

Paper ID [D0133]

(Please fill this Paper ID in OMR Sheet)

B.Pharmacy (Sem. - 7th)

PHARMACEUTICS - VIII

(Pharmaceutical Technology - II) (PHM - 4.7.2)

Time : 03 Hours

Maximum Marks : 80

Instruction to Candidates:

- 1) Section - A is **Compulsory**.
- 2) Attempt any **Four** questions from Section - B.
- 3) Attempt any **Three** questions from Section - C.

Section - A

Q1)

(15 × 2 = 30)

- a) Define microspheres and differentiate them from microcapsules.
- b) What is base absorption factor.
- c) What are the pharmacopoeal limits for disintegration time of enteric coated tablets.
- d) Mention the causes of blooming in tablets.
- e) Mention the causes of picking in tablets.
- f) What are pyrogens and how can they be prevented.
- g) Lyophilization is normally utilized for which types of drugs.
- h) Mention the tests used for testing the integrity of HEPA filter.
- i) Mention the quality control tests for surgical cotton.
- j) Mention the requirements of a primary package for IV fluids.
- k) What are the advantages of a sustained release product.
- l) What is 'positive pressure' in a sterile room.
- m) What is 'isoosmotic' and why parenteral solutions need to be isoosmotic with blood.
- n) Differentiate between absorbable and non-absorbable sutures.
- o) What is the pharmacopoeal limit for particulate matter in SVP.

Section - B

(4 × 5 = 20)

- Q2)** Highlight the differences in the nature of capsule shell of a hard gelatin and soft gelatin capsule. What is the pharmacopoeal limit for disintegration time for these capsules.
- Q3)** Briefly explain the air suspension technique for preparing microcapsules. Mention the process and formulation variables.
- Q4)** What are the causes for capping and lamination in tablets. Mention their remedies also.
- Q5)** Mention the sources of contamination and methods to prevent contamination in an aseptic area.
- Q6)** What are catguts. How are they prepared.

Section - C

(3 × 10 = 30)

- Q7)** What are the advantages and limitations of transdermal drug delivery. Discuss the innovations in TDDS with respect to drug permeation enhancement.
- Q8)** Discuss the factors that have to be taken into consideration while packing an aqueous parenteral product with respect to primary and secondary packaging container.
- Q9)** Describe various official and non-official tests conducted on film coated tablets (mention the official limits also).
- Q10)** Discuss cleaning and handling of injection vials and their sterilization if they have to be used for packing insulin.

