Honda Motor Company Ltd.



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Introduction

Honda is a multinational automobile and motorcycle production and sales group

- Products: generators, farm machinery, power machinery, automobiles, motorcycles.
- Founder: Soichiro Honda
- ▶ 179,000 employees
- More than 120 production bases in 29 countries around the world.

Corporate Culture

- "Dream" & "Merchandise"
- Actively fulfilling a social obligation and exploring the environmental and safe solutions

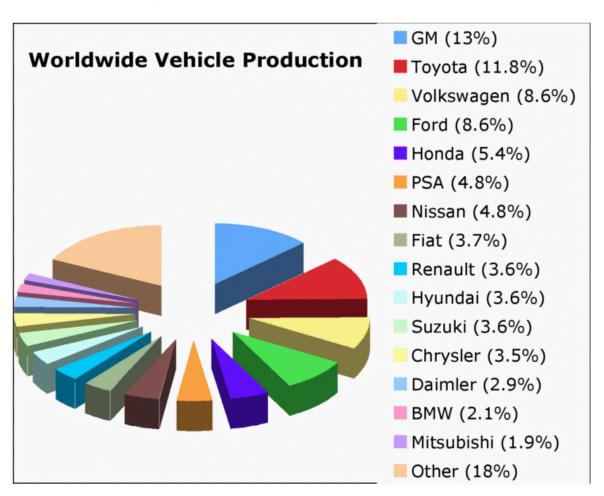
History

- ▶ 1906: Soichiro Honda was born in Japan.
- ▶ 1934: "East Sea Precision Machine Company".
- ▶ 1946: "Honda Technology Research Institute".
- ▶ 1948: "Honda Technology Research Industry Corporation ".
- ▶ 1949: Takeo Fujisawa joined in Honda as managing director.

History Continued

- ▶ 1962: Honda began to produce automobiles.
- ▶ 1980: Soichiro won the American Society of Mechanical Engineers Award.
- ▶ 1991: Soichiro Honda died.
- ▶ 1991: the sales of subsidiary in U.S. ranked third in American market.
- At present, Honda is the largest motorcycle manufacturer and the fifth automobile manufacturer in the world.

Worldwide Vehicle Production(2006)



Global Expansion

- Not an easy task for any company
 - Cost efficient plant
 - "Glocalization"
 - Maintain qualities of smaller company
 - Stay connected
 - "Green Factory"
 - Adds Value and Loyalty
 - Six Region Global Structure

Global Expansion Continued

- Issues
 - Failed to understand European Culture
 - R & D
 - Oversupply of Vehicles
 - R & D
 - Weak brand image in European cultures
 - Ineffective advertising strategies and tactics
 - Less attention

SWOT Analysis

Strengths

- Reputation and Brand recognition
 - Brand value worth just over \$19 Billion in 2008
 - Makes high quality vehicles.
 - Awards and Recognition
- Engineering capability
 - Invested \$5.2 billion on R&D, an increase of 6.5%
- Economy looking for fuel efficiency
 - Consumers are preferring small, fuel-efficient cars

Weaknesses

- Vehicles somewhat bland
 - Prices for non-luxury cars are higher than competitors
 - Lack style and performance
- Employee Productivity
 - Make \$.59 Million/employee while Toyota and Mitsubishi make \$.73 and \$.71 million respectively.

Opportunities

- Manufacturing different types of vehicles
 - Full-Sized pickups (Ridgeline)
 - Hybrid electric vehicles(FIT)
- Supply the demand of the Asian market for automobiles
 - Internationals trade going up
 - Demand in China expected to be 6.3 million by 2010
 - Establish production plants

Threats

- Recent world-wide recession
 - Try to avoid downsizing or eliminating models
- Producing a vehicle for the masses
 - Sacrificing affordable for cheap
 - Damage brand name and reputation

Competitor Analysis

- Other companies R & D
- Brand Image
 - Top 4
 - Toyota
 - GM
 - Volkswagen
 - Ford



Ford



- Headquartered in Dearborn, Michigan
 - 4th largest automaker
 - Flexible fuel vehicles
 - Hybrid electric vehicles
 - Well designed R & D team

Volkswagen

- Headquartered in Wolfsburg, Germany
 - 3rd Largest automaker
 - Boosted quality
 - Non-stop requirement for new projects
 - American market has been rising
 - 59% over the last 17 years



General Motors

- Head quarters in Detroit, Michigan
 - 2nd largest automaker
 - Strategically placed markets
 - 34 Countries
 - Customer Satisfaction and Brand Recognition
 - Team work



Toyota

- Headquartered in Toyota City, Japan
 - Largest Automaker and Competitor
 - Effective R & D
 - Strong and Aggressive Vision
 - Promotion, Public relations, and Advertising



Industry Analysis

History

- World War II halted production in U.S.
- 1960–U.S. Congress passed first emissions controls
- 1973–Oil Embargo

Future Trends

- Shift from high performance to fuel efficient
- Increased technology and computerization
 - GPS
 - Voice recognition software
 - Driver assistance software

Industry Analysis Continued

- Global Issues
 - Global recession is slowing down growth
 - Many incentives to buy
 - Overall increase in international trade
 - Memorandum of Understanding with Korea
 - NAFTA
 - Japan Automotive Framework Agreement

Recommendations

- Short term
 - Strengthen the brand Image
 Pay great attention to Japanese domestic market
 - Focus on the improvement of operational management
 - **Expand Production capacity**
 - Enhancing safety technology
 Conform to real world situation

Long-Term Recommendations

- Follow a strategy of product excellence
 - Expand product line to meet different classes demand.
- Reappraise product strategy
 - Focus on "Localization"
- Expand Automotive After-market
 - Lateral Expansion
 - Vertical Deepening

Conclusion

- A main global automaker
- Fulfilling a social obligation
- Harbors idea of "Provides joy to world users"
- Product manufacturing & environmental protection

Questions?