## MODEL QUESTI ONS - B.Tech

## Part 1. - Physics

1. Which of the following pairs DOES NOT have the same dimensions?
a) frequency and a ngular frequency
b) angular velocity and velocity gradient
c) velocity gradient and angu lar frequency
d) angular frequency and potential energy gradient
2. The velocity of a particle depends upon $t$ as $V=A+B t+c t^{2}$. If velocity is in $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$, the unit of A will be
a) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$
b) $m / s^{2}$
c) ms
d) $\mathrm{n}^{2} / \mathrm{s}$
3. Which of the following four statements is false?
a) A body can have zero velocity and still be accelerated
b) A body can have a constant velocity and still have a varying speed
c) A body can have a constant speed and still have a varying velocity
d) The direction of the velocity of a body can change when its acceleration is constant
4. The displacement $x$ of a body in motion is given by $x=a \sin (\omega t+\theta)$. The time at which the displacement is maximum is:
a) $\frac{\theta}{\omega}$
b) $\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \omega}-\frac{\theta}{\omega}\right)$
c) $\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \omega}\right)$
d) $\left(\frac{2 \pi}{\omega}-\frac{\theta}{\omega}\right)$
5. The position of a particle moving along $x$ - axis is given by $x=3 t-4 t^{2}+t^{3}$, where $x$ is in metre and $t$ in seconds. The average velocity of the particle in the time interval from $t=2$ seconds to $t=4$ seconds is
a) $7 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
b) $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
c) $13 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
d) None of these
6. An object A of mass 2 kg is moving with a veloc ity of $3 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$ and collides head on with an object B of mass 1 kg moving in the opposite direction with a velocity of $4 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$. After collision both objects coalesce so that they move with a common velocity v equal to
a) $\frac{2}{3} \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$
b) $1 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$
c) $2 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$
d) $3 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$
7. The motion of planets in the solar system is an example of conservation of
a) mass
b) momentum
c) angular momentum
d) kinetic energy
8. The velocity time graphs of two bodies $A$ and $B$ are shown in figure. The ratio of the ir acceleration is:

a) $1: \sqrt{3}$
b) $1: 3$
c) $\sqrt{3}: 1$
d) $\sqrt{3}: \sqrt{2}$
9. For a satellite, escape velocity is $11 \mathrm{kr} / \mathrm{s}$. If the satellite is launched at an angle of $60^{\circ}$ with the vertical, then escape velocity will be
a) $11 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{s}$
b) $11 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{sc}) \frac{11}{\sqrt{3}} \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{s}$
d) $33 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{s}$
10. There are two bodies of masses 100 kg and $10,000 \mathrm{~kg}$ separated by a distance of 1 m . At what distance from the smaller body, the intensity of gravitational field will be zero.
a) $1 / 9 \mathrm{~m}$
b) $1 / 10 \mathrm{~m}$
c) $1 / 11 \mathrm{~m}$
d) $10 / 11 \mathrm{~m}$
11. A liquid will not wet the surface of a solid if its ang le of contact is
a) zero
b) less than $90^{\circ}$
c) more than $90^{\circ}$
d) $90^{\circ}$
12. In a simple harmonic moti on (SHM), which of the following does not hold?
a) The force on the particle is maximum at the ends.
b) The acceleration is minimum at the mean position
c) The potential energy is maximum at the mean position
d) The kinetic energy is maximum at the mean position
13. What will be the wave velocity, if the radar gives 54 waves per minute and wavelen gth of the given wave is 10 m ?
a) $4 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
b) $6 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
c) $9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
d) $5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
14. A bomb explodes on the moon. How long will it take far the sound to reach the earth?
a) 10 s
b) 1000 s
c) 1 light year d) None of these
15. Two gases are at absolute temperatures of 300 k and 350 k re spectively. Ratio of average kinetic energy of their molecules is
a) $7: 6$
b) $6: 7$
c) $36: 49$
d) $49: 36$
16. Two identical samples of a gas are allowed to expand a) isothermally b) adiabatically Work done is
a) more in the isothermal process
b) more in the adiabatic process
c) neither of them
d) equal in both processes
17. An ideal heat engine exhausting heat at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is to have $30 \%$ efficiency. It must take heat at
a) $127^{\circ} \mathrm{c}$
b) $227^{\circ} \mathrm{c}$
c) $327^{\circ} \mathrm{c}$
d) $673^{\circ} \mathrm{c}$
18. In a $\mathrm{p}-\mathrm{n}$ junction having dep letion layer of thickness $10^{-6} \mathrm{~m}$ the potential across it is 0.1 V . The electric field is --------------- $\mathrm{Vm}^{-1}$
a) $10^{7}$
b) $10^{-6}$
c) $10^{5}$
d) $10^{-5}$
19. The diode used in the circuit shown in the figure has a constant voltage drop of 0.5 V at all currents and a maximum power rating of 100 milliwatts. What should be the value of the resistor R, connected in ser ies with the diode, for obtaining maximum current?

a) $1.5 \Omega$
b) $5 \Omega$
c) $6.67 \Omega$
d) $200 \Omega$
20. The mass number of Helium is 4 and that for sulphur is 32 . The radius of sulphur nucleus is larger than that of Helium, by
a) $\sqrt{8}$ times
b) 4 times
c) 2 times
d) 8 times
21. In Nuclear Fission $0.1 \%$ mass is converted in to energy. The energy released by the fission of 1 kg mass will be
a) $9 \times 10^{16} \mathrm{~J}$
b) $9 \times 10^{19} \mathrm{~J}$
c) $9 \times 10^{13} \mathrm{~J}$
d) $9 \times 10^{17} \mathrm{~J}$
22. Half life of a radioactive substance is 140 days. Initially there is 16 g of the substance. Calculate the time for this substance when it reduces in to 1 g .
a) 140 days
b) 280 day s
c) 420 days
d) 560 day s
23. The ratio of the long wavelength limits of the Lyman and Balmer series of hydrogen is
a) $27: 5$
b) $5: 27$
c) $4: 1$
d) $1: 4$
24. Light of wavelength $5000 \AA$ falls on a sensitive plate with photoe lectric work function of 1.9 eV . The kinetic energy of the photoe lectron emitted will be
a) 0.58 eV
b) 2.48 eV
c) 1.24 eV
d) 1.16 eV
25. The population inversion necessary for laser action used in solid state lasers is
a) electrical discharge
b) ine lastic atom - atom collision
c) direct conversion
d) optical pumping
26. A magnet of moment $2 \mathrm{Am}^{2}$ is placed in a uniform magnetic field of $5 \mathrm{~Wb} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$. If the magnet experiences a torque of 5 Nm , then the angle betw een the direction of magnetic field and magnet is
a) $\frac{\pi}{6}$
b) $\frac{\pi}{4}$
c) $\frac{\pi}{3}$
d) $\frac{\pi}{2}$
27. The reduction factor of a tangent galvanometer is $K$. If the number of turns and area of cross section of the coil are doubled, then the reduction factor becomes
a) $\frac{K}{2}$
b) 2 K
c) $\frac{K}{\sqrt{2}}$
d) $\sqrt{2} \mathrm{~K}$
28. The Focal length of a convex lens will be maximum for
a) blue light
b) yellow light c) green light
d) red light
29. In the Young's double slit ex periment using sodium light ( $\lambda=5898 \AA$ ), 92 fringes are seen. If the green colour ( $\lambda=5461 \AA$ is used, how many fringes will be seen
a) 62
b) 67
c) 75
d) 99
30. In the figure distance of the point from A where the electric field is zero is
a) 20 cm
b) 10 cm
c) 33 cm
d) None of these
31. A parallel plate capacitor is first charged and then a dielectric slab is intro duced between the plates. The quantity that remains unchanged is
a) charge $Q$
b) Potential V c) Capacity C
d) Energy U
32. The equivalent resistance between $\mathrm{A} \& \mathrm{~B}$ of the circuit shown in the given figure is

a) $9 \Omega$
b) $4 \Omega$
c) $2 \Omega$
d) $1 \Omega$
33. As the temperature of hot junction increases, the thermo emf
a) always increases
b) always decreases
c) may increase and decrease
d) always remains constant
34. A moving charge will produce
a) only a magnetic field
b) only a electric field
c) both electric and magnetic field
d) none of these
35. The energy stored in a coil of self inductance 40 mH carrying a steady current of 2 A is
a) 0.08 J
b) 0.8 J
c) 80 J
d) 8 J

## Part 2. - C hemistry

36. In which of the following pairs (of molecules / ions) the central atom has the same hybridisation?
a) $\mathrm{XeF}_{4} \& \mathrm{ClO}_{4}^{-}$
b) $\mathrm{BeCl}_{2} \& \mathrm{SO}_{2}$
c) $\mathrm{BH}_{3} \& \mathrm{ClF}_{3}$
c) $\mathrm{NH}_{3} \& \mathrm{NH}_{4}^{+}$
37. Dissociation constant of a weak acid is $1 \times 10^{-6}$ at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Find the $\mathrm{p}^{\circ+}$ of 0.01 M of its aqueous solution.
(a) 4
(b) 3
(c) 10
(d) 12
38. Assertion (A): Molar mass of acetic acid found by the depression of freezing point method, separately in the solvents water and benzene are different.
Reason (R):Water helps in ionization but benzenebrings association of acetic acid. Identify the correct option.
(a) Both A and R are correct; R is the correct explanation for ' A '
(b) Both A and R are correct; but R is not the correct explanation for ' A '
(c) A is true but R is false
(d) A is false but R is true
39. 2,4,6-Tribromophenol is for med when the organic compound ' $X$ ' reacts with ' $Y$ ' in the presence of $Z$. What are $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$ and Z ?
a) $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH} ; \mathrm{Br}_{2} ; \mathrm{CS}_{2}$
b) $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH} ; \mathrm{Br}_{2} ; \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
${ }^{\text {c) }} \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{CHO} ; \mathrm{Br}_{2} ; \mathrm{FeBr}_{3}$
${ }^{\text {d) }} \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{6} ; \mathrm{Br}_{2} ; \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
40. Enthalpy of formation of $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{4}(\mathrm{~g}) \mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{l})$ at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and I atm pressure are 52 , -394 and $-286 \mathrm{KJ} / \mathrm{mol}$ respectively. Enthalpy of combustion of $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{4}$ (g)is
a) $+1412 \mathrm{KJ} / \mathrm{mol}$
b) $-1412 \mathrm{KJ} / \mathrm{mol}$
c) $+141.25 \mathrm{KJ} / \mathrm{mol}$
d) $-141.2 \mathrm{KJ} / \mathrm{mol}$
41. Identify the formula which is applicable to the conversion of $20 \%$ of the initial concentration of the reactant to the product in a first order reaction. (Rate constant $=\mathrm{K}$ )
a) $\mathrm{t}_{20 \%}=\frac{2.303}{5} \log \frac{100}{20}$
b) $\mathrm{t}_{20 \%}=\frac{2.303}{20} \log \frac{100}{\mathrm{~K}}$
c) $\mathrm{t}_{20 \%}=\frac{2.303}{\mathrm{~K}} \log \frac{5}{4}$
d) $\mathrm{t}_{20 \%}=\frac{2.303}{100} \log \frac{\mathrm{~K}}{80}$
42. Chloroform and alcoholic KOH can be used to differentiate -
(a) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CHO} \& \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COCH}_{3}$
(b) $\mathrm{HCOOH} \& \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}$
(c) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{NH}_{2} \&\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{NH}$
(d) $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH} \& \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OCH}_{3}$
43. Strongest and the weakest bases among the hydroxides of Lanthan ides are respectively -
a) $\mathrm{Lu}(\mathrm{OH})_{3} \& \mathrm{La}(\mathrm{OH})_{3}$
b) $\mathrm{La}(\mathrm{OH})_{3} \& \mathrm{Lu}(\mathrm{OH})_{3}$
c) $\mathrm{La}(\mathrm{OH})_{3} \& \mathrm{Ce}(\mathrm{OH})_{3}$
d) $\operatorname{Pr}(\mathrm{OH})_{3} \& \mathrm{Nd}(\mathrm{OH})_{3}$
44. In a cubic unit cell, the following atom / ion occupy the positions as mentioned below. $\mathrm{Na} . .$. In the centre of the cube

W ... (Tung ston) At the corners of the cube O ... (Oxygen) At the centre of the edges.
(Formula of the compound is - )
(a) $\mathrm{NaWO}_{2}$
(b) $\mathrm{NaWO}_{3}$
(c) $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{WO}_{3}$
(d) $\mathrm{NaWO}_{4}$
45. In which of the following aspects both physical adsor ption and chemical adsorption, resemble? Both are ....
(a) exothermic
(b) multimolecular layered
(c) reversible
(d) found more at high temperature
46. Among the following ions, which has the highest spin magnetic moment? (At . No: $\mathrm{Ti}=22 ; \mathrm{Mn}=25 ; \mathrm{Ni}=28 ; \mathrm{Cu}=29$ ).
(a) $\mathrm{Cu}^{2+}$
(b) $\mathrm{Ti}^{3+}$
(c) $\mathrm{Ni}^{2+}$
(d) $\mathrm{Mn}^{2+}$
47. $\mathrm{SO}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \int \mathrm{SO}_{2}+\mathrm{Cl}_{2}$
(g) (g) (g)

At equilibrium volume of the reaction vessel is increased. As a result the amount of -
(a) $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$ will decrease
(b) $\mathrm{SO}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ will increase
(c) $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ will increase
(d) $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ will remain unchanged
48. Which of the following reagents can convert acetone to acetic acid?
(a) $\mathrm{AgNO}_{3} ; \mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{OH}$
(b) $\mathrm{LiAlH}_{4}$
(c) Conc. HCl
(d) $\mathrm{I}_{2}, \mathrm{NaOH}$; dilute HCl
49. A large increase from the first to the second ionisation energy of an element
'A' can be seen if its electronic configuration is -
(a) $1 \mathrm{~S}^{2} 2 \mathrm{~S}^{2} 2 \mathrm{P}^{6} 3 \mathrm{~S}^{1}$
(b) $1 \mathrm{~S}^{2} 2 \mathrm{~S}^{2} 2 \mathrm{P}^{6} 3 \mathrm{~S}{ }^{2}$
(c) $1 \mathrm{~S}^{2} 2 \mathrm{~S}^{2} 2 \mathrm{P}^{5}$
(d) $1 \mathrm{~S}^{2} 2 \mathrm{~S}^{2} 2 \mathrm{P}^{6} 3 \mathrm{~S}^{2} 3 \mathrm{P}^{2}$
50. $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}+\mathrm{xKCl}+6 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4} \rightarrow \mathrm{yCrO}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}+6 \mathrm{KHSO}_{4}+\mathrm{zH}_{2} \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{x}$, y and Z are resp ectively
(a) $4,2,3$
(b) $6,2,6$
(c) $8,2,4$
(d) $4,1,6$
51. Which of the following reactants combine to produce $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{6}, \mathrm{~N}_{2}$ and HCl ?
(a) $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}$, Hot $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
(b) $\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}, \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH}$
(c) $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}, \mathrm{HCl}, \mathrm{Cu}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$
(d) $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}, \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{2}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
52. In the nuclear transformation of $X$ to $Y{ }_{j} X^{i} \rightarrow_{1} Y^{h}+n_{2} \mathrm{He}^{4}+n_{-1} \beta^{\circ}$ the number of beta particles ' $n$ ' is equal to
a) $(i-K) \frac{1}{4}$
b) $(l-j)+2 r$
c) $(I-j) \frac{1}{2}$
d) $(K-I)-2 r$
53. At a certain temperature vapour pressure of pure water is $3000 \mathrm{Nm}^{-2}$. To 100 gms of water, 5 gms of nonelectrolyte and non- volatile solute is added. Vapour pressure of the solution is $2985 \mathrm{Nm}^{-2}$. Assume that it is a dilute solution, find the molar mass of the solute.
(a) 90
(b) 180
(c) 200
(d) 270
54. Which of the following in pairs is wrongly matched?

I
II
(a) Terylene
$\mathrm{OH}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$
(b) Nylon 6,6
$\mathrm{NH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{NH}_{2}$
(c) Buna-S-Rubber
$\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}$
(d) Bakelite
$\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH}$
55. In the aqueous medium, which of the following ion is colourless ?

$$
\text { (At. No. of } \mathrm{Sc}=21 ; \mathrm{Ti}=22 ; \mathrm{V}=23 \& \mathrm{Fe}=26 \text { ). }
$$

(a) $\mathrm{Sc}^{3+}$
(b) $\mathrm{Ti}^{3+}$
(c) $\mathrm{V}^{3+}$
(d) $\mathrm{Fe}^{3+}$
56. Among the following the most stable free radical is -
a) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2}$.
b) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\mathrm{CH}} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$
c) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{H} \quad \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5}$
d) $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}$.
57. X-rays of wave-length 1.14 A in the first order reflection from a crystal, were reflected at an angle of $30^{\circ}$.
The inter planar distance in the crystal is $\left(\sin 30^{\circ}\right.$ is 0.5$)$
a) $3.8 \mathrm{~A}^{\circ}$
b) $1.14 \mathrm{~A}^{\circ}$
c) $0.342 \mathrm{~A}^{\circ}$
d) $2.28 \mathrm{~A}^{\circ}$
58. One litre of an aqueous solution has 3.65 gms of HCl . It is desired to increase the pH of the solution to 2 . Then $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{O}^{+}$ion concentration present initially should be
a) Also doubled
b) Reduced to half
c) Increased by 10 times
d) Reduced by 10 times
59. Which among the following is a Polyamide Polymer?
(a) Tery lene
(b) Buna-S-rubber
(c) Polystyrene
(d) Nylon 6,6
60. Which among the following is used as antacid?
(a) Aspirin
(b) Phenacetin
(c) $\mathrm{Al}(\mathrm{OH})_{3}+\mathrm{Mg}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}$
(d) P-Hydroxy azo benzene.
61. Find the correct statement about crystal defects.
a) schottky defect makes a crystal elec trically ch arged.
b) frenkel defect alters the density of the crystal.
c) metal excess defect gives colour to the crystal
d) metal deficiency defect can be found in the halides of alkali metals.
62. Which of the following conversions involves gain of 5 electrons per ion?
a) $\mathrm{MnO}_{4}^{-} \rightarrow \mathrm{Mn}^{2+}$
b) $\mathrm{CrO}_{4}^{2-} \rightarrow \mathrm{Cr}^{3+}$
c) $\mathrm{MnO}_{4}^{2-} \rightarrow \mathrm{MnO}_{2}$
d) $\mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}^{2-} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{Cr}^{3+}$
63. Sodium reacts with water to give $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ gas and the solution contains substance ' A ' zinc metal reacts solution ' $A$ ' to give the same $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ gas. Compound ' A ' is
a) $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
b) NaOH
c) $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$
d) $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$
64. Meso form can be obtained in-
a) 1,2 - Dichlorobutane
b) 1,4 - Dichlorobutane
c) 2,3 - Dichlorobutane
d) 1,3 - Dichlorobu tane
65. Decomposition of ozone can be caused by
a) atomic he lium
b) water vapour
c) dust particles
d) a tomic ch lorine
66. Nor mality of 0.25 M phosphorus acid $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{3}$ is
a) 0.125
b) 0.75
c) 0.50
d) 0.25
67. Which of the following sets contains oxides in the sequence of basic, amphoteric and acidic in nature respectively?
a) $\mathrm{CaO}, \mathrm{SiO}_{2}, \mathrm{Al}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$
b) $\mathrm{Al}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}, \mathrm{CO}_{2}, \mathrm{SiO}_{2}$
c) $\mathrm{CO}, \mathrm{SO}_{2}, \mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$
d) $\mathrm{BaO}, \mathrm{Al}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}, \mathrm{SiO}_{2}$
68. Among $\mathrm{LiCl}, \mathrm{RbCl}, \mathrm{BeCl}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{MgCl}_{2}$ compounds with maximum and minimum ionic character are respectively.
a) $\mathrm{LiCl} ; \mathrm{RbCl}$
b) $\mathrm{RbCl} ; \mathrm{BeCl}_{2}$
c) $\mathrm{RbCl} ; \mathrm{MgCl}_{2}$
d) $\mathrm{MgCl}_{2} ; \mathrm{BeCl}_{2}$
69. Between actinides and lanthanides, the complex formation tendency is more for
a) lanth an ides because of high chemical reactivity
b) lanthanides due to greater stability.
c) actinides as they have variable oxidation states.
d) actinides due to high charge to size ratio
70. A solid mixture has benzoic acid and naphthalene. From this naphthalene can be separated by using
a) aqueous NaOH
b) cold water
c) benzene
d) diethylether

## Maths - Part 3

71. If $\left|\begin{array}{llll}a & b & \alpha d & -d \\ b & c & b & -c \\ 2 & 1 & 0\end{array}\right|=0$ and $\propto$ ? $\frac{1}{2}$, then $a, b, c$ are in
a) A.P
b) G.P
c) H.P
d) none of the above
72. If $\sin x+\operatorname{cosec} x=2$, then $\sin ^{n} x+\operatorname{cosec}^{n} x$ is equal to
a) $2^{n}$
b) 2
c) $2^{n-1}$
d) $2^{n}-1$
73. The value of $\tan \left[\cos ^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)+\tan ^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)\right]$ is
a) $\frac{1}{16}$
b) $\frac{7}{16}$
c) $\frac{16}{7}$
d) none
74. If $a, b, c$ are in G.P, $x, y$ are the A.M of $a, b$ and $b, c$, respectively, then $\frac{a}{x}+\frac{c}{y}=$ $\qquad$
1) 3
b) 1
c) 2
d) 5
75. The equation of the plane containing the line $\frac{x+1}{-3}=\frac{y-3}{2}=\frac{z+2}{1}$ and the point $(0,7,-7)$ is
a) $x+y+z=1$
b) $x+y+z=2$
c) $x+y+z=0$
d) None of these
76. Foot of the perpendicular from the point $(2,2,2)$ in the plane $x+y+z=9$ is
a) $(1,1,1)$
b) $(3,3,3)$
c) $(9,0,0)$
d) $(2,6,1)$
77. The solution of the equation $9^{x}+78=3^{2 x+3}$ is
a) 2
b) 3
c) $1 / 3$
d) $1 / 2$
78. The area of the quadrilateral formed by the tangents at the end points of latus rectum to the ellipse $\frac{x^{2}}{9}+\frac{y^{2}}{5}=1$ is
a) $\frac{27}{4}$ sq units
b) 9 sq units
c) $\frac{27}{2}$ sq units
d) None of the above
79. If $\cos ^{-1}\left[\frac{x^{2}-y^{2}}{x^{2}+y^{2}}\right]=\log a$, then $\frac{d y}{d x}$ is equal to:
a) $\frac{y}{x}$
b) $\frac{x}{y}$
c) $\frac{x^{2}}{y^{2}}$
d) $\frac{y^{2}}{x^{2}}$
80. The image of the point $(1,6,3)$ on the line $\frac{x}{1}=\frac{y-1}{2}=\frac{z-2}{3}$ is
a) $(1,6,7)$
b) $(1,-6,-7)$
c) $(1,0,7)$
d) $(-1,1,-7)$
81. $\int \frac{\sin x-\cos x}{\sqrt{1-\sin 2 x}} e^{\sin x} \cos x d x=$
a) $\quad e^{\sin x}+c$
b) $\quad \mathrm{e}^{\sin x-\cos x}$
c) $\quad e^{\sin x+\cos x}+c$
d) $\quad e^{\cos x-\sin x}+c$
82. If $A=$ If $A=\left[\begin{array}{ccc}\cos q & -\sin q & 0 \\ \sin q & \cos q & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0\end{array}\right]$, then $A^{3}$ will be a null matrix if and only if
a) $\theta=(2 \mathrm{~K}+1) \frac{\pi}{2}(\mathrm{k} \in 1)$
b) $\theta=(4 \mathrm{~K}-1) \frac{\pi}{3}(\mathrm{k} \in 1)$
c) $\theta=(3 K-1) \frac{\pi}{4}(k \in 1)$
d) none of these
83. If $\bar{x}$ is the mean of $n$ observations $x_{1}, x_{2} \ldots \ldots \ldots x_{n}$ then the mean of $\frac{x_{1}}{a}, \frac{x_{2}}{a}, \ldots \frac{x_{n}}{a}$ is
a) $\frac{\bar{x}}{\mathrm{a}}$
b) $\bar{x}+a$
c) $a \bar{x}$
d) $a^{2} \bar{x}$
84. The value of $\sin 10^{\circ}+\sin 20^{\circ}+\sin 30^{\circ}+\ldots \ldots \ldots+\sin 360^{\circ}$ is
a) 1
b) 0
c) -1
d) 2
85. The degree and order of the differential equation $y=p x+\sqrt{a^{2} p^{2}+b^{2}}$ where $p=\frac{d y}{d x}$ is
a) $(2,1)$
b) $(2,2)$
c) $(1,2)$
d) $(1,1)$
86. The coefficient of the term independent of $x$ in the expansion of $\left(1+x+2 x^{3}\right)\left[\frac{3}{2} x^{2}-\frac{1}{3 x}\right]^{9}$ is
a) $\frac{17}{54}$
b) $\frac{1}{3}$
c) $\frac{19}{54}$
d) $\frac{1}{4}$
87. A pack of playing cards was found to contain only 51 cards, if the first 13 cards which are examined are all red, then the probability that the missing card is black
a) $\frac{1}{3}$
b) $\frac{1}{2}$
c) $\frac{25 \mathrm{c}_{\mathrm{B}}}{51 \mathrm{c}_{\mathrm{B}}}$
d) $\frac{2}{3}$
88. $\int \frac{x+\sin x}{1+\cos x} d x=$
a) $x \tan \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+C$
b) $\cot \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)+C$
c) $\log (1+\cos x)+C$
d) $\log (x+\sin x)+C$
89. If the focus of the parabola is at $(0,-3)$, and its directrix direction is $y=3$, then its equation is
a) $x^{2}=-12 y$
b) $x^{2}=12 y$
c) $y^{2}=-12 x$
d) $y^{2}=12 x$
90. If $\frac{1}{a-i b}=\frac{x-i y}{x+i y}$, then $a^{2}+b^{2}$ is
a) $\quad x^{2}+y^{2}$
b) 1
c) 0
d) 5
91. The equation of the curve through the point $(1,0)$ and whose slope is $\frac{y-1}{x^{2}+x}$ is
a) $(y-1)(x+1)+2 x=0$
b) $\quad 2 x(y-1)+x+1=0$
c) $\quad x(y-1)(x+1)+2=0$
d) $y(x+1)-x=0$
92. 930 Deepawali greeting cards are exchanged amongst the students of a class. If every student sends a card to every other student, then what is the number of students in the class?
a) 31
b) $\quad 29$
c) 43
d) 24
93. If $f(x)=\left|\begin{array}{lll}1 & x & x+1 \\ 2 x & x(x-1) & (x+1) x \\ 3 x(x-1) & x(x-1)(x-2) & (x-1) x(x-1)\end{array}\right|$ then $f(100)=$
a) 0
b) 1
c) 100
d) -100
94. The altitude fo a right circular cone of minimum volume circumscribed about a sphere of radius $r$ is
a) 2 r
b) 3 r
c) 5 r
d) 4 r
95. If $|z+4| \leq 3$, then the greatest and the least values of $|z+1|$ are
a) 3,0
b) 6,0
c) 4,3
d) none of the above
96. If $\alpha$ is one root of the equation $4 x^{2}+2 x-1=0$, then the other root may be
a) $4 \propto^{3}-3 \propto$
b) $4 \propto^{3}+3 \propto$
c) $3 \alpha^{3}-4 \propto$
d) $3 \alpha^{2}+4 \alpha$
97. If $\lim _{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x+x^{2}+x^{2}+\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . .+x^{n}-n}{x-1}=5050$, then $n$ equals
a) 10
b) 100
c)
150
d) 200
98. If a coin is tos sed n times the probability that head will appear an odd no of times is
a) $\frac{1}{2^{n}}$
b) $\frac{1}{2^{n-1}}$
C) $\frac{1}{2}$
d) $\frac{2}{5}$
99. The number of solutions of $\sqrt{3 x^{2}+6 x+7}+\sqrt{5 x^{2}+10 x+14}=4-2 x-x^{2}$ is
a) 1
b) 2
c) 3
d) 4
100. $\quad n c_{1}+2^{n} c_{2}+3^{n} c_{3}+\ldots \ldots .+n^{n} c_{n}=$
a) $n 2^{n-1}$
b) $(\mathrm{n}+1) 2^{\mathrm{n}+1}$
c) $n 2^{n}$
d) $(\mathrm{n}-1) 2^{\mathrm{n}+1}$
101. If $\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}+\mathrm{C}=$ ?, then $\frac{\sin \mathrm{A}+\sin \mathrm{B}-\sin \mathrm{C}}{\sin \mathrm{A}+\sin \mathrm{B}+\sin \mathrm{C}}$ is equal to
a) $\quad \tan \frac{B}{2} \cdot \tan \frac{C}{2}$
b) $\quad \tan \frac{A}{2} \cdot \tan \frac{B}{2}$
c) $\quad \tan \frac{\mathrm{A}}{2} \cdot \tan \frac{\mathrm{~B}}{2} \cdot \tan \frac{\mathrm{C}}{2}$
d) $\tan (\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B})-\tan \mathrm{C}$
102. If $g(f(x))=|\sin x|$ and $f(g(x))=(\sin \sqrt{x})^{2}$. Then
a) $\quad f(x)=\sin ^{2} x, g(x)=\sqrt{x}$
b) $\quad f(x)=\sin x, g(x)=|x|$
c) $\quad f(x)=x^{2}, g(x)=\sin \sqrt{x}$
d) $\quad \mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x}), \mathrm{g}(\mathrm{x})$ cannot be determined.
103. There are 9999 tickets bearing numbers $0001,0002,0003$, $\qquad$ 9999. If one ticket is selected from these tickets at random, the probability that the number on the ticket will consist of all different digits, is:
a) $\frac{5040}{9999}$
b) $\frac{5000}{9999}$
c) $\frac{5030}{9999}$
d) none of the above
104. The area of the region bounded by the two parabolas $y=x^{2} ; y^{2}=x$ is
a) $\frac{1}{3}$
b) $\frac{2}{3}$
c) 1
d) $\frac{4}{3}$
105. Two non-ne gative integers x and y are chosen at random with replacement. The probability that $x^{2}+y^{2}$ is divisible by 10 is
a) $\frac{3}{50}$
b) $\frac{4}{25}$
c) $\frac{9}{50}$
d) $\frac{7}{50}$
106. Bracteoles are 5 to 8 in
a) Pavonia odorata
b) Hibiscus rosasinensis
c) Malva sylvestris
d) Abutilon indicum
107. The blood pressure is decreased by
a) Insulin
b) Interferon
c) Interleukin
d) Renin inhibitor
108. Casparian thickening is absent in $\qquad$ cells of the root
a) radial walls of endodermis
b) metaxylem element
c) opposie to protoxylem
d) transverse wall of endodermis
109. The shape of the metacentric chromosome is $\qquad$
a) V-shaped
b) L-shaped
c) Rod shaped
d) C-shaped
110. Match the following
111. Medulla
a) sleep wake cycle
112. cerebellum
b) swallowing and vomiting
113. pons
c) balance and maintenance
114. hypothalamus
d) sleep and respiratory centers
a) $1-\mathrm{d} \quad 2-\mathrm{a} \quad 3-\mathrm{c} \quad 4-\mathrm{b}$
b) $1-\mathrm{b} \quad 2-\mathrm{c} \quad 3-\mathrm{d} \quad 4-\mathrm{a}$
c) $1-\mathrm{a} \quad 2-\mathrm{b} \quad 3-\mathrm{d} \quad 4-\mathrm{c}$
d) $1-\mathrm{c} \quad 2-\mathrm{d} \quad 3-\mathrm{a} \quad 4-\mathrm{b}$
115. which is not an autoimmune disease
a) Rhematoid arthritis
b) SCID
c) Multiple sclerosis
d) Insulin dependent diabetes
116. African sleeping sickness is caused by $\qquad$
a) Trypanosoma gambiens
b) Leishmania donavani
c) Leishma ria tropica
d) Giardia intestinatis
117. 118) Allergies results from an inappropriate and excessive immune response to common autrigens in the disease called hypersensitivity
2) When the immune system attacks and destroys 'self' cells and molecules the disease is called autoimmune disease.
3) Graft between allogenic individuals are called heterograft.
4) In distal convoluted tubules the urine becomes hypertonic.
a) 1 and 2 are true but 3 and 4 are false.
b) 1 and 3 are true but 4 and 2 are false.
c) 2 and 3 are true but 1 and 4 are false.
d) 3 and 4 are true but 1 and 2 are false.
79. Photosynthesis is an oxidation - reduction reaction between $\qquad$
a) Water and ATP
b) Water and carbondioxide
c) Carbondioxide and NADP
d) Water and NADP
80. Ephedrine is used to cure
a) Pneumonia
b) Cough
c) Tuberculosis
d) Skin infection
81. Match the following
1) Biosystematics
a) Heteromerae
2) Carolus Linnaeus
b) Camp and Gily
3) Biochemical mutation
c) Sweden scientist
4) More than two carpels
d) Neurospora
a) $1-\mathrm{a}$
2-b
$3-c$
$4-d$
b) $1-\mathrm{c}$
$3-b$
4-a
c) $1-\mathrm{b} \quad 2-\mathrm{c}$
$3-d$
4-a
d) $1-\mathrm{d}$
2-b
$3-a$
4-c
82. Which of the following sentence is / are true
83. Meristematic cells are self perpetuating
84. Uneven thickned cell wall is the characteristic features of scelerenchyma
85. Macre-scleroids are present in the seed coat of pisum
86. Sclerenchyma are shorter whereas fibres are longer
a) 1 and 2
b) 2 and 3
b) 3 and 4
d) 1 and 4
87. Urea is synthesized by
a) Kidney
b) Pancrease
c) Liver
d) Gall bladder
88. Find the wrong match / matches

| 1. Flat fish | - | Naakkumeen |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. Sardines | - | Parameen |
| 3. Grey Mullets | - | Madavai |
| 4. Tilapia | - | Jilabi kendai |

a) 1 and 2
b) 2 only
c) 3 only
d) 3 and 4
85. A functional idea to understand. The population genetics was provided in the form of law by $\qquad$
a) H.J Muller and Ernst Mayr
b) G.H. Hardy and W. Weinberg
c) R.A. Fisher and Sewall Wright
d) G.L. Stebbins and August Weismann
86. Match the following
1.

2.

3.

4.

a) Parent and children
b) Dizygous twins
c) Monozygous twins
d) Consanguine marriage
a) $1-\mathrm{a}$
$2-b$
3-c
4 -d
b) $1-\mathrm{d} \quad 2-\mathrm{a}$
3-c
4-b
c) $1-\mathrm{b} \quad 2-\mathrm{d}$
3-a
4-c
d) $1-\mathrm{c}$
2-b
$3-\mathrm{a}$
4-d
87. Which one of the following is non-degradable waste
a) Mining waste
b) Fibre and paper
c) Leather
d) Waste from food processing
88. The percentage of recombination can be determined by $\qquad$
a) Crossing over frequency Linkage trequency
b) Linkage frequency
d) No of total frequency
Total number of offspring
89. Ketosis occur due to
a) The low level of calcitonin
b) The low level of insulin
c) The high level of insulin
d) The low level of parathormone
90. The fracture in which haematoma does not communicate with the outside is
a) Green stick fracture
b) Stress fracture
c) Pathological fracture
d) Closed fracture
91. The largest of all viruses is $\qquad$
a) Pox viruses
b) Poloma virus
c) Adeno virus
d) Rous sarcoma virus
92. Lack of rumination and dull appearance of cattle are the symptoms for $\qquad$ disease
a) Anthrax
b) Cowpox
c) Constipation
d) Milk fever
93. The botanical name of ashwagantha is $\qquad$
a) Withania somnifera
b) Solalum trilobatum
c) Cestrym divernum
d) Pelunia hybrida
94. Phloem fibres are also called as
a) Wood fibres
b) Libriform fibres
c) Bast fibres
d) Supporting cells
95. The electron carriers in the electron transport system are arranged in
a) Three complexes
b) Two complexes
c) Four complexes
d) Five complexes
96. Pick out the correct statements
a) C3 plants are more photosynthetically efficient than C4 plants
b) C4 plants are more photosynthetically efficient than C2 plants
c) C3 plants are more photosynthetically efficient than C2 plants
d) C 4 plants are more photosynthetically efficient thanC3 plants
97. From pericycle $\qquad$ root arises
a) Primary root
b) Lateral root
c) Secondary root
d) Tertiary root
98. Albinism is due to $\qquad$
a) absense of melanin
b) absense of vitamins
c) presence of melanin
d) absense of hormone
99. Match the following
sources of energy

1. Solar cells
2. Thermal power
3. Hydel power
disadvantages
a. affect the ecosystem
b. Co2, acid rain
c. Co2, fly ash
4. Fossil fuel d. Carcinogen
a) $1-\mathrm{d} \quad 2-\mathrm{c}$
$3-\mathrm{a}$
4-b
b) $1-\mathrm{c} \quad 2-\mathrm{d} \quad 3-\mathrm{b}$
4-a
c) $1-\mathrm{a} \quad 2-\mathrm{b} \quad 3-\mathrm{d}$
4-c
d) $1-\mathrm{b} \quad 2-\mathrm{d} \quad 3-\mathrm{c} \quad 4-\mathrm{a}$
5. Bio-degradable products produced through gene modification of soyabean is
a) Paints
b) Fibres
c) Industrial lubricants
d) Plastics
6. Which of the following sentence is / are false
1) During kidney failure dialysis is done to filter the waste
2) Blood cells and proteins are not filtered by the machine
3) The blood leaves usually from a vein in the medulla and return to a near by artery after dialysis
4) Adrenalin act as anti inflammatory agent
a) 1 and 2
b) 3 only
c) 4 only
d) 3 and 4
102. The ovary is obliquely placed in the members of
a) Solanaceae
b) Malvaceae
c) Euphorbiaceae
d) Musaceae
103. Which of the following sentences is / are not false ?
1) The primary site of infection is urethra in males in the disease gonorrhoea.
2) Pencillin was discovered by Alexander Flemming in the year 1929
3) Western Blot is a sensitive test used to detect HIV
4) The viruses integrated themselves with the bacterial genome is called lysogenic cycle
a) 1 and 4
b) 2 and 3
5) 3 and 4
d) 1 and 2
104. 5800 genes are present in the genome of
a) Drosophila
b) Chimpanzee
c) Yeast
d) Arabidopis thaliana
105. The inherent potential of any living plant probagule to develop into entire organism is called
a) Totipotency
b) Organogenesis
c) Morphogenesis
d) Differenciation
106. Which of the following is / are secondary lymphoid organ/s ?
1) Bursa of fabricius
2) Spleen
3) Bone marrow
4) Mucosa
a) 1 and 2
b) 2 and 4
c) 1 and 3
d) 3 and 4
107. In hexose phase $\qquad$ ATP molecules are consumed
a) One
b) Two
c) Three
d) No ATP
108. Which of the following sentences is / are not false ?
1) The slow initial phase is called lag phase
2) Gibberellin promote dormancy in potatotubers
3) The term vernalisation was first introduced by German scientist called T.D Lysenko
4) The enzyme phosphofructokinase convert fructose 1,6 bisphosphate into glycerol dehyde 3 phosphate
a) 1 and 3
b) 3 only
c) 1 only
d) 3 and 4
109. Name the insect which plays a vital role in tropical forests by pollinating trees
a) grasshopper
b) Honeybee
c) Bumble bee
d) Orchid bee
110. Match the inflorescence with the flower
111. Catkin
a) Pavonia odorata
112. Helicoid cyme
b) Withania somnifera
113. Axillary cyme
c) Acalypha indica
114. Umbellate cyme
d) Solanum tuberosum

| a) $1-\mathrm{c}$ | $2-\mathrm{a}$ | $3-\mathrm{a}$ | $4-\mathrm{b}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| b) $1-\mathrm{a}$ | $2-\mathrm{d}$ | $3-\mathrm{d}$ | $4-\mathrm{c}$ |
| c) $1-\mathrm{a}$ | $2-\mathrm{b}$ | $3-\mathrm{c}$ | $4-\mathrm{d}$ |
| d) $1-\mathrm{b}$ | $2-\mathrm{c}$ | $3-\mathrm{d}$ | $4-\mathrm{a}$ |

111. Arrange the following in the correct route for a complete reflex are
1) Sense organ
2) Effector neuron
3) Effector
4) Grey matter of spinal cord
5) Intermediate neuron
6) Affector neuron
a) $1 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3$
b) $5 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 1$
c) $1 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4$
d) $2 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 1$
112. Find the incorrect match

| a) Timber yielding | - | Tectora grandis |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| b) Cotton | - | Gossypium hisatum |
| c) Oil yielding | - | Arachis hypogea |
| d) Medicine | - | Colo nitida |

113. The air breathing fish among the following is
a) Mrigal
b) Rohu
c) Catfish
d) Mullet
114. The genotype of carriers of sickle cell anaemia
a) $\mathrm{Hb}^{\mathrm{S}} \mathrm{Hb}^{\mathrm{S}}$
b) $\mathrm{Hb}^{\mathrm{A}} \mathrm{Hb}^{\mathrm{A}}$
c) $\mathrm{Hb}^{A} \mathrm{Hb}^{S}$
d) $\mathrm{Hb}^{N} \mathrm{Hb}^{N}$
115. A normal ECG composed of five waves designated from left to right with the letters
a) PRTS and Q
b) PQRS and T
c) QPRS and T
d) PTRQ and S
116. Super coils are released by
a) DNA polymerase
b) Primase
c) Topoisomerase
d) DNA polymerase I, II and III
117. In kreb's cycle dehydration occurs during the formation of
a) Succinic acid
b) Malic acid
c) Cis-aconitic acid
d) Ketoglutaric acid
118. The major aspects of plant breeding are
1) Selection of better crop
2) Conducting experiments to assess the quality of crops
3) Release of a variety
4) Creation of useful variation

Arrange them in correct order
a) 4, 3, 2, and 1
b) 4, 1, 2, and 3
c) 1, 3, 2, and 4
d) 2, 1, 3, and 4
119. Which is the correct sequence of Natural selection theory by Darwin?

1) over production
2) variation
3) survival of the fittest
4) struggle for existence
5) Natural selection
a) $1,4,2,3$, and 5
b) 1, 3, 4, 2, and 5
c) $1,5,2$, 3, and 4
d) $1,2,3,5$, and 4
120. Gibberella fusarium can break down $\qquad$ and reduce it to a nontoxic form
a) cyanide
b) Mercury
c) Cadmium
d) Chromium

ANSWER


