

Vidyasagar University  
*Applied Mathematics with Oceanology and Computer Programming*  
 Midnapore-721 102, West Bengal  
 Syllabus of M.Sc.

**With effect from 2013-2014.**

**Semester-I**

<i>Course No.</i>	<i>Topics</i>	<i>Marks</i>	<i>No. of Lectures Hours</i>
MTM101	Real Analysis	50	40
MTM102	Complex Analysis	50	40
MTM103	Ordinary Differential Equations and Special Functions	50	40
MTM104	Advanced Programming in C and MATLAB	50	40
MTM105	Classical Mechanics and Non – linear Dynamics	50	40
MTM106	Graph Theory	25	20
Unit-1			
MTM106	Lab. 1: (Computational Unit-2 Methods: Using MATLAB)	25	20

**Semester-II**

<i>Course No.</i>	<i>Topics</i>	<i>Marks</i>	<i>No. of Lectures Hours</i>
MTM201	Fluid Mechanics	50	40
MTM202	Numerical Analysis	50	40
MTM203	Abstract Algebra	25	20
Unit-1			
MTM203	Linear Algebra	25	20
Unit-2			
MTM204	General Theory of Continuum Mechanics	50	40
MTM205	General Topology	25	20
Unit-1			
MTM205	Fuzzy Sets and Their Unit-2 Applications	25	20
MTM206	Stochastic Process and Unit-1 Regression	25	20
MTM206	Lab. 2: (Language: C - Unit-2 Programming)	25	20

### ***Semester-III***

<i>Course No.</i>	<i>Topics</i>	<i>Marks</i>	<i>No. of Lectures Hours</i>
MTM301	Partial Differential Equations and Generalized Functions	50	40
MTM302	Transforms and Integral Equations	50	40
MTM303	Operations Research /Dynamical Oceanology and Meteorology	50	40
MTM304	Special Paper-OM Dynamical Oceanology-I	50	40
MTM305	Special Paper-OM Dynamical Meteorology -I	50	40
MTM304	Special Paper-OR Advanced Optimization and Operations Research	50	40
MTM305	Special Paper-OR Operational Research Modelling-I	50	40
MTM306 Unit-1	Object Oriented Programming with C++	25	40
MTM306 Unit-2	Lab. 3: (Advanced Numerical and Statistical Techniques: Using C/C++ / MATLAB)	25	20

### ***Semester-IV***

<i>Course No.</i>	<i>Topics</i>	<i>Marks</i>	<i>No. of Lectures Hours</i>
MTM401	Functional Analysis	50	40
MTM402 Unit-1	Data Structure and Design and Analysis of Algorithms	25	20
MTM402 Unit-2	Lab.: (Data Base Management System: FOXPRO/ ORACLE)	25	20
MTM403 Unit-1	Magneto Hydro-Dynamics	25	20
MTM403 Unit - 2	Soft Computing	25	20
MTM404	Special Paper-OM Dynamical Oceanology -II	50	40
MTM405 Unit-1	Special Paper-OM Dynamical Meteorology -II	25	20
MTM405 Unit-2	Lab.: (Dynamical Meteorology)	25	20
MTM404	Special Paper-OR Nonlinear Optimization	50	40
MTM405	Special Paper-OR	25	20

Unit-1	Operational Research Modelling-II		
MTM405	Lab. on Special Paper:	25	20
Unit-2	(Operations Research: Using MATLAB / LINGO / MATHEMATICA)		
MTM406	Dissertation Project Work	50	

**Note:**

There will be two examinations for each paper: (i) End semester examination having 40 marks and (ii) Internal assessment (IA) examination having 10 marks. Marks from IA will be evaluated by averaging two marks obtained in two IA examinations. In this course there are two special papers: Dynamical Oceanology and Meteorology (MTM 304, 305, 404 and 405) and Operations Research (MTM 304, 305, 404 and 405). Each student must take any one of these two.

***Semester-I***

**MTM101      Real Analysis      50**

Complete Metric spaces, compactness, connectedness(with emphasis on  $\mathbb{R}^m$ ), Heine-Borel Theorem, Separable and non-separable metric spaces.

Functions of bounded variation, R-S Integral

Measurable sets. Concept of Lebesgue function. Inner and outer measure. Its simple properties. Set of measure zero. Cantor set, Borel set and their measurability, Non-measurable sets.

Measurable function : Definition and it's simple properties, Borel measurable functions, sequence of measurable functions, Statement of Lusin's theorem, Egoroff's theorem. Simple functions and it's properties.

Lebesgue integral on a measurable set: Definition. Basic simple properties.

Lebesgue integral of a bounded function over a set A of finite measure. Simple properties. Integral of non-negative measurable functions, General Lebesgue integral. Bounded convergence theorem for a sequence of Lebesgue integrable function, Fatou's lemma. Classical Lebesgue dominated convergence theorem. Monotone convergence theorem, Relation between Lebesgue integral and Riemann integral

**MTM102      Complex Analysis      50**

Complex numbers. The complex plane. Functions of a complex variable. Limit. Continuity. Differentiability. The definition of an analytic function. Cauchy- Riemann differential equation. Construction of analytic function.

Complex integration. Jordan arc. Contour. Rectifiable arcs. The absolute value of complex integral. Cauchy's theorem. Cauchy's integral formula. The derivatives of an analytic function. Cauchy's inequality. Morer's theorem. Liouville's theorem. Taylor's and Laurent's series. Maximum modulus principle.

Singularities : Zero of an analytic function. Different types of singularities. Poles. Isolated. Removal and Essential singularities.

Residues: Residue at pole. Residue at infinity. Cauchy residue theorem. Number of poles and zeros of an analytic function. Rouché's theorem.

Contour integration: Evaluation of integrals using contour integration.

Conformal representation: Conformal transformation. Möbius transformation or Bilinear transformation. Mapping properties of important functions.

## MTM103      **Ordinary Differential Equations and Special Functions**      50

**Differential equation.** Homogeneous linear differential equations. Fundamental system of integrals. Singularity of a linear differential equation. Solution in the neighbourhood of a singularity. Regular integral. equation of Fuchsian type. Series solution by Frobenius method.

**Hypergeometric equation.** Hypergeometric functions. Series solution near zero. one and infinity. Integral formula for the hypergeometric function. Differentiation of hypergeometric function. The confluent hypergeometric function. Integral representation of confluent hypergeometric function.

**Legendre equation:** Legendre functions, Generating function, Legendre functions of the first kind and second kind, Laplace integral, Orthogonal properties of Legendre polynomials, Rodrigue's formula, Schlaefli's integral.

**Bessel equation:** Bessel function, Series solution of Bessel equation, Generating function, Integrals representations of Bessel's functions, Hankel functions, Recurrence relations, Asymptotic expansion of Bessel functions.

**Green's Function:** Green's Function and its properties, Green's function for ordinary differential equations, Application to Boundary Value Problems.

**Eigen Value Problem:** Ordinary differential equations of the Sturm Liouville type, Properties of Sturm Liouville type, Application to Boundary Value Problems. Eigenvalues and eigen-functions, Orthogonality theorem, Expansion theorem.

**System of Linear Differential Equations:** Systems of First order equations and the Matrix form, Representation of nth order equations as a system, Existence and uniqueness of solutions of system of equations, Wronskian of vector functions.

## MTM104      **Advanced Programming in C and MATLAB**      50

**Programming in C:** Review of basic concepts of C programming, Arrays, structure and union, Enum, pointers, pointers and functions, pointers and arrays, array of pointers, pointers and structures, strings and string handling functions, Dynamic memory allocation: using of malloc(), realloc(), calloc() and free(), file handling functions: use of fopen, fclose, fputc, fgetc, fputs, fscanf, fprintf, fseek, putc, getc, putw, getw, append, low level programming and C preprocessor: Directive, #define, Macro Substitution, conditional compilation, #if, #ifdef, #ifndef, #else, #endif.

**Programming in MATLAB:** The Matlab workspace, data types, variables, assignment statements, arrays, sets, matrices, string, time, date, cell arrays and structures, introduction to M – file scripts, input and output functions, conditional control statements, loop control statements, break, continue and return statements.

Motion of a system of particles. Constraints. Generalized coordinates. Holonomic and non-holonomic system. Principle of virtual work. D'Alembert's Principle. Lagrange's equations. Plane pendulum and spherical pendulum. Cyclic co-ordinates. Coriolis force. Motion relative to rotating earth.

Principle of stationary action. Hamilton's principle. Deduction of Lagrange from Hamilton's principle. Brachitochrone problem. Lagrange's equations from Hamilton's principle.. Invariance transformations. Conservation laws. Noether's theorem. Infinitesimal transformations. Space-time transformations. Legendre transformation. Hamiltonian. Hamilton's equations. Poisson bracket. Canonical transformations. Liouville's theorem.

Hamilton-Jacobi equation for Hamilton's principle function. Solution of harmonic oscillator problem by Hamilton-Jacobi method.

Small oscillation about equilibrium. Lagrange's method. Normal co-ordinates. Oscillations under constraint. Stationary character of a normal mode. Small oscillation about the state of steady motion. Normal coordinates

Orientation and displacement of a rigid body. Eulerian angles. Caylay-Klein parameters. Inertia tensor. Eigenvalues of the inertia tensor. Principal axis transformation. Euler equations of motion. Motion of a free about a fixed point.

Special theory of relativity in Classical Mechanics:-Postulates of special relativity. Lorentz transformation. Consequences of Lorentz transformation. Force and energy equations in relativistic mechanics.

Nonlinear Dynamics: Linear systems. Phase portraits: qualitative behavior. Linearization at a fixed point. Fixed points. Stability aspects. Lyapunov functions (stability theorem). Typical examples. Limit cycles. Poincare-Bendixson theory. Bifurcations. Different types of bifurcations.

Elements of graph theory. Eulerian and Hamiltonian Graphs. Trees. Planar graphs. Distance and centre. Duals. Cut sets and cut vertices. Bipartite graphs. Colouring and matching. Four colour theorem (statement only). Planar graphs. Directed graphs and weighted graphs. Matrix representation of graphs. Intersection graph , Applications of graphs in operations research.

Problem: 20 marks; Lab. Note Book and Viva-Voce: 5.

1. **Working with matrix:** Generating matrix, Concatenation, Deleting rows and columns. Symmetric matrix, matrix multiplication, Test the matrix for singularity, magic matrix. Matrix analysis using function: norm, normest, rank, det, trace, null, orth, rref, subspace, inv, expm, logm, sqrtm, funm.
2. **Array:** Addition, Subtraction, Element-by-element multiplication, Element-by-element division, Element-by-element left division, Element-by-element power. Multidimensional Arrays, Cell Arrays, Characters and Text in array,
3. **Graph Plotting:** Plotting Process, Creating a Graph, Graph Components, Figure Tools, Arranging Graphs Within a Figure, Choosing a Type of Graph to Plot, Editing Plots, Plotting Two Variables with Plotting Tools, Changing the Appearance of Lines and Markers, Adding More Data to the Graph, Changing the Type of Graph, Modifying the Graph Data Source, Annotating Graphs for Presentation, Exporting the Graph.
4. **Using Basic Plotting Functions:** Creating a Plot, Plotting Multiple Data Sets in One Graph, Specifying Line Styles and Colors, Plotting Lines and Markers, Graphing Imaginary and Complex Data, Adding Plots to an Existing Graph, Figure Windows, Displaying Multiple Plots in One Figure, Controlling the Axes , Adding Axis Labels and Titles, Saving Figures.
5. **Programming:** Conditional Control – if, else, switch, Loop Control – for, while, continue, break, Error Control – try, catch, Program Termination – return.
6. **Scripts and Functions:** Scripts, Functions, Types of Functions, Global Variables, Passing String Arguments to Functions, The eval Function, Function Handles, Function Functions, Vectorization, Preallocation.
7. **Data Analysis:** (i) Preprocessing Data : Loading the Data, Missing Data, Outliers, Smoothing and Filtering, (ii) Summarizing Data: Measures of Location, Measures of Scale, Shape of a Distribution, (iii) Visualizing Data: 2-D Scatter Plots, 3-D Scatter Plots, Scatter Plot Arrays, Exploring Data in Graphs, (iv) Modeling Data: Polynomial Regression, General Linear Regression,
8. **Linear Algebra:** Systems of Linear Equations, Inverses and Determinants, Factorizations, Powers and Exponentials, Eigenvalues, Singular Values.
9. **Polynomials:** Polynomial functions in the MATLAB® environment, Representing Polynomials, Evaluating Polynomials, Roots , Derivatives, Convolution, Partial Fraction Expansions, Polynomial Curve Fitting, Characteristic Polynomials.

## Semester-II

### MTM201 Fluid Mechanics

50

**Irrotational Motion in Two Dimensions:** General motion of a cylinder in two dimensions. Motion of a cylinder in a uniform stream, Liquid streaming past a fixed circular cylinder and two coaxial cylinders. Equations of motion of a circular cylinder. Circulation about a moving cylinder. Conjugate function. Elliptic cylinder. Liquid streaming past a fixed elliptic cylinder. Elliptic cylinder rotating in an infinite mass of liquid at rest at infinity. Circulation about an elliptic cylinder. Kinetic energy. Blasius theorem and its application. Kutta and Joukowski theorem, D'Alembert's paradox. Application of conformal mapping.

**Vortex Motion:** Vortex line, Vortex tube, Properties of the vortex, Strength of the vortex, Rectilinear vortices, Velocity component, centre of vortices. A case of two vortex filaments, vortex pair. Vortex doublet. Image of vortex filament with respect to a plane. An infinite single row of parallel rectilinear vortices of same strength. Two infinite row of parallel rectilinear vortices, Karman's vortex street. Rectilinear vortex with circular section. Rankine's combine vortex. Rectilinear vortices with elliptic section.

**Viscous Flow:** Navier-Stokes equations, Vorticity and circulation in viscous fluids. Reynolds number, Boundary conditions, Flow of a viscous fluid with free surface on an inclined plane. Flow between parallel plates. Flow through pipes of circular, elliptic section under constant pressure gradient. Laminar flow between concentric rotating cylinder. Steady motion of a viscous fluid due to a slowly rotating sphere. Unsteady motion of a flat plate. Pulsatile flow between parallel surfaces. Prandtl's concept of boundary layer. Boundary layer flow along a flat plate. Momentum and energy integral equation for the boundary layer. Von Karman Pohlhausen method. Turbulence, Calculation of Turbulent BL.

### MTM202 Numerical Analysis

50

Symbolic operators and their relations.

Cubic spline interpolation. Lagrange's bivariate interpolation. Approximation of function. Chebyshev polynomial: Minimax property. Curve fitting by least square method. Use of orthogonal polynomials. Economization of power series.

Numerical integration: Newton-Cotes formulae-open type. Gaussian quadrature: Gauss-Legendre, Gauss-Chebyshev. Integration by Monte Carlo method.

Roots of polynomial equation: Bairstow method. Solution of a system of non-linear equations by fixed point method and Newton-Raphson methods. Convergence and rate of convergence.

Solution of a system of linear equations: Matrix inverse. LU decomposition method. Solution of tri-diagonal system of equations. Ill-conditioned linear systems. Relaxation method.

Eigenvalue problem. Power method. Jacobi's method.

Solution of ordinary differential equation: Runge-Kutta method to solve a system of equations and second order IVP. Predictor-corrector method: Milne's method. Stability. Solution of second order boundary value problem by finite difference and finite element methods.

Partial differential equation: Finite difference scheme. Parabolic equation: Crank-Nicolson method. Iteration method to solve Elliptic and hyperbolic equations.

**MTM203 Abstract Algebra**  
**Unit-1**

25

**Groups:** Morphism of groups. Quotient groups. Fundamental theorem on homomorphism of groups. Isomorphism theorems. Automorphism. Solvable groups and theorems on them. Direct product. Conjugacy. Conjugate classes. Class equation. Theorems on finite groups. Cauchy's theorem. Sylow's theorem. Application of Sylow's theorem, Simple groups, Permutation groups, Cayley theorem, Group actions.

**Rings and Field:** Integral domain. Fields. Skew fields. Quotient rings. Morphism of rings. Ideals (Prime and maximal). Isomorphism theorem. Euclidean domain. Principal ideal domain. Unique factorization domain. Polynomial rings.

**MTM203 Linear Algebra**  
**Unit-2**

25

**Linear Transformation:** The algebra of linear transformations, Kernel, Range, Sylvester law, Rank and Nullity, Invertibility and Isomorphism, Matrix representation of a linear transformation, Linear operator, Linear functional, Dual space,

**Minimal Polynomial :** Minimal Polynomial of a Linear Operator, Diagonalization of a Linear Operator, Jordan Canonical Forms.

**Lattice:** Partially and totally ordered sets, Lattice, Semi Lattice, Complete Lattice, Sub lattice, Modular and Distributive Lattices, Complements, Boolean Lattice.

**MTM204 General Theory of Continuum**  
**Mechanics**

50

**Stress:** Body force. Surface forces. Cauchy's stress principle. Stress vector. State of stress at a point. Stress tensor. The stress vector –stress tensor relationship. Force and moment equilibrium. Stress tensor symmetry stress quadric of Cauchy. Stress transformation laws. Principal stress. Stress invariant. Stress ellipsoid.

**Strain:** Deformation Gradients. Displacement Gradient Deformation tensor. Finite strain tensors. Small deformation theory-infinitesimal strain tensor. Relative displacement. Linear rotation tensor. Interpretation of the linear strain tensors. Strength ratio. Finite strain interpretation. Principal strains. Strain invariant. Cubical dilatation .

Compatibility equation for linear strain. Strain energy function. Hook's law. Saint –Venant's principal. Airy's strain function. Isotropic media. Elastic constrains. Moduli of elasticity of isotropic bodies and their relation. Displacement equation of motion. Waves in isotropic elastic media.

**Perfect fluid:** Kinematics of fluid. Lagrangian method.. Eulerian method. Acceleration . Equation of continuity. The boundary surface.. Stream lines and path lines. Irrotational motion and its physical interpretation. Velocity potential. Euler's equation of motion of an in viscid fluid. Cauchy's integral. Bernoulli's equation. Integration of Euler's equation.

Impulsive motion of fluid. Energy equation. Motion in two dimensions. The stream functions Complex potential. Source, sink and doublet and their images. Milne-Thompson circle theorem and its application. Vorticity. Flow and circulation. Kelvin's circulation theorem. Kelvin's minimum energy theorem.

**MTM205      General Topology      25**  
**Unit-1**

Topological Spaces: open sets, closed sets, neighbourhoods, bases, subbases, limit points, closures, interiors, continuous functions, homeomorphisms. 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> countable spaces. Examples of topological spaces: subspace topology, product topology, metric topology, order topology, Quotient Topology.  
Connectedness and Compactness: Connected spaces, Connected subspaces of the real line, Components and local connectedness, Compact spaces, Local – compactness, Tychonoff's Theorem on compact spaces  
Separation Axioms: Hausdorff spaces, Regularity, Complete Regularity, Normality, Urysohn Lemma, Urysohn Metrization Theorem, Tietze Extension theorem.

**MTM205      Fuzzy Sets and Their Applications      25**  
**Unit-2**

Definition of Fuzzy sets. Alpha-set. Normality Extension Principle. Basic Operations like inclusion. Completion, Union and intersection, Difference.  
Fuzzy numbers. Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication and Division, Triangular and trapezoid fuzzy numbers.  
Linear Programming Problems with fuzzy resources :  
(i) Vendegay's approach  
(ii) Werner's approach  
L.P.P. with fuzzy resources and objective : Zimmermann's approach.  
L.P.P. with fuzzy parameters in the objective function. Definition of Fuzzy multiobjective linear programming problems. A brief survey of the methodology of solving fuzzy M.O.L.P. and fuzzy goal programming.

**MTM206      Stochastic Processes and Regression      25**  
**Unit-1**

Stochastic Process: Markov chains with finite and countable state space. Classification of states. Limiting behavior of  $n$  state transition probabilities. Stationary distribution. Branching process. Random walk. Gambler's ruin problem. Markov processes in continuous time. Poisson's process  
Partial correlation. Multiple correlation. Advanced theory of linear estimation.

**MTM206      Lab.: (Language: C Programming)      25**  
**Unit-2**

Problem: 20 marks; Lab. note book and viva: 5.

The programs are to be written on the following problems using pointers, data file, structures, etc in MTM104:

**On Numerical Problems:** Bisection, Iteration, Regula False, Newton Raphson methods, Trapezoidal and Simpson's 1/3 rd

**On Statistical Problems:** Mean, Median, Mode, Quartile, Standard deviation, correlation coefficient, Regression lines, Curve fitting

**On Searching and Sorting Problems:** Linear and binary search, Bubble, Insertion, Selection techniques.

**String manipulation:** No of occurrence of a letter in a given string, Palindrome nature of string, Rewrite the name with surname first, Print a string in a reverse order, String searching, Sorting of names in alphabetic order, Find and replace a given letter or word in a given string, Combinations of letters of a word, Conversion of name into abbreviation form, Pattern matching

**Miscellaneous Problems:** Generation of random numbers, Generation of prime numbers, Generation of Fibonacci numbers, Multiplication of polynomials, Addition, subtraction, transpose, inverse, multiplication of matrices, Determination of determinant, Nature and roots of Quadratic equation, Checking of divisibility, Splitting of numbers, Summation of Series and Conversion among decimal, binary, octal, Hexadecimal

### ***Semester-III***

#### **MTM301      Partial Differential Equations and Generalized Functions**

**50**

Partial Differential Equations:

First order PDE in two independent variables and the Cauchy problem. Semi-linear and quasi-linear equations in two-independent variables.

Second order linear PDE. Adjoint and self-adjoint equations. Reduction to canonical forms. Classifications. Fundamental equations: Laplace, Wave and Diffusion equations.

Hyperbolic equations:

Equation of vibration of a string. Existence. uniqueness and continuous dependence of the solution on the initial conditions. Method of separation of variables. D'Alembert's solution for the vibration of an infinite string. Domain of dependence. Riemann's method of solution. Riemann-Volterra solution. Higher-dimensional wave equations.

Elliptic equations:

Fundamental solution of Laplace's equations in two and three independent variables. Harmonic function. characterization of harmonic function by their mean value property. Uniqueness. Continuous dependence and existence of solutions. Method of separation of variables for the solutions of Laplace's equations. Dirichlet's and Neumann's problems. Green's functions for the Laplace's equations in two and three dimensions. Solution of Dirichlet's and Neumann's problem for some typical problems like a disc and a sphere. Potentials due to a volume distribution. a single layer and a double layer. Representation of a Harmonic function by potentials of simple and double layers. Poisson's general solution.



Integer programming : Gomory's cutting plane algorithm, (Gomory's mixed integer program algorithm) A branch and bound algorithm,

Optimal Control : Methods of calculus of variations, simple optimal problems of mechanics. Inventory model (deterministic).

Non-linear Programming : Quadratic Programming : Wolf's modified simplex method and Beale's method.

Convex programming. Dynamic programming. Decomposition principle due to Dantzig and Wolfe.

Or

***(For the student whose special paper is OR)***

**Dynamical Oceanology and Meteorology (OM)**

**Dynamical Oceanology:** Navier-Stokes equations of motion for viscous fluid. Thermodynamics of sea-water in equilibrium state. Salinity. Basic thermodynamics. Gibb's general thermodynamics relation for sea-water. Governing equations of motion of sea water. Boundary conditions at the free ocean surface. Linearised equation of small amplitude oceanian wave motion on a rotating earth. Boussinesq approximation. The beta plane approximation, Equation of conservation of energy for linearised wave motion.

**Dynamical Meteorology:** Heat balance of the atmosphere, Basic thermodynamics of the atmosphere. Potential temperature and stability of dry air.

Energy in a compressible atmosphere, change in potential energy due to adiabatic interchange of small parcels, dissipation of energy.

General circulation, its schematic description and theory (in out line).

Rate of change of circulation. Geostrophic and thermal wind. The geostrophic balance, The geodynamical paradox. Surface of discontinuity. Classification of fronts. Formation of cyclones. Aerological diagrams, its purpose and use.

**MTM304      Special Paper-OM      50**  
**Dynamical Oceanology-I**

**Thermodynamics of Equilibrium State:** Gibb's relation, Thermodynamic potentials. Definition of Salinity, Sea water as two component mixture, Entropy, Internal energy and Chemical potential of sea water, Adiabatic gradient of temperature and coefficient of compressibility of sea water, equilibrium conditions of sea water.

**Thermodynamics of Irreversible Processes :** Fluxes of heat and salt, conservation equations for heat, salt and mass, Navier-Stokes equations in an inertial frame and the corresponding equation in a uniformly rotating frame. Potential Vorticity. The- plane approximation. Boussinesq approximation,

Basic concept of turbulence, Reynold's stresses, equation of turbulent energy, Coefficient of turbulent exchange. Closer of the system of average equation for the large scale flow, Boundary conditions, Ageostrophic motion, Ekman layer on a free surface, Vertical Shear layers.

**MTM305      Special Paper-OM      50**  
**Dynamical Meteorology-I**



Sequential discrete optimization, Long-term planning problem, Multi-stage decision process, Application of Dynamic Programming in production scheduling and routing problems.

**Inventory control :** Inventory control -Deterministic including price breaks and Multi-item with constraints , -Probabilistic (with and without lead time), Fuzzy and Dynamic inventory models. Basic concept of supply – chain management and two echelon supply chain model.

**Queuing Theory :** Basic Structures of queuing models, Poisson queues –M/M/1, M/M/C for finite and infinite queue length, Non-Poisson queue -M/G/1, Machine-Maintenance (steady state).

**Network : PERT and CPM:** Introduction, Basic difference between PERT and CPM, Steps of PERT/CPM Techniques, PERT/CPM Network components and precedence relationships, Critical path analysis, Probability in PERT analysis, Project Time-Cost, Trade-off, Updating of the project, Resource allocation — resource smoothing and resource leveling.

**Replacement and Maintenance Models:** Introduction, Failure Mechanism of items, Replacement of items deteriorates with time, Replacement policy for equipments when value of money changes with constant rate during the period, Replacement of items that fail completely— individual replacement policy and group replacement policy, Other replacement problems — staffing problem, equipment renewal problem.

**Simulation:** Introduction, Steps of simulation process, Advantages and disadvantages of simulation, Stochastic simulation and random numbers— Monte Carlo simulation, Random number, Generation, Simulation of Inventory Problems, Simulation of Queuing problems, Role of computers in Simulation, Applications of Simulations.

**MTM306      Object Oriented Programming with C++      25**  
**Unit-1**

Introduction to object-oriented programming paradigm and design. Object. Classes and scope, nested classes, pointer class members. Class initialization, constructor and destructor. Overloaded function and operators. Templates including class templates. Inheritance: multiple and virtual inheritance.

**MTM306      Lab. 3: (Advanced Numerical and Statistical Techniques:      25**  
**Unit-2      Using C/C++ / MATLAB)**

Problem: 20 marks; Lab. note book and viva: 5.

**On Numerical Problems:**

- (i) Evaluation of determinant by Gauss elimination method, using partial pivoting.
- (ii) Matrix inverse by partial pivoting.
- (iii) Roots of Polynomial equation.
- (iv) Solution of system of linear equations by Gauss Seidal iteration method, Matrix inversion method, LU decomposition method, Gauss elimination method.
- (v) Solution of Tri-diagonal equations.
- (vi) Interpolation: Difference table, Lagrange, Newton forward and backward interpolation, Cubic spline interpolation.
- (vii) Integration: Gauss quadrature rule, Integration by Monte Carlo method, Double integration.

- (viii) Solution of ODE: Eulers and Modified Eulers, Runge-Kuta, Predictor and Corrector method: Milne method.
- (ix) Solution of PDE by Finite difference method.
- (x) Eigen value of a matrix: Power method, Jacobi method.

**On Statistical Problems:**

- (i) On bivariate distribution: Correlation coefficient, Regression lines, Curve fitting.
- (ii) Multiple regression.
- (iii) Simple hypothesis testing.

**Semester-IV**

**MTM401      Functional Analysis      50**

Normed spaces. Continuity of linear maps. Bounded linear transformation. Set of all bounded linear transformation  $B(X,Y)$  from NLS  $X$  into NLS  $Y$  is a NLS.  $B(X,Y)$  is a Banach space if  $Y$  is a Banach space. Quotient of normed linear spaces and its consequences. Hahn-Banach Extension theorem and Its applications. Banach spaces. A NLS is Banach iff every absolutely convergent series is convergent. Conjugate spaces, Reflexive spaces. Uniform Boundedness Principle and its applications. Closed Graph Theorem, Open Mapping Theorem and their applications. Inner product spaces, Hilbert spaces. Orthonormal basis. Complete Orthonormal basis. Cauchy-Schwarz inequality. Parallelogram law. Projection theorem. Inner product is a continuous operator. Relation between IPS and NLS. Bessel's inequality. Parseval's identity. Strong and Weak convergence of sequence of operators. Reflexivity of Hilbert space. Riesz Representation Theorem for bounded linear functional on a Hilbert space. Definition of self adjoint operator, Normal, Unitary and Positive operators, Related simple theorems.

**MTM402      Data Structure and Design and Analysis of Algorithms      25**  
**Unit-1**

**Data structure:** Asymptotic notations-  $o$ ,  $O$ ,  $\theta$ ,  $\Theta$ ,  $\omega$ ,  $\Omega$  and their properties. Arrays, stacks, queues. Linked list. Trees. Binary trees. Evaluation of expression. Addition of polynomial using linked list and other examples. Analysis of algorithms.  
**Searching:** Linear and binary and their analysis.  
**Sorting:** Quick, heap and merge sorts and their analysis.  
**Algorithms design techniques:** Divide-and-conquer method. Branch-and-bound method. Examples.  
Representation of graph in a computer. Graph searching. Binary tree traversals. Spanning tree. Shortest path problem. NP-Completeness.

**MTM402      Lab.: (Data Base Management: Using FROXPRO /      25**  
**Unit-2      ORACLE )**

Problem: 20 marks; Lab. note book and viva: 5.

Data base management system. Need and use. Commands of DBMS/RDBMS.

The following problems are to be solved using **FROXPRO / ORACLE** or any package of RDBMS.

- (i) Inventory management,
- (ii) Preparation of merit list for admission to M.Sc. courses,
- (iii) Library management,
- (iv) Publication of result,
- (v) Evaluation of journal grade,
- (vi) Data base for Alumni,
- (vii) Preparation of pay statement of employees,

**MTM403      Magneto Hydro-Dynamics      25**  
**Unit-1**

Maxwell's electromagnetic field equations when medium in motion. Lorentz's force. The equations of motion of a conducting fluid. Basic equations. Simplification of the electromagnetic field equation. Magnetic Reynolds number. Alfven theorem. Magnetic body force. Ferraro's law of isorotation. Laminar Flow of a viscous conducting liquid between parallel walls in transverse magnetic fields. M.H.D. Flow Past a porous flat plate without induced magnetic field. MHD Couelte Flow under different boundary conditions, Magneto hydro dynamics waves. Hall currents. MHD flow past a porous flat plate without induced magnetic field.

**MTM403      Soft Computing      25**  
**Unit-2**

Introduction of soft computing, fuzzy logic, Genetic Algorithm, Neural networks, Application of fuzzy logic concepts in scientific problems, Solution of optimization problems using Genetic Algorithm. Neural Network approaches in scientific analysis, design, and diagnostic problems.

**MTM404      Special Paper-OM      50**  
**Dynamical Oceanology-II**

The vorticity equation, Potential vorticity, The thermal wind, The Taylor-Proudman theorem, inertial waves, Geostropic motion, Consequences of the Geostropic and Hydrostatic. Rossby number, Exman number, The shallow-water equations, Potential vorticity conservation. Plane wave in a layer of constant depth. Poincare-Kelvin waves. The Rossby waves, Dynamics diagnosis of the Rossby waves.

**Homogeneous Models of the wind-driven steady oceanic circulation :** Derivation of the wind-driven steady oceanic circulation, Derivation of the Vorticity equation in terms of geostrophic stream function and the relevant boundary conditions, The Sverdrup relation, Meridional boundary layers, Bottom friction layer, Inertial boundary layer theory, Inertial currents in the presence of friction, dissipation integrals for steady circulation, Ekman upwelling circulation.





6. Problems on queuing theory,
7. Problems on QPP by Wolfe's modified method and Beale's method,
8. Problems on IPP by Gomory's cutting plane method,
9. Problems on Networking (PERT and CPM),
11. Problems on inventory,
12. Problems on Monte Carlo simulation techniques,
13. Problems on dynamic programming.

**Field Work (5 Marks)**

Application for Optimization in real life problem by visiting any Industry/Institute/University/Reputed Institution to understand the practical use of the optimization and making Lab Note Book on the experience gathered during the visit.

**MTM406      Dissertation Project Work**

**50**

Dissertation Project will be performed on Tutorial/ Review Work on Research Papers. For Project Work one class will be held in every week. Marks are divided as the following: Project Work-25, Presentation-15, and Viva-voce-10. Project Work of each student will be evaluated by the concerned internal teacher / supervisor and one External Examiner. The external examiner must be present in the day of evaluation.