

# BOARD QUESTION PAPER: MARCH 2014

## CHEMISTRY – II (12<sup>th</sup> Sci., HSC, Maharashtra)

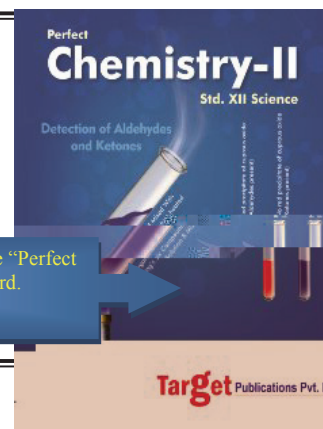
Time: 3 Hrs

Total Marks: 70

**Note:**

- All questions are compulsory.
- Answer to the two sections are to be written in the same answer book.
- Figures to the right hand side indicate full marks.
- Write balanced chemical equations and draw neat and labelled diagrams wherever necessary.
- Start every new question on a new page.
- Use of logarithmic table is allowed.

This question paper is an extract from our title "Perfect Chemistry - II" for Std. XII Science, MH Board. Visit [www.targetpublications.org](http://www.targetpublications.org) to know more

**SECTION – II****Q.5. Answer any ONE:**

[7]

- Write the structural formula and IUPAC names of all possible isomers of the compound with molecular formula  $C_3H_8O$ .  
Write 'two' uses of phenol.  
What happens when glucose is treated with:
  - Bromine water
  - Dilute nitric acid
  - Hydrogen cyanide (HCN)
- Write the molecular formula and structural formula of BHA and BHT.  
What are thermoplastic polymers?  
Write a note on aldol condensation.

**Q.6. Answer any THREE:**

[9]

- What is the action of the following reagents on aniline?
  - Bromine water
  - Acetic anhydride
  - Hot and conc. sulphuric acid
- Discuss the optical activity of lactic acid.
- Write balanced chemical equations for action of potassium permanganate on:
  - Hydrogen
  - Warm conc. sulphuric acid
 Explain why  $Mn^{2+}$  ion is more stable than  $Mn^{3+}$ ?  
(Given:  $Mn \rightarrow Z = 25$ )
- What is effective atomic number (EAN)?  
Calculate EAN of cobalt ( $Z = 27$ ) in  $[Co(NH_3)_6]^{+3}$  and of zinc ( $Z = 30$ ) in  $[Zn(NH_3)_4]SO_4$ .

## Q.7. Answer any SIX:

[12]

- i. What is a 'soap'? How is it prepared?
- ii. Identify the compounds 'A' and 'B' in the following equation:  

$$\text{CH}_3 - \text{CH}_3 + \text{HNO}_3 \xrightarrow{423-600\text{K}} \text{'A'} \xrightarrow{\text{Sn/conc.HCl}} \text{'B'} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$$
- iii. Write a note on self oxidation-reduction reaction of aldehyde with suitable example.
- iv. Write names and chemical formulae of monomers used in preparing Buna-S.
- v. Define complex lipids. Mention 'two' functions of lipids.
- vi. Distinguish between  $\text{S}_\text{N}^1$  and  $\text{S}_\text{N}^2$  mechanisms.
- vii. What are lanthanoids? What is the position of actinoids in periodic table?
- viii. How is methoxyethane prepared from:
  - a. Methyl iodide
  - b. Diazomethane

## Q.8. Select and write the most appropriate answer from the given alternatives for each sub-question:

[7]

- i. IUPAC name of  $\text{K}_4[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]$  is \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) tetrapotassium ferrocyanide (B) potassium ferricyanide  
 (C) potassium ferrocyanide (D) potassium hexacyanoferrate
- ii. Carbon atom in methyl carbocation contains how many pairs of electrons?  
 (A) 8 (B) 4  
 (C) 3 (D) 5
- iii. How many moles of acetic anhydride will be required to form glucose pentaacetate from 2 M of glucose?  
 (A) 2 (B) 5  
 (C) 10 (D) 2.5
- iv. Identify the weakest base amongst the following:  
 (A) p-methoxyaniline (B) o-toluidine  
 (C) benzene-1,4-diamine (D) 4-aminobenzoic acid
- v. Bakelite is the polymer of \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) Benzaldehyde and phenol (B) Acetaldehyde and phenol  
 (C) Formaldehyde and phenol (D) Formaldehyde and benzyl alcohol
- vi. Formalin is 40% aqueous solution of \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (A) Methanal (B) Methanoic acid  
 (C) Methanol (D) Methanamine
- vii. Which among the following pairs of elements is 'not' an example of chemical twins?  
 (A) Zr and Hf (B) Nb and Ta  
 (C) Mo and W (D) Ta and Re