Date: 17/3/2008/WW. UniHISTORY - CIVICS Question Paper - March 2008 (Max. Marks: 40 Time: 3 Hours) Q. 1. (A) Complete the following statements by choosing the appropriate alternatives from those given in the brackets: The of 1794 was passed by the British Parliament. (1)(Stamp Act, Sugar Act, Import Duties Act) "Without, the French revolution would not have taken place." (2)(Rousseau, Montesquieu, Voltaire) Africa was called as (3)(The Province of Slaves, The Dark Continent, The Backward Territory) Match the names given in Group 'A' with appropriate words given in Group 'B' :(3) (B) Group 'B' Group 'A' (a) German Scientist Franklin Roosevelt (1)(b) President of America Winston Churchill (2)(c) President of France Albert Elenstein (3)(d) British Prime Minister (e) Russian Scientist. Answer the following questions in 25 to 30 words each (any two): Q. 2. What is meant by a revolution ? (2) What is economic imperialism? (1) Why had European Imperialist nations to quit the colonies? (3)Give reasons for the following statements in 25 to 30 words each (any two) : Q. 3. Japan and Italy were offended. (1) The U.N. failed to check the critical situations arising out of the cold-war in the case of (2) super powers. in its practical form globalisation has become synonymous, with new colonialism. (3)Answer the following questions in 40 to 50 words each (any two) : **(6)** . Q. 4. Explain the theory of separation of power of Montesquieu. (1)What was the contribution of the revolutionaries to the Indain Freedom Movement? (2) How is the knolwedge of space used for the welfare of mankind? (3)Answer the following questions in 80 to 100 words each (any two) : (8) Q. 5. What were the effects of the Industrial Revolution on the world? (1)What was the significance of the Russian Revolution? (2)What aggressive policies were adopted by Hitler after consolidating power in Germany? (3) Fill in the blanks with a suitable word from those given in the brackets : Q, 6. The Indian citizens above...... years of age elect the members of the Lok Sabha. (1) (16, 18, 21, 25) At the apex of the judical system in India is the (2)(Supreme Court, High Court, Subordinate Court, Lok Nyayalaya) Answer the following questions in 25 to 30 words each (any two) : Q. 7. Explain the qualifications prescribed for the membership of the Rajya Sabha. (1) What changes are caused by the imposition of a financial emergency? (2)How does the democratic decentralisation help the people ? (3) (4) Write notes in 25 to 30 words each (any two): Q. 8. (3) Block Development Officer. Quorum (2) Judicial Power of the President (1) Answer the following questions in 25 to 30 words each (any one): (2) Q. 9. Why are the decisions of the Supreme Court binding on all the other courts? (1): Local Self - Government is a training school of democracy. Explain (2)