WARNING: Any malpractice or any attempt to commit any kind of malpractice in the Examination will DISQUALIFY THE CANDIDATE.

### PAPER - II BIOLOGY

	Julius.		
Version Code	B 1	Question Booklet Serial Number	1100
Time: 150 Minutes		Number of Questions : 120	Maximum Marks : 480
Name of Candidate		ducatio	10
Roll Number		uucativ	
Signature of Candi	date		

#### INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- Please ensure that the VERSION CODE shown at the top of this Question Booklet is the same as that shown in the OMR Answer Sheet issued to you. If you have received a Question Booklet with a different VERSION CODE, please get it replaced with a Question Booklet with the same VERSION CODE as that of the OMR Answer Sheet from the Invigilator. THIS IS VERY IMPORTANT.
- 2. Please fill in the items such as name, signature and roll number of the candidate in the columns given above. Please also write the Question Booklet Sl. No. given at the top of this page against item 4 in the OMR Answer Sheet.
- 3. Please read the instructions given in the OMR Answer Sheet for marking answers. Candidates are advised to strictly follow the instructions contained in the OMR Answer Sheet.
- 4. This Question Booklet contains 120 Questions. For each Question, five answers are suggested and given against (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E) of which, only one will be the Most Appropriate Answer. Mark the bubble containing the letter corresponding to the 'Most Appropriate Answer' in the OMR Answer Sheet, by using either Blue or Black ball point pen only.
- 5. Negative Marking: In order to discourage wild guessing, the score will be subject to penalization formula based on the number of right answers actually marked and the number of wrong answers marked. Each correct answer will be awarded FOUR marks. One mark will be deducted for each incorrect answer. More than one answer marked against a question will be deemed as incorrect answer and will be negatively marked.

IMMEDIATELY AFTER OPENING THIS QUESTION BOOKLET, THE CANDIDATE SHOULD VERIFY WHETHER THE QUESTION BOOKLET ISSUED CONTAINS ALL THE 120 QUESTIONS IN SERIAL ORDER. IF NOT, REQUEST FOR REPLACEMENT.

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL UNTIL THE INVIGILATOR ASKS YOU TO DO SO.

# Mathrubhumi Education

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# Mathrubhumi Education

## PLEASE ENSURE THAT THIS BOOKLET CONTAINS 120 QUESTIONS SERIALLY NUMBERED FROM 1 TO 120 (Printed Pages : 32)

- 1. The type of bond involved in the formation of sodium chloride is
  - (A) Ester Bond
  - (B) Peptide Bond
  - (C) Ionic Bond
  - (D) Covalent Bond
  - (E) Hydrogen Bond
- 2. Who was the first to discard the idea of fixity of species?
  - (A) Jean Baptiste Lamarck
  - (B) Charles Darwin
  - (C) Robert Hooke
  - (D) William Harvey
  - (E) Stanley Cohen
- 3. Match the items in Column I with Column II and choose the correct option

Column I	Column II
a. Ascus	1. Spirulina
b. Basidium	2. Penicillium
c. Protista	3. Agaricus
d. Cyanobacteria	4. Euglena
e. Animalia	5. Sponges

- (A) a-2, b-3, c-4, d-5, e-1
- (B) a-1 b-2 c-3 d-5 e-4
- (C) a-2, b-5, c-3, d-1, e-4
- (D) a-1, b-2, c-3, d-4, e-5
- (E) a-2, b-3, c-4, d-1, e-5
- 4. Which one of the taxonomic aids can give comprehensive account of complete compiled information of any one genus or family at a particular time?
  - (A) Taxonomic Key
- (B) Flora
- (C) Herbarium

- (D) Monograph
- (E) Dictionary

Bio-09-B1

٥.	The Phylogenetic System of classification was put forth by
	(A) Carolus Linnaeus
	(B) George Bentham and Joseph Dalton Hooker
	(C) Aristotle
	(D) Theophrastus
	(E) Adolf Engler and Karl Prantl
6.	Slimy mass of protoplasm with many nuclei and an amoeba-like thalloid
	body is a characteristic feature of
	(A) Ascomycetes
	(B) Actinomycetes
	(C) Phycomycetes
	(D) Basidiomycetes
	(E) Myxomycetes
	(L) Myxomycetos
7.	Which one of the following series includes the orders Ranales, Parietales and
/•	Malvales?
	(A) Bicarpellatae
	(B) Thalamiflorae
	(C) Calyciflorae
	(D) Disciflorae (E) Inferae
	(E) Illiciae
8.	Which one of the following classes is included under Gymnosperms?
	(A) Lycopsida
	(B) Bryopsida
	(C) Cycadopsida
	(D) Pteropsida
	(E) Sphenopsida
	Trialin upnunn
9.	Which one of the following is an example for sub-aerial modification of
	stem?
	(A) Agave
	(B) Oxalis
	(C) Asparagus
	(D) Tridax
	(E) Polyalthia
D'	00 D1
B10-	-09-B1 4

- 10. Multicostate parallel type of venation is found in the leaves of
  - (A) Grasses and Palms
  - (B) Banana and Canna
  - (C) Castor and China Rose
  - (D) Mango and Peepal
  - (E) Castor and Tapioca





The above inflorescence is a

- (A) Cyathium
- (B) Dichasial cyme
- (C) Umbel
- (D) Panicle
- (E) Verticillaster
- 12. The leaves are modified into spines in
  - (A) Nepenthes
  - (B) Opuntia
  - (C) Australian Acacia
  - (D) Utricularia
  - (E) Tamarix

Bio-09-B1

- 13. The characteristic type of placentation found in the members of Caryophyllaceae is
  - (A) Parietal
  - (B) Marginal
  - (C) Basal
  - (D) Axile
  - (E) Free central
- 14. Which of the following statements are correct?
  - a. When a fruit develops from the inflorescence, it is composite
  - b. Mesocarp is the edible part in apple
  - c. Gynobasic style is seen in Ocimum
  - d. Hypanthodium is a special type of inflorescence found in *Euphorbia* species
  - (A) a and d are correct
  - (B) a and c are correct
  - (C) a and b are correct
  - (D) b, c and d are correct
  - (E) b and d are correct
- 15. Which one of the following represent the floral characters of Poaceae?
  - (A) Pedicellate, bracteate, bisexual, tetramerous, actinomorphic, complete and superior ovary
  - (B) Pedicellate, bracteate, bisexual, pentamerous, zygomorphic, complete and superior ovary
  - (C) Sessile, bracteate, bracteolate, incomplete, uni or bisexual, perianth modified into lodicules, stamens three, syncarpous, superior ovary and feathery stigma
  - (D) Bracteate, unisexual, actinomorphic, stamens five and inferior ovary
  - (E) Bracteate, bracteolate, bisexual, pentamerous, actinomorphic, complete and superior ovary

- 16. Select the characters which are not applicable to the family Solanaceae?
  - Epipetalous and syngenesious anthers
  - Bicarpellary and syncarpous ovary
  - Oblique ovary with axile placentation
  - Stamens six, arranged in two whorls
  - Bicarpellary, syncarpous and inferior ovary
  - (A) b and c only
  - (B) a, d and e only
  - (C) b, d and e only
  - (D) a and c only
  - (E) c, d and e only
- 17. The binomial of sunn hemp is
  - (A) Crotolaria juncea
  - (B) Erythrina indica
  - (C) Glycine max
  - (D) Arachis hypogea
  - (E) Dalbergia sissoo
- 18. Match Column I with II and choose the right option

- 1. Artemisia
- Astragalus
- Phormium
- Chrysanthemum
- Withania
- II
- Fibre a.
- Insecticide b.
- Rat poison
- Medicine
- Vermifuge
- Gum
- (B)  $1 b \quad 2 e$ 3-d
- 3-a
- (D) 1-f 2-e 3-a5-d

- 19. Match the following and choose the correct combination
  - a. Endodermis
- 1. Companion cells
- 2. Lenticels
- b. Stomata
- 3. Palisade cells
- c. Sieve tube d. Periderm
- 4. Passage cells

- e. Mesophyll
- 5. Accessory cells
- (A) a-4, b-5, c-2, d-1, e-3
- (B) a-5, b-3, c-1, d-2, e-4
- (C) a-4, b-5, c-1, d-2, e-3
- (D) a-2, b-5, c-3, d-4, e-1
- (E) a-4, b-2, c-5, d-3, e-1
- 20. Alburnum is otherwise known as
  - (A) Periderm
  - (B) Sapwood
  - (C) Heart wood
  - (D) Bark
  - (E) Cork cambium
- 21. At maturity the sieve plates become impregnated with
  - (A) Cellulose
  - (B) Pectin
  - (C) Suberin
  - (D) Lignin
  - (E) Callose
- 22. Consider the following statements and choose the correct option
  - a) The thread like cytoplasmic strands, running from one cell to other is known as plasmodesmata
  - b) Xylem and phloem constitute the vascular bundle of the stem
  - c) The first formed xylem elements are described as metaxylem
  - d) Radial vascular bundles are mainly found in the leaves
  - (A) (a) is true, but (b), (c) and (d) are wrong
  - (B) (b) is true, but (a), (c) and (d) are wrong
  - (C) (c) is true, but (a), (b) and (d) are wrong
  - (D) (d) is true, but (a), (b) and (c) are wrong
  - (E) (a) and (b) are true, but (c) and (d) are wrong

- 23. The dry weight of macromolecules like DNA, RNA and proteins can be determined using
  (A) Fluorescent Microscopy
  (B) Dark Field Microscopy
  (C) Phase Contrast Microscopy
  (D) Differential Interference Contrast Microscopy
  (E) Scanning Electron Microscopy
- 24. Which one of the following statements is not true?
  - (A) Immersion oil increases the refractive index
  - (B) Fluorescent microscopy uses the normal light to view molecules
  - (C) Electron microscope has only electromagnetic lenses
  - (D) Scanning tunneling microscope is useful in scanning computer chips for defects
  - (E) Density gradient centrifugation can be used in the separation of cellular organelles
- **25.** The vacuoles of plant cells are bound by a single semi-permeable membrane called
  - (A) Cristae
  - (B) Thylakoids
  - (C) Tonoplast
  - (D) Protoplast
  - (E) Plasmalemma
- 26. The cell organelle associated with intracellular digestion of macromolecules is
  - (A) Lysosome
  - (B) Peroxisome
  - (C) Polysome
  - (D) Dictyosome
  - (E) Glyoxysome

Bio-09-B1 9 [P.T.O.

27.	Analyze the following pairs  a. Chromoplasts  b. Leucoplasts  c. Amyloplasts  d. Alueroplasts  e. Elaioplasts	<ul> <li>and identify the correct options given</li> <li>Contain pigments other than chlorophyll</li> <li>Devoid of any pigments</li> <li>Store proteins</li> <li>Store oils and fats</li> <li>Store carbohydrates</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>(A) b and c are correct</li> <li>(B) c and d are correct</li> <li>(C) d and e are correct</li> <li>(D) a and b are correct</li> <li>(E) a, b and c are correct</li> </ul>	
28.	The heme-protein complex  (A) Hemoglobin  (B) Myoglobin  (C) Chlorophyll  (D) Cytochrome  (E) Peptidoglycan	es which act as oxidizing agents are known as
29.	Which one of the following  (A) Fungi (B) Phospholipid (C) Enzyme (D) ATP (E) Antibody	r is wrongly matched?  - Chitin  - Plasma membrane  - Lipopolysaccharide  - Nucleotide derivative  - Glycoprotein
30.	<ul><li>(B) Cyanide action on cyto</li><li>(C) Sulpha drug on folic ac</li></ul>	nic dehydrogenase by malonate chrome oxidase cid synthesizing bacteria kinase by glucose 6-phosphate
31.	The non-sister chromatids other during (A) Diplotene (D) Pachytene	twist around and exchange segments with each (B) Diakinesis (C) Leptotene (E) Zygotene
Bio-0	9-B1	10

32.	Cohesion theory of water movement in plants was put forth by
	(A) Melvin Calvin
	(B) F.F. Blackman
	(C) T.W. Englemann
	(D) Henry Dixon
	(E) Hans A. Krebs
33.	Select the correct events leading to the opening of the stomata
	a. Decline in guard cell solutes
	b. Lowering of osmotic potential of guard cells
	c. Rise in potassium levels in guard cells
	d. Movement of water from neighbouring cells into guard cells
	e. Guard cells becoming flaccid
	(A) a and e only
	(B) b, c and d only
	(C) a, c and d only
	(D) b, d and e only
	(E) c and e only
34	The enzyme responsible for the reduction of molecular nitrogen to the

- 34. The enzyme responsible for the reduction of molecular nitrogen to the level of ammonia in leguminous root nodule is
  - (A) Nitrogenase
  - (B) Nitrate reductase
  - (C) Nitrite reductase
  - (D) Hydrogenase
  - (E) Carboxylase
- 35. Which one of the following is an amide involved in nitrogen assimilation by plants?
  - (A) Glutamate
  - (B) Alanine
  - (C) Asparagine
  - (D) Serine
  - (E) Glycine

36.	In C <sub>3</sub> plants, the first stable compound formed after CO <sub>2</sub> fixation is
	(A) Phosphoglyceraldehyde
	(B) Malic acid
	(C) Oxaloacetic acid
	(D) 3-phosphoglycerate
	(E) Ribulose 1,5 bisphosphate
27	Which one of the following is not true about the light reactions of
37.	photosynthesis?
	(A) Light energy provides energy for the photolysis of water through
	excitation of the reaction centre of PS II
	(B) The flow of electrons from water to NADP in non-cyclic electron
	transport produces one ATP
	(C) Reactions of the two photosystems are needed for the reduction of NADP
	(D) $P_{680}$ and $P_{700}$ are the reaction centres of PS I and PS II respectively
	(E) NADPH is not produced in cyclic electron transport in light reactions
38.	The minerals involved in the photolysis of water are
	a. Manganese b. Calcium c. Magnesium d. Chloride
	(A) a and b only (B) a, b and d only (C) a, b and c only
	(D) c and d only (E) a and d only
39.	The enzyme responsible for primary carboxylation in C <sub>3</sub> plants is
	(A) Hexokinase
	(B) Succinic dehydrogenase
	(C) Pyruvate carboxylase
	(D) RuBP carboxylase oxygenase
	(E) PEP carboxylase
40.	The R.Q. value of oxalic acid is
	(A) 1.0 (B) 0.7 (C) 4
	(D) ∞ (E) 1.5
41.	The reactions of pentose phosphate pathway (PPP) take place in
11.	(A) Mitochondrion
	(B) Cytoplasm
	(C) Chloroplast, Peroxisome and Mitochondrion
	(D) Chloroplast, Glyoxysome and Mitochondrion
	(E) Chloroplast, Lysosome and Mitochondrion
Bio-	-09-B1 12

- 42. Which one of the following is complex V of the ETS of inner mitochondrial membrane?
  - (A) NADH dehydrogenase
  - (B) Cytochrome c oxidase
  - (C) Ubiquinone
  - (D) Succinate dehydrogenase
  - (E) ATP synthase
- 43. Which one of the following statements is not true?
  - (A) Pollen grains are released from anthers at 2-celled state
  - (B) Sporogenous cell directly behaves as the megaspore mother cell
  - (C) Megaspore divides twice to form an eight nucleate embryo sac
  - (D) Egg and synergids always lie near the micropylar end of ovule
  - (E) Endosperm is triploid
- 44. Consider the following statements and choose the correct option
  - (a) The genetic constitution of a plant is unaffected in vegetative propagation
  - (b) Rhizome in ginger serves as an organ of vegetative reproduction
  - (c) Totipotency of cells enables us to micropropagate plants
  - (A) Statements (a) and (b) alone are true
  - (B) Statements (b) and (c) alone are true
  - (C) Statement (b) alone is true
  - (D) Statement (c) alone is true
  - (E) All the three statements [(a) (b) and (c)] are true
- 45. The ripening of fruits can be hastened by treatment with
  - (A) Gibberellins
  - (B) Cytokinins
  - (C) Ethylene gas
  - (D) Auxin
  - (E) Abscissic acid

Bio-09-B1 13 [P.T.O.

46.	Match the following and choose the correct combination
-----	--

Column I

Column II

Zeatin a.

- 1. Flowering hormone
- b. Florigen

2. Synthetic auxin

**IBA** C.

3. Cytokinin

4. Natural auxin

- NAA d.
- (A) a-3, b-4, c-1,
- (B) a 2, b - 1,
- d-3c-4,
- (C) a 1, b-2 c-3,
- (D) a 4, b - 1
- d-3
- (E) a 3,
- c-2b - 1, c-4, d-2
- 47. The response of different organisms to environmental rhythms of light and darkness is called
  - (A) Phototropism
- (B) Phototaxis
- (C) Photoperiodism

- (D) Vernalization
- (E) Thermotaxis
- 48. The shade tolerant plants are known as
  - (A) Psammophytes
- (B) Heliophytes
- (C) Halophytes

- (D) Sciophytes
- (E) Hydrophytes
- 49. Which one of the following is commonly found in temperate coniferous forest?
  - (A) Quercus
  - (B) Dipterocarpus
  - (C) Shorea robusta
  - (D) Pinus wallichiana
  - (E) Prosopis
- 50. Plant species having a wide range of genetical distribution evolve into a local population known as
  - (A) Ecotype
  - (B) Biome
  - (C) Ecosystem
  - (D) Population
  - (E) Ephemerals

Bio-09-B1

51.	Sele	ect the formul	a for ecological	l efficiency		
	(A)	Gross prim	ary productivity total solar radiat	v×100		
	-	Food energ	y assimilated ×1			
	(B)		nergy ingested			
	(C)		y productivity x mary productivi			imi
	(D)		biomass product			
	(E)	Volume of	CO <sub>2</sub> evolved CO <sub>2</sub> consumed	luc		
52.		e percentage (88) is	of forest cover	recommend	led by the N	ational Forest Policy
			ns and 67% for	hills		
			ns and 63% for			
		_	ns and 70% for			
	(D)	23% for plai	ns and 77% for	hills		
	(E)	30% for plai	ns and 60% for	hills		
53.	Wh	nich one of the	following is no	ot a renewa	ble, exhausti	ble natural resource?
		Water		Wild life		Soil fertility
		Minerals		Aquatic ani		are more of the 93
54.	Wh	nich one of the	following is no	ot an air pol	llutant?	
		Pollen from		Phosphates		Carbon monoxide
		Hydrocarbon		Sulphur dic		in Caratta a
55.			e following is a industrial emission		ent device to	eliminate particulate
	(A)	Cyclonic sep	parators			
	(B)	Trajectory se	eparators			
		Pyrolysis				
		Incineration				
	(E)	Electrostatio	precipitator			
Bio-	-09-B1			15		[P.T.O.

	56.	<ul> <li>Which of the following are true?</li> <li>(a) Benzene hexachloride is a non biodegradable pollutant</li> <li>(b) Anthropogenic air pollutants are natural in origin</li> <li>(c) Carbon monoxide is a primary air pollutant</li> <li>(d) Sulphur dioxide causes brown air effect during traffic congestion cities</li> <li>(A) (a) and (c) only</li> <li>(B) (a) and (b) only</li> <li>(C) (b) and (c) only</li> </ul>			
		(D) (b) and (d) only (E) (a) a	and (d	) only	
	57.	Match the following and choose the given below	he coi	rect combination from the options	
		Column I (Green House Gases)		Column II (Concentration in 2000 AD)	
		(a) CO <sub>2</sub>	(1)	282 ppt	
		(b) CH <sub>4</sub> (c) N <sub>2</sub> O	(2)	316 ppb 368 ppm	
		(d) CFC + HFC	(4)	1750 ppb	
		(A) (a) – (3), (b) – (4), (c) – (2), (B) (a) – (4), (b) – (3), (c) – (2), (C) (a) – (2), (b) – (3), (c) – (4), (D) (a) – (1), (b) – (4), (c) – (2), (E) (a) – (1), (b) – (2), (c) – (3),	(d) - (d) - (d) -	(1) (1) (3)	
•	58.	The fungus used for the commercia	l prod	uction of SCP is	
		<ul> <li>(A) Pentadiplandra brazzeana</li> <li>(B) Fusarium graminearum</li> <li>(C) Brassica napus</li> <li>(D) Bacillus thuringiensis</li> </ul>	U		
		(E) Phytophthora infestans			
	59.	Shakti, Rattan and Protina are three (A) Rice (B) Pul (D) Maize (E) Cot	ses	rtant lysine rich varieties of (C) Wheat	
	60.	Which one of these diseases in anim (A) Rinderpest (B) Tic (D) Diarrhoea (E) Car	k feve		

16

	<ul><li>(A) G. Mendel</li><li>(B) Charles Darwin</li><li>(C) J.B. Lamarck</li><li>(D) Hugo de Vries</li><li>(E) A.Weismann</li></ul>			
62.	Which one of these is no	t a case of Artificial Se	lection?	
	<ul><li>(A) Shetland pony</li><li>(B) Great Dane dog</li><li>(C) Broccoli</li><li>(D) Peppered moth</li><li>(E) Arabian race horse</li></ul>			
63.	Amphibians were domina	ant during		
	<ul><li>(A) Carboniferous</li><li>(D) Cambrian</li></ul>	<ul><li>(B) Silurian</li><li>(E) Jurassic</li></ul>	(C) Ordovician	
64.	Which of these is referre	d to as 'Venus flower b	oasket'?	
	<ul><li>(A) Spongilla</li><li>(D) Cliona</li></ul>	<ul><li>(B) Sycon</li><li>(E) Proterion</li></ul>	(C) Euplectella	
65.	The presence of tube feet (A) Arthropoda (B) Annelida (C) Nemathelminthes (D) Echinodermata (E) Mollusca	t is a characteristic feat	ture of the Phylum	
66.	Two chambered heart is  (A) Amphibians (B) Fishes (C) Reptiles (D) Birds (E) Mammals	a feature of		
Bio-(	9-B1	17		[P.T.O.

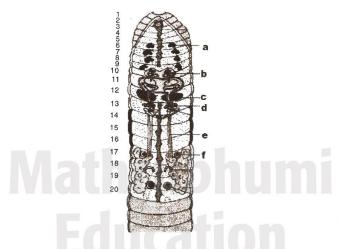
Who postulated the Mutation theory?

61.

- 67. Match List I with List II and choose the correct option
  - List I (Organism)

List II (Excretory Structure)

- 1. Cockroach
- . nephridia
- 2. Clarias
- b. malpighian tubules
- 3. Earthworm
- c. kidneys
- 4. Balanoglossus
- d. flame cells
- 5. Flatworm
- 2 1
- e. proboscis gland 4-d, 5-e
- (A) 1-a, 2-c, (B) 1-c, 2-a,
- 3 b,
- 4 e, 5 d
- (C) 1 b, 2 a,
- 3-c,
- 4 e, 5 d4 - c, 5 - d
- (D) 1-b, 2-a, (E) 1-b, 2-c,
- 3 e, 3 a,
- 4 e, 5 d
- 68. Choose the correct combination of labelling from the options given



- (A) a-Testis, b-Spermatheca, c-Seminal vesicle, d-Ovary, e-Vas deferens, f-Accessory gland
- (B) a-Spermatheca, b-Testis, c-Ovary, d-Seminal vesicle, e-Vas deferens, f-Accessory gland
- (C) a-Spermatheca, b-Testis, c-Seminal vesicle, d-Ovary, e-Vas deferens, f-Accessory gland
- (D) a-Spermatheca, b-Testis, c-Accessory gland, d-Ovary, e-Vas deferens, f-Seminal vesicle
- (E) a-Spermatheca, b-Ovary, c-Seminal vesicle, d-Testis, e-Vas deferens, f-Accessory gland

69. Which one of the following is not a characteristic feature of frog?
(A) The skin is moist and slimy
(B) Each of the fore limbs and hind limbs end in five digits
(C) Hepatic portal and renal portal systems are present

(D) Skin, buccal cavity and lungs are the respiratory organs

- (E) Heart is three chambered
- 70. The second layer of epidermis in rat integument is
  - (A) Stratum lucidium
  - (B) Stratum germinativum
  - (C) Stratum corneum
  - (D) Stratum granulosum
  - (E) Dermis
- 71. Accessory glands associated with the genital organs in female rats are
  - I. Vestibular Bartholins
  - II. Cowper's gland
  - III. Ampullary glands
  - IV. Vesicular gland
  - (A) I and II
  - (B) III and II
  - (C) IV only
  - (D) III only
  - (E) I only
- 72. Cells of Schwann are associated with
  - (A) nervous tissue
  - (B) skeletal muscle
  - (C) cardiac muscle
  - (D) connective tissue
  - (E) cartilage tissue

Bio-09-B1 19 [P.T.O.

- 73. Match List I with List II and find the correct option
  - List I (Epithelial tissue)
- List II (Location)

- 1. Cuboidal
- a. Epidermis of skin
- 2. Ciliated
- b. Inner lining of blood vessels
- 3. Columnar
- c. Inner surface of gall bladder
- 4. Squamous
- d. Inner lining of fallopian tube
- 5. Keratinized squamous
- e. Lining of pancreatic duct
- (A) 1 e, 2 d, 3 b, 4 - c,
- 5 a5 - a(B) 1 - c, 2 - d, 3 - e, 4 - b,
- (C) 1 e, 2 d, 3 c, 4 - b, 5 - a
- (D) 1 c, 2 d, 3 - e4-a
- (E) 1-c, 2-e, 3-d, 4-a
- Which of the following represents a test cross?
  - $(A) Ww \times WW$
  - (B)  $Ww \times Ww$
  - (C)  $Ww \times ww$
  - (D)  $WW \times WW$
  - (E) ww  $\times$  ww
- 75. In which one of the following, complementary gene interaction ratio of 9:7 is observed?
  - (A) Fruit shape in Shepherd's purse
  - (B) Coat colour in mouse
  - (C) Feather colour in fowl
  - (D) Flower colour in pea
  - (E) Four 'O' clock plant
- 76. Select the correct bases of DNA, RNA and amino acid of beta chain resulting in sickle cell anaemia

DNA	RNA	Amino Acid
(A) CTC/GAG	GUG	Glutamic acid
(B) CAC/GTG	GUG	Valine
(C) CAC/GTG	GAG	Valine
(D) CTC/GAG	GUG	Valine
(E) CAC/GUG	GAG	Glutamic acid

- 77. When a segment of a chromosome breaks and later rejoins after 180° rotation, it is known as

  (A) Deletion
  (B) Duplication
  (C) Inversion
  (D) Interstitial translocation
  (E) Reciprocal translocation
- 78. Pick out the correct statements
  - (1) Haemophilia is a sex linked recessive disease
  - (2) Down's syndrome is due to aneuploidy
  - (3) Phenylketonuria is an autosomal dominant gene disorder
  - (4) Phenylketonuria is an autosomal recessive gene disorder
  - (5) Sickle cell anaemia is an X-linked recessive gene disorder
  - (A) (1), (3) and (5) are correct
  - (B) (1) and (3) are correct
  - (C) (2) and (5) are correct
  - (D) (1), (4) and (5) are correct
  - (E) (1), (2) and (4) are correct
- 79. What would be the correct base sequence in mRNA for the given DNA strand?

- (A) 5'—GCUUAAGGCAUU—3'
- (B) 5'—UUACGGAATTCG—3'
- (C) 3'—UUACGGAAUUCG—5'
- (D) 3'—AAUGCCUUAUCG—5'
- (E) 5'—UUACCGAUUUCG—3
- 80. The inheritance of ABO blood groups in humans is an example of
  - (A) Pleiotropism
  - (B) Epistasis
  - (C) Polygenic inheritance
  - (D) Incomplete dominance
  - (E) Multiple allelism

Bio-09-B1 21 [P.T.O.

81.	In DNA of certain organisms, Guanine constitutes 20% of the bases. percentage of the bases would be Adenine?			
	(A) 0%	(B) 10%	(C) 20%	
	(D) 30%	(E) 40%	· ·	
82.	The dominant epistasis rat			
	(A) 9:3:3:1	(B) 12:3:1	(C) 9:3:4	
	(D) 9:6:1	(E) 9:7		
83.	The process of transforma	tion was discovered by		
051	(A) Maurice H.F. Wilkins			
	(B) M. Meselson and F.W			
	(C) James Watson and Fr			
	(D) Hershey and Chase			
	(E) Fredrick Griffith			
84.	Which of the following co			
	(A) UAA	(B) UAU	(C) UGU	
	(D) UGC	(E) UGG		
85.	Match Column I with Col	umn II and find the correc	t answer	
	COLUMN I	COLUMN II		
	a. Monoploidy	i. $2n - 1$		
	b. Monosomy	ii. $2n+1$		
	c. Nullisomy d. Trisomy	iii. $2n + 2$ iv. $2n - 2$		
	e. Tetrasomy	v. 2n – 2 v. n		
		vi. 3n		
	(A) a-v b-i c	-iv $d-ii$ $e-iii$		
×.		-iv $d-i$ $e-iii$		
		-iii $d-iv$ $e-ii$		
		-iii $d-vi$ $e-v$		
	(E) $a-i$ $b-v$ $c$	-iii $d-ii$ $e-iv$		
86.	Which one of the following	ng nitrogenous base is seen	n only in RNA?	
	(A) Adenine	(B) Thymine	(C) Uracil	
	(D) Cytosine	(E) Guanine		
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8		In Morgan's experiments on linkage, the percentage of white eyed, miniature winged recombinants in F <sub>2</sub> generation is						
	(A)	1.3	(B) 3	37.2	(C)	62.8		
	(D)	73.2	(E) !	98.7				
8	(A) (B) (C) (D)	Ti plasmids used in genetic engineering is obtained from  (A) Bacillus thuringiensis  (B) Agrobacterium rhizogenes  (C) Agrobacterium tumefaciens  (D) Pseudomonas syringae  (E) Bacillus subtilis						
8	(A) (B) (C) (D)	Topoisomerase Adenosine deam DNA ligase DNA polymeras Reverse transcrip	inase e	A fragments is				
9	(A) (B) (C) (D)	Arbovirus Rotavirus Enterovirus Parvovirus Retrovirus	ed as vector	in gene therapy for s	SCID	)?		
9	(A) (B) (C) (D)	e largest gene in n Dystrophin Insulin gene Beta globin gene Tumor suppresso Oncogene	of hemoglo	ubhu bin tiot				
93	(A) (B) (C) (D)	e type of nutrition Saprozoic Autotrophic Holozoic Saprophytic Parasitic	where orga	nisms engulf food m	ateri	als is		
В	Bio-09-B1			23			[P.T.O.	

- 93. The vitamin essential for blood coagulation is
  - (A) Vitamin B<sub>6</sub>
  - (B) Vitamin A
  - (C) Vitamin K
  - (D) Vitamin E
  - (E) Vitamin D
- 94. Dentition in man is
  - (A) Acrodont and Homodont
  - (B) Thecodont, Homodont and Polyphyodont
  - (C) Thecodont, Heterodont and Polyphyodont
  - (D) Thecodont, Heterodont and Diphyodont
  - (E) Acrodont, Heterodont and Diphyodont
- 95. Match List I with List II and choose the correct option

List I

List II

- Salivary amylase a.
- i. proteins
- Bile salts b.
- ii. milk proteins
- C. Renin
- iii. starch
- Pepsin

- iv. lipids
- Steapsin
- emulsification of fats
- (A) a vb - ivc - id-ii
- (B) a ii b iiic - ivd - v
- (C) a ii b ivc - iii d - i
- (D) a iii b vc - iie - ivd - i
- (E) a iii b v c id-ii
- 96. Read the following statements and select the correct one
  - (A) The H<sup>+</sup> released from carbonic acid combines with haemoglobin to form haemoglobinic acid
  - (B) Oxyhaemoglobin of erythrocytes is alkaline
  - (C) More than 70% of carbon dioxide is transferred from tissues to the lungs in the form of carbamino compounds
  - (D) In a healthy person, the haemoglobin content is more than 25 gms per 100 ml
  - (E) In lungs, the oxygen from the alveolus reaches the blood through active transport

Bio-09-B1

- 97. An oval depression called fossa ovalis is seen on
  (A) inter atrial septum
  (B) inter ventricular septum
  (C) right auriculo-ventricular septum
  (D) left auriculo-ventricular septum
- **98.** The deposition of lipids on the wall lining the lumen of large and medium sized arteries is referred to as
  - (A) Deep vein thrombosis

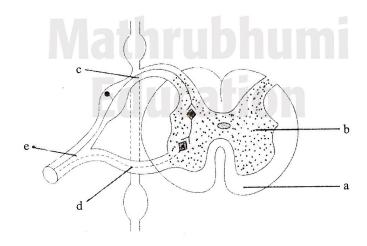
(E) papillary muscles

- (B) Stokes Adams Syndrome
- (C) Osteoporosis
- (D) Osteoarthritis
- (E) Atherosclerosis
- 99. Find the incorrect statement regarding mechanism of urine formation in man
  - (A) The glomerular filtration rate is about 125 ml per minute
  - (B) The ultrafiltration is opposed by the colloidal osmotic pressure of plasma
  - (C) Tubular secretion takes place in the PCT
  - (D) Aldosterone induces greater reabsorption of sodium
  - (E) The counter current systems contribute in diluting the urine
- 100. A bird excretes nitrogenous waste materials in the form of
  - (A) Uric acid
  - (B) Ammonia
  - (C) Urea
  - (D) Amino acids
  - (E) Ammonia and Urea
- 101. Which of the following is correct with reference to haemodialysis?
  - (A) Absorbs and resends excess of ions
  - (B) The dialysis unit has a coiled cellophane tube
  - (C) Blood is pumped back through a suitable artery after haemodialysis
  - (D) Anti-heparin is added prior to haemodialysis
  - (E) Nitrogenous wastes are removed by active transport

Bio-09-B1 25 [P.T.O.

- 102. The longest bone of the human body is
  (A) Humerus
  - (B) Tibia
  - (C) Vertebra
  - (D) Femur
  - (E) Incus
- 103. The glands which help in absorbing odoriferous substances to stimulate olfactory nerve are
  - (A) Cerumenous glands
  - (B) Meibomian glands
  - (C) Bowman's glands
  - (D) Cowper's glands
  - (E) Bidder's glands
- 104. The region between two successive Z-lines in a myofibril is
  - (A) sarcomere
  - (B) sarcosome
  - (C) fascia
  - (D) anisotropic band
  - (E) isotropic band
- 105. Which one of the following is wrongly matched?
  - (A) Myosin
- contractile protein
- (B) Tendon
- connective tissue
- (C) Smooth muscle
- involuntary muscle
- (D) Red muscle
- myoglobin
- (E) Troponin
- fibrous protein

106. In a cross section of the spinal cord a, b, c, d and e represents



- (A) a white matter, b grey matter, c dorsal root, d ventral root e spinal nerve
- (B) a white matter, b grey matter, c ventral root, d dorsal root e spinal nerve
- (C) a grey matter, b white matter, c ventral root, d dorsal root e spinal nerve
- (D) a grey matter, b white matter, c dorsal root, d ventral root e spinal nerve
- (E) a white matter, b grey matter, c spinal nerve, d ventral root e – dorsal root

107. Pons, cerebellum and medulla together constitute

- (A) hind brain
- (B) mid brain
- (C) fore brain
- (D) telencephalon
- (E) cerebral hemispheres

Bio-09-B1

27

[P.T.O.

### 108. Match the following

- i. fovea
- provides opening for entry of light
- ii. iris
- transduces RGB light
- iii. pupil
- transmits information to CNS
- iv. lens
- controls amount of light entering
- optic nerve
- focuses light on the retina
- iii e iv b(A) i - dii – a
- (B) i eii – a
- iii d
- iv c
- (C) i-cii – a
- iii d iv e v b
- (D) i aii – b
- iii c iv d v e
- (E) i-bii – d
- iii a
  - iv e

### 109. An adenohypophysis hormone which is regulated by feedback mechanism is

- (A) oxytocin
- (B) TSH
- (C) vasopressin
- (D) cortisone
- (E) calcitonin

### Match the hormone with its source of secretion

- Somatostatin a.
- Pineal gland
- **b**. Melatonin
- Corpus luteum ii.
- Aldosterone
- Placenta iii.
- d. Progesterone
- Adrenal cortex
- **HCG** e.
- Islet of Langerhans v.
- Adenohypophysis vi.

$$(A) a - v b - i$$

- (B) a ib - ii
- c iv
- d-iii e - v

e – ii

- (C) a ii
- b vic - iv
- d ve - iii

- (D) a v
- b ic - iv
- d ii e – iii

- (E) a i
- b-iii
- d ii c - ive-v

Bio-09-B1

111.	Muscular tetany can be caused by deficiency of						
	(A) Thyroxine						
	(B) Oxytocin						
	(C) STH						
	(D) ADH						
	(E) Parathyroid hormone						
112.	The type of asexual reproduction found in Hydra is						
	(A) Multiple fission						
	(B) Budding						
	(C) Sporulation						
	(D) Binary fission						
	(E) Gemmule formation						
113.	The chemical substance released by activated spermatozoa that acts on the ground substances of the follicle cells is known as						
	(A) Progesterone						
	(B) Hyaluronidase						
	(C) Relaxin						
	(D) Gonadotropin						
	(E) Teratogen						
114.	Match List I with List II and choose the correct answer						
	List I						
	a. Hypothalamus 1. Sperm lysins						
	b. Acrosome 2. Estrogen						
	c. Graafian follicle 3. Relaxin						
	d. Leydig cells 4. GnRH						
	e. Parturition 5. Testosterone						
	(A) $a-4$ , $b-1$ , $c-2$ , $d-3$ , $e-5$						
	(B) $a-2$ , $b-1$ , $c-4$ , $d-3$ , $e-5$						
	(C) $a-2$ , $b-1$ , $c-5$ , $d-4$ , $e-3$						
	(D) $a-4$ , $b-1$ , $c-2$ , $d-5$ , $e-3$						
	(E) $a-5$ , $b-1$ , $c-3$ , $d-2$ , $e-4$						
Bio-0	99-B1 29 [P.T.O.						

- 115. A taxon which is facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild in immediate future is known as
  - (A) Rare
  - (B) Exotic
  - (C) Vulnerable
  - (D) Endangered
  - (E) Critically endangered
- 116. Morphine, which is used as an analgesic is obtained from
  - (A) Chinchona officinalis
  - (B) Papaver somniferum
  - (C) Taxus brevifolia
  - (D) Berberis nilghiriensis
  - (E) Cupressus cashmeriana
- 117. Match Column I with Column II and choose the correct answer

Column I

Column II

- neoplasm
- haematopoietic cell tumours
- b. benign tumour
- bone, cartilage tissue cancers ii.
- c. carcinomas
- iii. malignant tumour
- d. sarcomas
- cancer of epithelial tissues
- e. lymphomas
- v. non-cancerous tumour
- vi. initiation of new tumours
- (A) a iii b v
- d-i(B) a-iii b - v
- d ii b – iii
- d ii c - iii b - iv
- d-iii e-vic - iv

- 118. Match the following and choose the correct answer

### Column II

- a. Phobia
- b. Neurosis
- 1. Maladaptive habit 2. Undue concern about health
- c. Hypochondria
- 3. Lack of sleep
- d. Insomnia
- 4. Intense fear
- (A) a 2,
  - d 3- 4, c-3,
- (B) a 2, b - 1,
- (C) a 4, b - 1,
- c 3, d-2
- (D) a 3,
  - b 4, c 2, d 1
- (E) a 4, b 1, c 2, d 3
- 119. Choose the wrong statement regarding AIDS
  - (A) AIDS is an immunodeficiency disease
  - (B) It is caused by a retrovirus, HIV
  - (C) HIV selectively infects and kills B-lymphocytes
  - (D) Retroviruses have RNA genomes that replicate via DNA intermediate
  - (E) Viral RNA genome is converted into DNA copy by reverse transcriptase
- 120. Tiny lesions of multiple sclerosis on brain and spinal tissue can be observed
  - (A) Magnetic Resonance Imaging
  - (B) Positron Emission Tomography
  - (C) X-ray Radiography
  - (D) Digital Subtraction Angiography
  - (E) Electro Encephalography

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Bio-09-B1