COMPUTER SCIENCE & APPLICATIONS

Paper - II Signature of Invigilators OCT-10/19 Roll No. (In figures as in Admit Card) Roll No. 2. (in words) Time Allowed: 75 Minutes] [Maximum Marks: 100 **Instructions for the Candidates** Write your Roll Number in the space provided on the top of this page. 1. This paper consists of fifty (50) multiple choice type questions. All questions are compulsory. 2. Each item has upto four alternative responses marked (A), (B), (C) and (D). The answer should be 3. a capital letter for the selected option. The answer letter should entirely be contained within the corresponding square. Correct method Wrong method OR. Your responses to the items for this paper are to be indicated on the ICR Answer Sheet under 4. Paper II only. Read instructions given inside carefully. 5. Extra sheet is attached at the end of the booklet for rough work. 6. You should return the test booklet to the invigilator at the end of paper and should not carry any 7. paper with you outside the examination hall. There shall be no negative marking. 8. Use of calculator or any other electronic devices is prohibited. 9. પરીક્ષાર્થીઓ માટે સૂચનાઓ : આ પાનાની ટોચમાં દર્શાવેલી જગ્યામાં તમારો રોલનંબર લખો. ٩. આ પ્રશ્નપત્રમાં બહુવૈકલ્પિક ઉત્તરો ધરાવતા કુલ **પચાસ (૫૦)** પ્રશ્નો આપેલા છે. **બધા જ** પ્રશ્નો ફરજિયાત છે. ₹. પ્રત્યેક પ્રશ્ન વધુમાં વધુ ચાર બહુવૈકલ્પિક ઉત્તરો ધરાવે છે. જે $(A),\ (B),\ (C)$ અને (D) વકે દર્શાવવામાં આવ્યા છે. પ્રશ્નનો ઉત્તર કેપીટલ સંજ્ઞા વકે આપવાનો રહેશે. ઉત્તરની સંજ્ઞા આપેલ ખાનામાં બરાબર સમાઈ જાય તે રીતે લખવાની રહેશે. ખરી રીત: ખોટી રીત : આ પ્રશ્નપત્રના જવાબ આપેલ ICR Answer Sheet ના Paper II વિભાગની નીચે આપેલ ખાનાઓમાં આપવાના રહેશે. અંદર આપેલ સૂચનાઓ કાળજીપૂર્વક વાંચો. ч. આ બુકલેટની પાછળ આપેલું પાનું ૨ફ કામ માટે છે. ۶. પરીક્ષા સમય પૂરો થઈ ગયા પછી આ બુકલેટ જે તે નિરીક્ષકને સોપી દેવી. કોઈપણ કાગળ પરીક્ષા ખંડની બહાર 9. લઈ જવો નહીં. ખોટા જવાબ માટે નેગેટિવ ગુર્જ્યાંકન પ્રથા નથી.

કેલ્કયુલેટર અને ઈલેક્ટ્રોનિક યંત્રોનો પ્રયોગ કરવાની મનાઈ છે.

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COMPUTER SCIENCE & APPLICATIONS

PAPER-II

Note: This paper contains FIFTY (50) multiple-choice/matching questions, each question carrying TWO (2) marks. Attempt All the questions.

	que	stion carrying TWO (2) marl	ks. Atte	mpt All the questions.		
1.	Whi and	ch of the following best descri binary trees ?	ibes the	relationship between rooted trees		
	(A)	Every rooted tree is a bina	ry tree			
	(B)	Every binary tree is a root	ed tree			
	(C)	No binary tree can be a ro	oted tre	e		
	(D)					
2.	perm of co	nutations of n different things	taken i	n > k > 1 and the number of k at a time and c is the number n k at a time, then which of the		
	(A)	c > p	(B)	c = p		
	(C)	c < p	(D)	c and p are incomparable		
3.	Which of the following statements is true regarding walks, paths and circuits in an undirected graph?					
	(A)	Every walk is a path	(B)	Every circuit is a walk		
	(C)	Every path is a circuit	(D)	Every walk is a circuit		
4.	Which of the following is not true?					
	(A)	Any language accepted by a	a NDFS	A (NFA) is regular		
	(B)	Every regular language is a	ccepted	by a FSA (FA)		
	(C)					
	(D)	Every context free language				
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5.	Whick integer		tial or	der relationship on the set of
	(A)	< (less than)	(B)	> (greater than)
	(C)	≥ (not less than)	(D)	≠ (is not equal to)
6.	Decin	nal equivalent of binary numb	oer 111	0101.110 is:
	(A)	117.6	(B)	118.75
	(C)	117.75	(D)	117.375
7.	A cir		in the	inputs of memory elements is
	(A)	Asynchronous sequential circ	euit	
	(B)	Combinational circuit		
	(C)	Synchronous sequential circu	ıit	
	(D)	Full adder circuit		
8.	The	sum of all minterms of a Boo	lean fu	n inction of n variables is :
	(A)	low	(B)	negative
	(C)	one	(D)	off
9.	а ТТ	L gate can use a supply vol	tage V _I	OD of:
	(A)	+3 volts	(B)	+5 volts
	(C)	+6 volts	(D)	+9 volts
10.		implementation of function ${f Z}$ e is :	for th	ne logic diagram shown in below
		P Q R S T		Z AND OR
	(A)	NAND-AND	(B)	AND NAND
	(C)	AND-NOR	(D)	AND-NAND
Com	p. Sci.	& AppII	ł	

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What will be the output of the following code segment?
11.
        int i, k = 0;
        char c[100];
        for(i = 0; i < 10; i += 3)
            if(\&c[i + 20] - \&c[i + 16]) k + = \&c[4] - \&c[1];
        printf("k = %d", k);
      (A)
            k = 12
                                            (B)
                                                   k = 9
                                                   Compiler Error
      (C)
            k = 0
                                            (D)
12.
      Consider the following program:
      main()
        {
            int i, a[5] = \{5, 1, 15, 20, 25\}, j, k = 1, m;
            i = ++a[k++];
            j = a[++k]++;
            m = a[i++];
            printf("%d %d %d", i, j, m);
        }
      The output is:
      (A)
            3 20 25
                                            (B)
                                                   3 20 15
      (C)
           . 6 20 15
                                            (D)
                                                   15 20 25
      Which of the following terms is related to "Polymorphism"?
13.
      (A)
            Static allocation
                                                  Static typing
                                            (B)
      (C)
            Dynamic binding
                                            (D)
                                                  Dynamic allocation
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14.	Whic	h of the following statements is	s false	?	
	(A) There is no input/output statement in C.				
	(B)	Every if-else statement can be	e repla	aced by switch statement.	
	(C)	The do-while loop executes at	least	once.	
	(D)	"abcdef" [3] equals to "d".			
15.	How	many parameters can a destru	ictor h	ave?	
	(A)	one	(B)	none	
	(C)	there is no limit	(D)	depends on compiler	
16.	A de	rived attribute is not beneficial	becau	use:	
	(A)	it can be used to keep track	of hist	corical data	
	(B)	it is required to be computed	alway	s with each usage	
	(C)	it can not be used as a prim	ary ke	у	
	(D)	it requires regular maintenan current	ice to	ensure that the derived value is	
17.	An e	entity is called a:			
	(A)	weak entity because it is not m key	andato	ory for that entity to have a foreign	
	(B)			dependent and it has a primary ved from the parent entity in the	
	(C)	composite entity if it is a we	ak ent	ity	
	(D)	weak entity because it is exis	stence	independent	
18.	If OI	RDER BY DESC clause is used in	n a SQ	L statement, the null values are:	
	(A)	Displayed first	(B)	Displayed last	
	(C)	Not displayed	(D)	Displayed randomly	
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19. What will not happen when the DROP TABLE command is ex					command is executed?		
	(A)	All data in the table is del	leted				
	(B)	All pending transactions ar	e commi	tted			
	(C)	(C) All views on this table are deleted					
	(D)	All indexes on this table a	re delete	d			
20.	The '	ΓΟΡ-N analysis requires :					
	(A)	(A) an ORDER BY clause, rownum, an inline view					
	(B)	a GROUP BY clause, an in	nline viev	w			
	(C)	an ORDER BY clause, a re	owid				
	(D)	only in inline view					
21.	21. Items A, B, C, D and E are pushed onto a stack, in order. Then the a is popped four times and each popped element is added to a FIFO query Then two elements are removed from the queue and pushed onto the again in order. Finally, one element is popped out of the stack. The poplement is:				added to a FIFO queue. nd pushed onto the stack		
	(A)	В	(B)	D			
	(C)	A	(D)	E			
22.	Suppose we have numbers between 1 and 1000 in a binary search tree and want to search for the number 365. Which of the following sequence could not be the sequence of nodes examined? (A) 2, 252, 401, 398, 330, 344, 397, 365 (B) 924, 220, 911, 244, 898, 258, 362, 365 (C) 925, 202, 911, 240, 912, 245, 365						
	(D)	51, 101, 602, 500, 403, 398	3, 365				
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23.	Suppose you have a directed graph representing all the flights that an airli flies. What algorithm might be used to find the best sequence of connecti from one city to another?					
	(A)	Breadth first search	(B)	Depth first search		
	(C)	Minimum spanning tree	(D)	Shortest path algorithm		
24. Priority queues are best implemented by using which of the structures ?				sing which of the following data		
	(A)	Stack	(B)	Circular queue		
	(C)	Heap	(D)	Circular linked list		
25.	Suppose a B-tree can store a maximum of 10 keys in its node, and that a node already contains integers 1 through 10. If a new value, 11, is added to this node, the node will split into two nodes. What will be the values in these two nodes?					
,	(A)	The first node will have only of the numbers	1 and	the second node will have rest		
(B) The first node will have 1 through 10 and the second node vonly 11						
	5 and the second node will have					
	(D)	The first node will have 1 through 5 and the second node will have 7 through 11				
26.	Whiel	h one from the following is a s	smart-l	aub ?		
	(A)	Bridge	(B)	Repeater		
	(C)	Switch	(D)	S hub		
27.	Which protocol from the following is used for the transmission of e-mail messa across the internet?					
	(A)	Telnet	(B)	FTP		
	(C)	SMTP	(D)	UDP		
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28.	Suppose you have a network address of 196.202.56.0 with four subnets. Which subnet mask from the following you need to apply to allow maximum number of hosts.					
	(A)	255.255.255.0	(B)	255.255.255.224		
	(C)	255.255.255.192	(D)	255.255.255.128		
29. The method of breaking data into packets, to be sent over various the same time, is called:				to be sent over various routes at		
	(A)	A circuit switching	(B)	An open circuit		
	(C)	A closed circuit	(D)	A packet switching		
30.	Which	n one of the following is an ex	ample	of good packet screener ?		
	(A)	Hub	(B)	Firewall		
	(C)	Router	(D)	Gateway		
31.	Which	n one of the following is 3 byt	e instr	uction?		
	(A)	MOV	(B)	ADD		
	(C)	MVI	(D)	JMP		
32.	A con	text free grammar is a:				
	(A)	2 tuple	(B)	3 tuple		
	(C)	4 tuple	(D)	5 tuple		
33.	A lin	ker:				
	(A)	e) generates multiple object modules				
	(B)	generates a single load module				
	(C)	C) generates multiple load modules				
	(D)	generates a single executable	modul	e ,		
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34.	4. A grammar in which every production rule is of the form $X \to a$ is k			
	as:			
	(A)	LL(0)	(B)	LL(1)
	(C)	Context free	(D)	Regular
35.	Whic	h data structure is usually use	ed duri	ing shift-reduce parsing?
	(A)	Pointer	(B)	Array
	(C)	Stack	(D)	Queue
36.	Non-	contiguous memory allocation sp	olitting	code into blocks of memory that
	can b	pe loaded into non-adjacent me	mory 1	blocks is called:
	(A)	Pages	(B)	Partition
	(C)	Frames	(D)	Segments
37.	Whic	h scheduling algorithm from th	e follo	wing penalizes processes running
	for lo	onger time ?		
	(A)	FCFS	(B)	Round Robin
	(C)	Shortest Process Next	(D)	Shortest Remaining Time
38.	Whic	ch one of the following controls	the d	egree of multiprogramming?
	(A)	Medium term scheduler		
	(B)	Long term scheduler		
	(C)	Long term and short term so	hedule	er
	(D)	Short term scheduler		
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- 39. The wait() system call:
 - (A) returns the PID of the parent process in which terminated child process belongs
 - (B) returns the PID of the terminated child process
 - (C) returns the termination status as well as PID of the terminated child process
 - (D) returns the PPID of the terminated child process
- 40. Multiprocessing means:
 - (A) running two or more processes simultaneously
 - (B) running two or more processes concurrently
 - (C) running two or more programs simultaneously
 - (D) simultaneously processing with two or more processors
- 41. Purpose of CRC in object-oriented modelling is to:
 - (A) Define classes and their relationships with other classes.
 - (B) Create an alternative of class diagram, where each CRC card contains a description of one class and these cards are placed appropriately and connected as per the collaboration between the classes.
 - (C) Connect classes together to show their responsibilities.
 - (D) Go through cyclical redundancy check.
- 42. Which one of the following statements is not true?
 - (A) If the average value for each of 14 value adjustment factors is taken, it contributes to 35% of Function Point (FP) in the Function Point metric.
 - (B) Software estimation models need to be calibrated for local needs.
 - (C) Function points and object points are not direct software measures.
 - (D) The advantage of using LOC and FP metrics is that effort and cost estimated using these metrics will be the same across all organizations.

43.	Which	Thich one of the following is the correct arrangement for:						
	(i)	Procedural Cohesion						
	(ii)	Logical Cohesion	Logical Cohesion					
	(iii)	Communicational Cohesion and						
	(iv)	Functional Cohesion,						
	with	respect to the order of preferen	nce ?	·				
	(A)	(i), (ii), (iii), (iv)	(B)	(iii), (iv), (ii), (i)				
	(C)	(iv), (iii), (i), (ii)	(D)	(iv), (iii), (ii), (i)				
44.	A co	ntext-level DFD does <i>not</i> conta	in:					
	(A)	Data Flow	(B)	Process				
	(C)	External Entity	(D)	Data Store				
4 5.	5. Which type of coupling is best amongst the following?							
	(A)	Stamp Coupling	(B)	Control Coupling				
	(C)	Content Coupling	(D)	Common Coupling				
46.	In I	Electronic cash payment:						
	(A)	a debit card payment system	is us	ed				
	(B)	a customer buys several elect	ronic c	oins which are digitally signed by				
	coin issuing bank							
	(C)	C) a credit card payment system is used						
	(D) RSA cryptography is used in the transactions							
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	47.	The	e data cube is a metaphor for :	
		(A)	Linear data storage	
		(B)	2-Dimensional data storage	
		(C)	3-Dimensional data storage	
		(D)	Multidimensional data storage	
	48.	An	on-line analytical processing (OLAP) system:	
		(A)	is same as OLTP	
		(B)	includes drill down, roll up, etc. operations on data cube	\mathbf{s}
		(C)	commands are part of SQL statements	
		(D)	usually adopts an entity-relationship data model	
	49 .	Whi	ich of the following is part of logical network us	ed in an
		e-coi	mmerce ?	
		(A)	Internet and Extranet (B) World Wide Web	
		(C)	Local Area Network (D) Search Engine	
	50.	Digit	tal Encryption standard works by using:	
		(A)	permutation and substitution on 64 bit blocks of plain te	xt
		(B)	only permutations on blocks of 128 bits	
		(C)	exclusive ORMg key bits with 64 bit blocks	e e
		(D)	2 rounds of substitution on 64 bit blocks with 64 bit keys	S
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ROUGH WORK