateral security a) No interest is paid on debentures b) Interest is paid on face value	42. If debentures of Rs.4,70,000 are issued in consideration of net assets of Rs. 5,00,000, the balance of Rs. 30,000 will be credited to a) P & L A/c b) Goodwill A/c c) General reserve A/c d) Capital Reserve A/c
c) Interest is paid on issue priced) Interest paid on market price	43. A company issued 10,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each at a premium of 20% for the
 36. When shares are issued to the promoters for their servicesA/c is debited a) Preliminary Expenses b) Promoters c) Goodwill d) Share Capital 	redemption of 15,000 preference shares of Rs. 10 each. If the company has sufficient profits, the amount to be transferred to Capital Redemption Reserve A/c will be a) Rs. 50,000 b) Rs. 1,00,000 c) Rs. 1,50,000 d) Rs. 30,000
 37. When shares are forfeited Share Capital A/c is debited by a) Nominal value of shares b) Paid up value of shares c) Called up value of shares d) Forfeited amount 38. Which of the following statements is false? 	44. X Ltd. issued shares of Rs. 20 each at discount of 10%. Mr. Ram, a holder of 100 shares could not pay the final call of Rs. 5 per share and his shares were forfeited. If these shares are reissued, what is the maximum amount of discount to be allowed on re-issue? a) Rs. 8 b) Rs. 2 c) Rs. 15 d) Rs. 13
 a) Issued capital can never be more than authorized capital b) In case of under subscription, issued capital will be less than the subscribed capital c) Uncalled capital may be converted into reserve capital 	 45. If debentures are issued at a discount of 20%, the discount on issue of debentures is shown as: a) Current asset b) Interest asset c) Current liabilities d) Miscellaneous expenses
d) Paid up capital is equal to called up capital less calls in arrears	46. Mr. A sends goods to B for Rs. 1,50,000 on sale or return basis for which no confirmation was
39. The power of forfeiture of shares is exercised by:a) Promotersb) Directors as per the provisions of Articles of Association	yet received. What is the amount to be added to the closing stock, if the goods were sent at profit of $33\frac{1}{3}$ % on cost Rs.?
c) The Government d) Shareholders	a) 1,12,500 b) 1,37,500 c) 1,50,000 d) 1,28,000
 40. Which of the following statements is true? a) Fully paid preference shares can only be redeemed b) A company can issue irredeemable preference shares 	47. A trader calculated his profit at Rs. 38,750 on 31-03-2012. It is a) A transaction b) An event c) Transaction as well as event d) Neither transaction nor event
c) A company cannot redeem preference	48. For every debit there will be an equal credit

shares at premium

d) Preference shares can be redeemed after 20

years from the date of their issue

according to ____concept

c) Money Measurement d) Dual aspect

b) Cost

a) Matching

49.	of an asset at	requires the valuation		a) debtor c) creditor	b) principald) employee			
	a) Original costc) Net realisable value		58.	. If A paid price to car, b	out he said to deliver thecontract			
50.		ncial statements of one er year is possible only		a) executory c) future	b) executed			
	a) Going concern c) Consistency	b) Accrual		If a person promises to so, then damage a) Special				
51.	Profit / Loss is calculate a) Recording	<u> </u>		c) nominal	d) none of these			
	c) Interpretation	d) Summarising	60.	placed, is given to Buye	where the goods are er is _type of delivery. a)			
52.	objective of accounting			constructive c) actual				
	a) Systematic recordingb) Ascertainment of pro	ofit or loss	61.	Auction sale will be cor a) delivery of goods				
	c) Ascertainment of a fird) Solving tax disputes v	•		c) fall of hammer	, .			
53.	a down payment	of Rs. 10,00,000, with of Rs.2,00,000 and payable for Rs.8,00,000.	62.	. Match fixing between a a) Valid c) Illegal	a player and broker is b) Void d) Unenforceable			
What would be the effect on total assets and total liabilities in the balance sheet? a) Assets increased by Rs.8,00,000 and liabilities decrease by Rs. 8,00,000 b) Assets decreased by Rs.8,00,000 and liabilities increased by Rs. 8,00,000				B. ABC are partners. A takes a house on rental basis for the firm purpose and failed to pay the rent. House owner can recover rent from a) A only b) B&C Only c) A & C Only d) All partners				
	liabilities increased by R	by Rs. 8,00,000 and	64.	 Which of the following is not true in case of minor? a) Rule of estoppel b) Ratification of terms on attaining majority c) Contract with minor is valid 				
	PartB-Merca	antileLaws	65.	d) All of the above . Holiday packages a	idvertised by touring			
54.	him. Y enters into an agi	y does not sell his house to reement to sell the house. e treated as an agreement		operators is a) Cross offer c) Invitation to offer	b) Counter offer d) All of the above			
	a) fraud b) u	ındue influence misrepresentation	66.	agreed, in the event of	ship, unless otherwise of losses the loss of the by all the partners in			
55.	Agree situation. a) law d) implied	ements are created by b) written c) void		ratio. a) equal c) capital	b) profit sharing d) by draw of lots			
56.	•	s a duty enforceable by: c) custom d) court	67.	must be a proof of	action for deceit, there			
57.	Every partner is an ag	gent of firm as well as		a) misrepresentationc) Undue influence	b) coercion d) Fraud			

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68. Change in the constitution of the firm takes place in the following cases except in a) change in profit sharing ratio b) Admission of a partner c) Retirement of a partner d) Insolvency of a partner	77. A sold a gold chain to 'B' on sale or return basis and 'B' sold the same to 'C' on sale or return basis 'C' lost the chain. Who should born the loss? a) A b) B c) C d) None of these
 69. In case of a breach of contract, remedies available to aggrieved party are a) Suit for damages b) suit for recession c) suit for specific performance d) All of the above. 	 78. 'X', a coolie taken the luggage of 'Y'. X took the luggage upto the taxi, Y didn't stop X to take the luggage. In this case Y is to pay the amount. a) bound b) not bound Free d) None of these
70. Passing of property constitutes most important element in deciding legal rights and liabilities lies with a) seller b) buyer c) both d) None	 79. Only those agreement which are contracts a) Contain a promise b) Are not legally enforceable c) Are legally enforceable d) Are not valid
71. 'R' supplies gold to 'S', a Jeweler shop owner, to make an ornament. 'S' charged Rs. 500. The contract is a) Agreement to sell b) Hire Purchase c) Contract of labour d) Future Sale	80. Reserve price is considered / awarded in a) Sale by sample b) Sale by description c) Sale by auction d) All of the above
72. A student agreed, under pressure, to gift his entire property to his educational guru. Such agreement can be set aside on the ground of: a) Undue influence b) Fraud c) Mistake d) Misrepresentation	81. A minor can become the partner, with the consent of a) guardian b) Parents c) All Partners d) Majority of partners 82. When the property on goods is transferred from
73. Non fulfillment of obligation by offeree preceeding to acceptance. The offer is a) Revoked b) Lapsed	seller to buyer at once. This contract is called. a) Sale b) future Sale c) Agreement to Sell d) All of the above 83. X paid to Y 1Lakh for purchase of a flat.
c) Communicated d) Completed 74. For admitting the partner in partnership, consent should be given by a) one or more partners b) majority of partners c) All the partners d) None of these	promises to give possession of flat after one year. Y's promise to give possession of flat isconsideration a) Executed b) Executory c) Past d) Future
75. Doctrine of caveat emptor does not apply when a) goods are purchased by sample. b) goods are purchased by description. c) goods are purchased by sample as well as	84. A partner may be expelled from the firm or fulfillment of the condition that power or expulsion is exercised a) As given by express contract b) In good faith c) Majority of partners d) All of the above
description. d) All of the above. 76. When a book seller sells a book on cash, it is known ascontract a) Executed b) Executory c) Unilateral d) Bilateral	85. According to Sale of Goods Act, the term deliverable state means a state in which buyerto take delivery of goods a) is bound b) is not bound c) may bound or may not bound d) All of the above

	as perfor a) Reces c) Quanti	ssion um meruit	b) Inj d) No	uction one of the	se	t t n	he firm an he business	d does no but allo with good	not contribu ot participato ows the firm will is called b) Sleeping	to use his as _ partner
87	. The mai transfer	n aim of Sa	ale of goo	ds Act, 1	930 is to	C	Nominal p	artner	d) Limited p	artner
	-	ssion of goo		operty one of the	se	U	ınregistered	firm	ng is not a gainst the thi	_
88	new boo	book comp k only for t offer.	•			b c) Its partner c) It cannot c	s cannot f laim a set	ile a fait agai off exceeding third party.	nst the firm
	a) Gener c) implie	d	d) inv	ecific vitation to		n	natter, then			to essential
89	which wi		ced next of	year in his goods. ascertair	s garden.	93. " b ii a	Y' sold some be of the b nferior qual	e goods to est qualit ity it is a ca	o 'X' which 'X sy. But the g	divide the desired of
		<u>K</u>	ey - Pa	art A – I	FUNDAME	NTALS	OF ACC	OUNTIN	<u>1G</u>	
	1.	Α	2.	В	3.	С	4.	С	5.	В
	6.	В	7.	В	8.	С	9.	Α	10.	С
	11.	С	12.	В	13.	В	14.	С	15.	D
	16.	D	17.	Α	18.	В	19.	С	20.	D
	21.	В	22.	С	23.	В	24.	Α	25.	Α
	26.	С	27.	D	28.	В	29.	Α	30.	Α
	31.	Α	32.	Α	33.	Α	34.	С	35.	Α
	36.	С	37.	С	38.	В	39.	В	40.	Α
	41.	С	42.	D	43.	Α	44.	С	45.	D
	46.	Α	47.	В	48.	D	49.	Α	50.	С
	51.	D	52.	D	53.	D				
				Part	B – MERO	CANTILI	E LAWS			
	54.	С	55.	D	56.	Α	57.	В	58.	Α
	59.	В	60.	В	61.	С	62.	В	63.	D
	64.	D	65.	С	66.	В	67.	D	68.	Α
	69.	D	70.	С	71.	С	72.	Α	73.	В
	74.	С	75.	D	76.	Α	77.	В	78.	Α
	79.	С	80.	С	81.	С	82.	Α	83.	В
	84.	D	85.	Α	86.	С	87.	В	88.	В
	80	D	90	C	91	D	92	Δ	93	C

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CA - CPT - June 2012 Question Paper (Based on Memory)

2nd session Marks: 100 Marks Time: 2 hrs.

Part A – General Economics

	Tall A - Ochora	' -	CONOMICS						
1. 2.	A fall in the price of normal good leads to a) Shift in demand curve b) Fall in demand c) Rise in consumer's real income d) A fall in consumer's real income Expansion and contraction in demand are	 8. Marginal utility from the consumption of a commodity would be zero where a) Total utility is zero b) Total utility is rising c) Total utility is highest d) Total utility is falling 							
- -	caused by a) Changes in the income of the buyer b) Changes in the taste and preferences of the buyer c) Changes in the price of the commodity d) Changes in the prices of related goods		If the total utility of a commodity is 5 and marginal utility is 1, a person consumes 3 units. What is the consumer's surplus? a) 2 b) 4 c) 6.5 d) 3.5 The function of an entrepreneur is						
3.	Which of the following elasticity of demand measures the movement along the demand curve rather than shift in demand curve a) Income elasticity of demand b) Price elasticity of demand	11	 a) Initiating an enterprise and resource coordination b) Risk bearing c) Introducing innovations d) All of the above The concept of returns to scale is related with						
	c) Cross elasticity of demand d) None of the above	a) Very short period b) Short period c) Long period d) None							
4.	If 20% fall in price of commodity brings 40% increase in its demand, then the demand for commodity will be treated as a) inelastic b) elastic c) highly elastic d) Perfectly elastic	12	Law of diminishing returns is applicable in a) Agriculture b) Manufacturing industry c) Neither (a) nor (b) d) All economic activities at a point of time						
5.	When the price elasticity of demand is zero,	13	Find TFC at 3 units of output						
	the slope of the demand curve will be a) Horizontal b) Vertical c) Sloping downwards d) None		Output 0 1 2 3 4 5 Total cost 620 650 720 850 920 990						
3.	As price falls by 20% the quantity supplied also falls by 10%. Measure price elasticity of		a) 150 b) 230 c) 620 d) 520						
	supply? a) 0.2 b) 0.5 c) 2 d) 0.4	14	Cost in terms of pain, discomforts, disabilities involved in supply of factors of production by their owner are termed as						
7.	Total utility starts decreasing when a) Marginal utility is positive b) Marginal utility is negative		a) Real cost b) Explicit cost c) Social cost d) Implicit cost						
	c) Marginal utility is regulive d) None of the above	15	. Which curve is also called Envelop curve? a) Long Run MC curve b) MC curve c) Long Run Average cost curve						

16.	determined by a) Total cost curve and	output equilibrium is total revenue curve marginal revenue curve	26.	a) High birth rate	tion can occur by b) Low death rate d) All of these			
		e and marginal revenue d) Only MC curve	27	•	programs and Million Wells grated into one in 1999 and wn as			
	Average revenue curve a) Profit curve c) Supply curve	b) Demand Curve d) Average cost curve		a) Swarnajayanthi (Gram Swarozgar Yozana m Swarozgar Yozana			
18.	For a discriminating me for equilibrium is	onopolist the condition	28.	. Identify the correct	t statement			
	a) MR > mc			•	unemployment and poverty			
	c) $MR_a = MR_b = MC$	d) All of the above		are not inter - relate b) The birth rate in	ted India is high because of low			
19.	Selling costs have to be	incurred in case of		incidence of pover	•			
	a) Perfect competition	ee.		•	poverty has been solved in			
	b) Monopolistic Compe			India	d) None of the above			
	c) Monopoly	u) None of these	29	TRAL is the regul	atory authority for in			
20.	In the short run the f	firm leaves the market		India				
	when AR is less than			a) Railways	b) Transport			
	a) MC b) Total cost	c) AVC d) LMC		c) Taxes	d) Telecommunications			
21.	performed by	llocation of resources is	30	. Indian Railways ne world	twork is the in the			
	a) Government			a) largest	b) smallest			
	c) Planners	d) Price mechanism		c) second largest	d) second smallest			
22.	Normative economics is a) Ethical consideration b) Facts and generalization	ns	31. Which is the Apex body in industrial fina					
	c) What is			•	ppment Bank of India			
	oj Wilat is	u) Till Of the above		b) Reserve Bank of				
23.	Dual system of pricing e	exists in		c) State Bank of Ind				
	a) Free market econom	у		d) Ministry of Indu	stries			
	b) Socialistic Economy		32	Central Bank of a co	ountry does not deal with			
	c) Mixed economy	d) None of these	52	a) State Governme c) Central Governm	ent b) public			
24.		od, the logic proceeds		d) Commercial Bar				
	from a) General to particular			a) commoroidi Bai				
	b) Particular to general		33	. Which of the follo	owing is a tool of monetary			
	c) Both (a) and (b)	d) None of these		•	ns Central Bank could use to nomy during an inflationary			
25.	The density of populati 2001 census is	on in India according to		period?	Reserve requirements			
	a) 324 persons per squa			b) Lowering discou	•			
	b) 320 persons per squa			c) Selling Governme				
	c) 350 persons per squa			d) None of the abo				
	d) 360 persons per squa			4, 115.115 01 1110 1150110				

Downloaded From: www.carocks.wordpress.com 34. Purchasing power of money falls when 43. A change in the exchange rate from \$1 = Rs. 46 a) Price level increases to \$1 = Rs. 39, implies a) Devaluation of Rupee b) Income level decreases b) Appreciation of Rupee c) Price level decreases d) Money supply falls c) Depreciation of Rupee d) None of these 35. In India, inflation is measured by 44. The reason behind implementation of a) Consumer price index economic reforms in 1991 in India was b) Agriculture index a) Direction from world Bank c) Industrial price index b) Failure of Economic Policies of existing d) Wholesale price index government c) Low foreign exchange reserves d) None of the above 36. The combined phenomenon of stagnation and inflation is called a) Demand - Pull inflation 45. The FERA has been replaced by _ b) Cost – push inflation a) MRTP Act b) FEMA d) Stagflation d) None c) Money inflation c) IDRA 37. Which of the following constitutes M₃ 46. Fiscal policy means a) Policy Relating to Money & Banking in a) M₁ + post office saving deposits country b) Demand deposits + coins + currency notes b) Policy Relating to Public Revenue and c) M₁ + Time deposits of the public with Banks Public Expenditure d) None of the above c) Policy Relating to Non - Banking Financial Institutions d) None of these 38. Invisible items are part of a) Balance of Trade Account 47. Net Domestic Production = Gross Domestic b) Balance of Payments Account Product minus __ c) Official Reserve Account b) Indirect Taxes a) NFIA d) Reserve Bank of India Account d) Transfer payments c) Depreciation 39. In Balance of payments, which of the following 48. As per the value added method of measuring does not constitute the Balance of Current national income identify which of the following Account item will be excluded a) Balance of Trade a) Production for Self - Consumption b) Balance of Services b) Imputed Rent of owner occupied houses c) Balance of Unilateral Transfers c) Brokerage earned by selling second hand d) Balance of Private Direct Investment goods d) Sale proceeds of second hand goods 40. International body which deals with rules of trade between nations is c) OPEC a) UNO b) WTO d) IBRD 41. Which institution is known as the soft lending 49. If $\log_x y = 100$ and $\log_2 x = 10$ then the value arm of the World Bank? of y a) IFC b) IMF c) WTO d) IDA d) 2¹⁰⁰⁰⁰ a) 2¹⁰ b) 2¹⁰⁰ $c) 2^{1000}$ 42. Privatisation refers to a) Encouraging private Industries b) Transfer of Assets from public to Private

ownership

c) Both (a) & (b)

d) None of the above

50. The value of $\frac{3^{n+1}+3^n}{3^{n+3}-3^{n+1}}$ =

a) 1/3 b) 1/6 c) 1/4 d) 1/9

51.	The number {3, 4, 5, 6, 7} is	3			e set	61.	equa	tion is					a Quadratic he equation
	a) 32 b)	31	c) 30	d) 25			is		. 05	^	L	40	05 . 0
52.	On the set of perpendicular		-	e Relatior	n" is						d) Non		(+25=0 these
	a) Reflexive c) Transitive		b) Symn	netric of these		62	_	minir 6x + 1		alue	of the	fun	ction f(x) =
53.	The range of the		on f:N-	>N define	ed by		a) 1		b) 2		c) 3		d) 10
	$f(x) = (-1)^{x-1}$		b) [1 1	11		63	Evalı	ıata li	2+8	3 + 18	+ + 2 n ³	.n ²	_
	a) {0 , -1} c) {1 , 0}		d) {1, 0, -	·		03.				-			
							a) 1/3	3	b) 2/3	3	c) 4/3		d) 1
54.	In an A.P if the and 7 th term the values of a	exceeds	the 3 rd te			64.	. If g(x) = -	25 – x	c ² the	en lim x→1	(x) – x –	<u>g(1)</u> =
	a) 3,2 b)			d) 6,5			a) 0		b) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	1 <u></u> 24	c) ₁ /24	-	d) None
55.	If the 8 th term first 15 terms i a) 15 b)	S		en the su d) 225		65.	. If x =	ct;y	= c/t th	en $\frac{d}{d}$	<u>y</u> =		
56.	Find the point joining the poratio 5:2 extern	ints (2		•									d) None
	a) (-5,8) b)	•	c) (-5,4)	d) (-8,	5)	66.	. If Y =	e ^{a.log:}	x + e ^{x.lo}	^{oga} th	en $\frac{dy}{dx}$ =	:	
57	Find the	sum	of	the s	eries		a) xª	+ a ^x			b) a.x ^a	⁻¹ +	a ^x .loga
	$2, \frac{4}{y}, \frac{8}{v^2}, \frac{16}{v^3}, \dots$						c) a.x	x ^{a–1} +	x.a ^{x-1}		d) x ^x +	-a ^a	
	a) $\frac{2y}{y-2}$		b) $\frac{4y}{3y-3}$	2		67.	$\int_{0}^{1} \frac{1}{[ax]}$	dx + b(1	$\frac{1}{(-x)]^2}$	=			
	c) $\frac{3y}{y-2}$		d) None	of these			a) a/l	0	b) b/a	l	c) ab		d) 1/ab
						68.	. If n _{p₄}	= 20	. n _{p2} th	nen n	=		
	The equation through the p $4x - 3y - 1 = 0$	oint of i	ntersectio – 5v + 3 =	on of the 0 and pa	lines rallel				& (b)			e of	these
	to 4x + 5y = 6 i a) 4x + 5y - 12 c) 4x + 5y - 9 =	s = 0 = 0	b) 4x + 5 d) 4x + 5	y – 16 = 0 y – 11 = 0		69.	engir com	neers. mittee	How I	many	ways o	an i	1.B.A's and 3 they form a s from each
59.	The range of inequality $3x-2$	2 > 7 and	4x-13 > 1	5 is	the		field a) 90		b) 100	00	c) 787		d) 945
	a) x > 3 b)	x >7	c) x<7	d) x<3	3	70	. The	lette	rs of	the	word	"VIC	OLENT" are

60. If $2 + \sqrt{3}$ is one root of $x^2 + px + q = 0$ Then p

c) -4,1

d) 4,1

b) 4,-1

and q are

a) -4,-1

arranged so that vowels occupy even places

d) 72

only. The number of permutations is

b) 120 c) 24

a) 144

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71. Which of the following are not in proportion a) 6,8,5,7 b) 7,3,14,6	83. If 2 variables are uncorrelated then regression lines are
c) 18,27,12,18 d) 8,6,12,9	a) Parallel b) Perpendicular c) Coincident d) Inclined at 45 ⁰
72. The S.I on Rs. 2000 for 5 months at the rate of 16% per annum is a) 133.33 b) 133.26 c) 134.00 d) 132.09	84. Calculate the Fisher index number from the following data
73. The S.I on a sum of money is 4/9 of the principal and the no. of years is equal to the rate of interest per annum. Find the rate of	$\Sigma p_0 q_0 = 116$; $\Sigma p_0 q_1 = 140$; $\Sigma p_1 q_0 = 97$; $\Sigma p_1 q_1 = 117$ a) 83.59 b) 184.09

74. The mean of first 3 terms is 14 and the mean
of next 2 terms is 18. The mean of 5 numbers
is

a) 14.5

a) 5%

b) 15

b) 6%

interest per annum

c) 14

c) 20/3%

d) 15.6

d) 22/7%

75. G.M of three observations 40, 50, and x is 10 the value of x is

- a) 2
- b) 4
- c) 1/2
- d) None

76. Which of the following statement is true?

- a) Q.D < M.D < S.D
- b) Q.D > M.D > S.D
- c) Q.D < S.D < M.D
- d) Q.D > S.D > M.D

77. S.D of 1st 'n' natural numbers is 2 then n =

- a) 12
- b) 7
- c) 9

78. The S.D is independent of change of

- a) Origin b) Scale
- c) Both
- d) None

79. Covariance of two variables x & y is 25 V(x) = 36 & V(y) = 25 then r =

- a) 0.409 b) 0.419
- c) 0.833
- d) 0.027

80. If $x \otimes y$ are the A.M's, $\sigma_x \otimes \sigma_y$ are the S.D's, b_{vx} , b_{xv} are regression coefficients of variables x & y respectively. The point of Intersection of regression lines x on y & y on x is

a) (\bar{x}, y) b) σ_x, σ_y c) (b_{yx}, b_{xy}) d) (σ^2_x, σ^2_y)

- 81. The coefficient of correlation between two variables x and y is the simple ____ of the regression coefficients.
 - a) A.M
- b) G.M
- c) M.M
- d) None
- 82. If regression lines are 8x 10y + 66 = 0 and 40x - 18y = 214 then correlation coefficient between x & y is
 - a) -1
- b) 0.6
- c) 0.6
- d) 1

- c) 120.02
- d) None of these
- 85. Calculate the cost of living index number for the year 1975 is

Commodity	19	70	1975			
Commodity	price	Qty	price	Qty		
Α	1	6	3	5		
В	3	5	8	5		
С	4	8	10	6		

- a) 260.37 b) 265.48 c) 274.32
- 86. Cost of sugar in a month under the heads Raw Materials, labour, direct production and others were 12, 20, 35 and 23 units respectively. What is the difference between the central angles for the largest and the smallest components of the cost of sugar?
 - a) 72°
- b) 48°
- c) 56°
- d) 92°
- 87. Which of the following graph is used to calculate the partition values
 - a) Lorenz Curve
- b) Ogive Curve
- c) Histogram
- d) None
- 88. Data given below refers to marks gained by a group of students

Class	Below	Below	Below	Below	Below	
	10	20	30	40	50	
C.F	15	38	65	84	100	

Find the no of students getting more than 30 marks.

- a) 50
- b) 53
- c) 35
- d) 52
- 89. Arun & Tarun appear for an interview for 2 vacancies. The Probability of Arun's selection is 1/3 and that of Tarun's selection is 1/5. Find the probability that only one of them will be selected.
 - a) 2/5
- b) 4/5
- c) 6/5
- d) 8/15

90.	Let A and E	B are two e	vents in a	sample spa	ice	95.	The mean	n and var	iance of a	random	variable x	K
			yo events in a sample space $\frac{1}{2} p(\bar{B}) = \frac{5}{8} p(A \cup B) = \frac{3}{4}$			•	. The mean and variance of a random variable x having the following P.D.F					
	Sucii illai	$p(A) - \frac{1}{2}$					P(X=x) =	X < ∞				
	Find P(A ∩	_ B)						a 70				
	a) 3/4	b) 1/4	c) 3/16	d) None			a) 4, 1 ₂	b) 4, -	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ c) 2,	2 (d) 2, $\frac{1}{2}$	
91.	A card is	drawn out	of standa	rd pack of	52			·· · · · ·	•-			
		•	ability tha	t it is a king	or	96.			s said to opulation F			Ί
	red colour' a) 1/4	<i>?</i> b) 4/13	c) 7/13	d) 1/2			a) E(T) =	-	-		as $n \to \infty$	
^^	•	•	vice we get, Rs 5 if two				c) both of these d) None of these					
92.			_		, Rs 5 if two opear, Rs 1 if			to test	the qua	lity of	chalks th	е
				ted income		following method should be adopted.						
	a) 3.5		b) 2.5 c) 4.5 d) 5.5				a) Complete Enumeration b) Simple Random Sampling					
93.	. For Binomial Distribution a) Variance < Mean b) Variance > Mean											
	•		•				c) Stratified Random Sampling d) Systematic Random Sampling					
c) Variance		= Mean	d) None	of these	these		In Systen	natic San	npling ever	v 6 th sa	mpling un	iit
94.	94. If x is a Poission variate and E (x) =				1 then		 In Systematic Sampling every 6th sampling unit is picked from a sampling frame of workers is 1 					
P(x>1) is					_				e of sample			
	a) $1 - \frac{e^{-1}}{2}$	b) $1 - e^{-1}$	c) 1-2e	$^{-1}$ d) $1-\frac{5}{2}$ e	-1		a) 6	D) 8	c) 10	(d) None	
	_		Kev -	Part A -	- GENER	RAL	ECON	<u>OMICS</u>				
	1.	С	2.	С	3.	В			В	5.	В	
	6.	В		В	8.	С			A	10.	D	
	11.	C	12.		13.	С			A	15.	C	
	16.	С	17.		18.	С			В	20.		
	21.	D	22.	D	23.	С	2	24.	В	25.	Α	
	26.	D	27.	Α	28.	D	2	<u>2</u> 9.	D	30.	С	
	31.	Α	32.	В	33.	С	3	34.	Α	35.	D	
	36.	D	37.	С	38.	В			D	40.	В	
	41.	D	42.	В	43.	В	2	14.	С	45.	В	
	46.	В	47.	С	48.	D						
			Par	t B - QUA	ANTITAT	IVE	E APTIT	UDE				
	49.	С	50.	В	51.	В	5	52.	В	53.	В	
	54.	Α	55.	С	56.	В			Α	58.	С	
	59.	В	60.	С	61.	В			A	63.	В	
	64.	В	65.	C	66.	В			D	68. 7 0	В	
	69.	D	70.	A	71.	A			A	73.	C	
	74. 70	D C	75. 80.	C	76. 81	A B		77. 22	B B	78. 83	A B	
	79. 84.	A	85.	A A	81. 86.	D		32. 37.	В	83. 88.	С	
	64. 89.	A	90.	В	91.	С		92.	В	93.	A	
	94.	C	95.	A	96.	С		97.	В	98.	В	
	U 1.	-	50.	- •	J J .	•	•	•	_	55.	_	

91. (96. (THE END