KARNATAKA EDUCATION AUTHORITY (KEA)

COMMON ENTRANCE TEST KCET 2015

ACTUAL QUESTION PAPER WITH ANSWER KEY PHYSICS

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SUBJECT : PHYSICS	DAY-2
SESSION: MORNING	TIME: 10.30 A.M. TO 11.50 A.M.

MAXIMUM MARKS	TOTAL DURATION	MAXIMUM TIME FOR ANSWERING
60	80 MINUTES	70 MINUTES

MENTION YOUR	QUESTION BOOKLET DETAILS		
CET NUMBER	VERSION CODE	SERIAL NUMBER	
	A - 1	470465	

DOs:

- l.— Check whether the CET No, has been entered and shaded in the respective circles on the OMR answer sheet.
- 2. This Question Booklet is issued to you by the invigilator after the 2nd Bell i.e., after 10.30 a.m.
- The Serial Number of this question booklet should be entered on the OMR answer sheet.
- 4. The Version Code of this question booklet should be entered on the OMR answer sheet and the respective circles should also be shaded completely.
- 5. Compulsorily sign at the bottom portion of the OMR answer sheet in the space provided.

DON'TS:

- 1. THE TIMING AND MARKS PRINTED ON THE OMR ANSWER SHEET SHOULD NOT BE DAMAGED/MUTILATED/SPOILED.
- 2. The 3rd Bell rings at 10.40 a.m., till then;
 - Do not remove the paper seal present on the right hand side of this question booklet.
 - · Do not look inside this question booklet.
 - Do not start answering on the OMR answer sheet.

IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. This question booklet contains 60 questions and each question will have one statement and four distracters. (Four different options—choices.)
- 2. After the 3rd Bell is rung at 10.40 a.m., remove the paper seal on the right hand side of this question booklet and check that this booklet does not have any unprinted or torn or missing pages or items etc., if so, get it replaced by a complete test booklet. Read each item and start answering on the OMR answer sheet.
- 3. During the subsequent 70 minutes:
 - Read each question carefully.
 - Choose the correct answer from out of the four available distracters (options : choices) given under each question statement.
 - Completely darken / shade the relevant circle with a BLUE OR BLACK INK BALL POINT PEN
 against the question number on the OMR answer sheet.

Correct Method of shading the circle on the OMR answer sheet is as shown below:



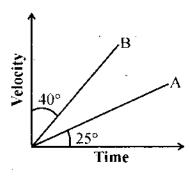
- 4. Please note that even a minute unintended ink dot on the OMR answer sheet will also be recognised and recorded by the scanner. Therefore, avoid multiple markings of any kind on the OMR answer sheet.
- Use the space provided on each page of the question booklet for Rough Work. Do not use the OMR answer sheet for the same.
- 6. After the **last bell is rung at 11.50 a.m.**, stop writing on the OMR answer sheet and affix your LEFT HAND THUMB IMPRESSION on the OMR answer sheet as per the instructions.
- 7. Hand over the OMR ANSWER SHEET to the room invigilator as it is.
- 8. After separating the top sheet (Our Copy), the invigilator will return the bottom sheet replica (Candidate's copy) to you to carry home for self-evaluation.
- 9. Preserve the replica of the OMR answer sheet for a minimum period of ONE year.

P

Turn Over

- 1. The ratio of the dimensions of Planck constant and that of moment of inertia has the dimensions of
 - (1) time

- (2) frequency
- (3) angular momentum
- (4) velocity
- 2. The velocity time graph for two bodies A and B are shown. Then the acceleration of A and B are in the ratio



(1) tan 25° to tan 40°

(2) tan 25° to tan 50°

(3) $\sin 25^{\circ}$ to $\sin 50^{\circ}$

- (4) cos 25° to cos 50°
- 3. A particle is projected with a velocity v so that its horizontal range twice the greatest height attained. The horizontal range is
 - (1) $\frac{v^2}{g}$

 $(2) \quad \frac{2v^2}{3g}$

(3) $\frac{4v^2}{5g}$

(4) $\frac{v^2}{2g}$

4.		of mass 0.05 kg is the of net force on the ston	•		t is the	direction	and
	(1)	0.49 N vertically upwa	rds				
	(2)	0.49 N vertically down	wards				
	(3)	0.98 N vertically down	wards				
	(4)	9.8 N vertically downs	vards				
5.	The kineti	c energy of a body of m	ass 4 kg and mor	nentum 6 Ns wil	ll be		
	(1)	2.5 J	(2)	3.5 J			
	(3)	4.5 J	(4)	5.5 J			
6.	The ratio	of angular speed of a sec	cond-hand to the	hour-hand of a w	vatch is		
	1 (1)	720:1	(2)	60:1			
	(3)	3600 : 1	(4)	72:1			
7.		s of a body is M on the	surface of the e	arth, the mass o	f the san	ne body oi	1 the
	(1)	M/6	(2)	M			
	(3)	6 M	(4)	Zero			
8.	through it	of Inertia of a thin units centre is I. If the same is I', then the ratio $\frac{1}{\Gamma}$ is					
	(1)	$3/2 \pi^2$	(2)	$8/3 \pi^2$			

Space For Rough Work

(4) $5/3 \pi^2$

(3) $2/3 \pi^2$

9.	The ratio	of hydraulic stress to the corre		
	(1)	Compressibility	(2)	Bulk modulus
	(3)	Young's modulus	(4)	Rigidity modulus
10.		tiency of a Carnot engine K and $T_2 = 300 \text{ K}$ is	which ope	erates between the two temperatures
	(1)	50%	(2)	25%
	(3)	75%	(4)	40%
1 i .	Water is h	neated from 0 °C to 10 °C, the	n its volume	•
	(1)	decreases		
	(2)	increases		
	(3)	does not change		
	(4)	first decreases and then incr	eases	
12.	1 gram of the mixtur	_	steam. At t	thermal equilibrium, the temperature of
	(1)	0 °C	(2)	100 °C
	(3)	50 °C	(4)	55 °C
13.	The ratio distance e position is	equal to half its amplitude,	otential ener the distance	rgy of a particle executing SHM at a being measured from its equilibrium
	(1)	3:1	(2)	4:1
	(3)	2:1	(4)	8:1
		Space F	or Rough W	ork ·

	(3)	180°	(4) Space For Rough W	45° /ork
	(1)	0°	(2)	90°
18.	The angle plane is	between the dip	ole moment and electr	ric field at any point on the equatorial
	(4)	Field lines never	intersect.	
	(3)	A negative test of	charge experiences a for	rce opposite to the direction of the field
	(2)	The electric field	d lines forms closed loo	p.
	(1)	The tangent drav	wn to a line of force rep	resents the direction of electric field.
17.	Pick out t	he statement which	h is incorrect.	
	(3)	F/3	(4)	F/9
	(1)	F	(2)	3F
16.	force of r	epulsion F. When		separated by a distance d, experiences a given to both the sphere and kept at the is
	(3)	3 and 4	(4)	2 and 3
	(1)	4 and 3	(2)	3 and 2
15.	A stretch antinodes	ed string is vibra between the ends	iting in the second over of the string are respec	ertone, then the number of nodes and tively
	(3)	379 Hz	(4)	389 Hz
	(1)	380 Hz	(2)	388 Hz
	sounded v	with B, the beat fre		f the prongs of the fork A is filed and the frequency of the fork A is

19. Three point charges 3nC, 6nC and 9nC are placed at the corners of an equilateral triangle of side 0.1 m. The potential energy of the system is

(1) 8910 J

(2) 89100 J

(3) 9910 J

(4) 99100 J

20. A spherical shell of radius 10 cm is carrying a charge q. If the electric potential at distances 5 cm, 10 cm and 15 cm from the centre of the spherical shell is V₁, V₂ and V₃ respectively, then

(1) $V_1 > V_2 > V_3$

(2) $V_1 \le V_2 \le V_3$

(3). $V_1 = V_2 > V_3$

(4) $V_1 = V_2 < V_3$

21. A parallel plate capacitor is charged and then isolated. The effect of increasing the plate separation on charge, potential and capacitance respectively are

(1) constant, decreases, decreases

(2) increases, decreases, decreases

(3) constant, decreases, increases

(4) constant, increases, decreases

22. Four identical cells of emf E and internal resistance r are to be connected in series. Suppose if one of the cell is connected wrongly, the equivalent emf and effective internal resistance of the combination is

(1) 4E and 4r

(2) 4E and 2r

(3) 2E and 4r

(4) 2E and 2r

23. Three resistances 2Ω , 3Ω and 4Ω are connected in parallel. The ratio of currents passing through them when a potential difference is applied across its ends will be

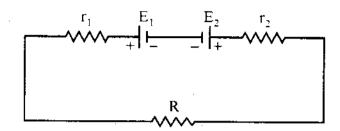
(1) 6:3:2

(2) 6:4:3

(3) 5:4:3

(4) 4:3:2

24. Two cells of emf E_1 and E_2 are joined in opposition (such that $E_1 > E_2$). If r_1 and r_2 be the internal resistance and R be the external resistance, then the terminal potential difference is

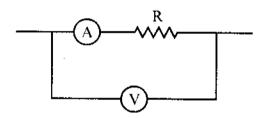


(1) $\frac{E_1 + E_2}{r_1 + r_2} \times R$

(2) $\frac{E_1 + E_2}{r_1 + r_2 + R} \times R$

(3) $\frac{E_1 - E_2}{r_1 + r_2} \times R$

- (4) $\frac{E_1 E_2}{r_1 + r_2 + R} \times R$
- 25. In the circuit shown below, the ammeter and the voltmeter readings are 3 A and 6 V respectively. Then the value of the resistance R is



(1) 2Ω

(2) $> 2 \Omega$

(3) $\leq 2 \Omega$

 $(4) \geq 2 \Omega$

Space For Rough Work

26.	In Wheatstones network $P = 2 \Omega$, $Q = 2 \Omega$, $R = 2 \Omega$ and $S = 3 \Omega$. The resistance with
	which S is to shunted in order that the bridge may be balanced is

(1) 1Ω

 $(2) \quad 2 \Omega$

(3) 4Ω

(4) 6Ω

27. The resistance of the bulb filament is $100~\Omega$ at a temperature of $100~^{\circ}$ C. If its temperature co-efficient of resistance be 0.005~per °C, its resistance will become $200~\Omega$ at a temperature

(1) 300 °C

(2) 400 °C

(3) 500 °C

(4) 200 °C

28. Two concentric coils each of radius equal to 2π cm are placed right angles to each other. If 3A and 4A are the currents flowing through the two coils respectively. The magnetic induction (in Wb m⁻²) at the centre of the coils will be

(1) 12×10^{-5}

 $(2) 10^{-5}$

(3) 5×10^{-5}

(4) 7×10^{-5}

29. A proton beam enters a magnetic field of 10⁻⁴ Wb m⁻² normally. If the specific charge of the proton is 10¹¹ C kg⁻¹ and its velocity is 10⁹ ms⁻¹, then the radius of the circle described will be

(1) 0.1 m

(2) 10 m

(3) 100 m

(4) 1 m

- 30. A cyclotron is used to accelerate
 - (1) neutron
 - (2) only positively charged particles
 - (3) only negatively charged particles
 - (4) both positively and negatively charged particles
- 31. A galvanometer of resistance 50 Ω gives a full scale deflection for a current 5 × 10⁻⁴ A. The resistance that should be connected in series with the galvanometer to read 3 V is
 - (1) 595Ω

(2) 5050Ω

(3) 5059Ω

- (4) 5950Ω
- 32. Two parallel wires 1 m apart carry currents of 1 A and 3 A respectively in opposite directions. The force per unit length acting between these two wires is
 - (1) $6 \times 10^{-7} \text{ Nm}^{-1} \text{ repulsive}$
- (2) $6 \times 10^{-7} \text{ Nm}^{-1}$ attractive
- (3) $6 \times 10^{-5} \text{ Nm}^{-1} \text{ repulsive}$
- (4) $6 \times 10^{-5} \text{ Nm}^{-1}$ attractive
- 33. If there is no torsion in the suspension thread, then the time period of a magnet executing SHM is
 - $(1) \quad T = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{MB}{I}}$

 $(2) \quad T = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{I}{MB}}$

(3) $T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{I}{MB}}$

- $(4) \quad T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{MB}{I}}$
- 34. Core of electromagnets are made of ferromagnetic material which has
 - (1) high permeability and low retentivity
 - (2) high permeability and high retentivity
 - (3) low permeability and high retentivity
 - (4) low permeability and low retentivity

35.	35. The magnetic susceptibility of a paramagnetic material at -73 °C is 0.0075 and it - 173 °C will be			erial at -73 °C is 0.0075 and its value at
	(1)	0.0045	(2)	0.0030
	(3)	0.015	(4)	0.0075
36.	according	to the equation i =		The current changes in the first coil $_{0}$ = 10 A and ω = 100 π rad s ⁻¹ . The coil is
	(1)	2 π	(2)	5 π
	(3)	π	(4)	4 π
37.	direction	at a constant altitud th's magnetic field	e in the northern her	a speed of 1080 km/hr in the eastward nisphere, where the vertical component the emf developed between the tips of
	(1)	0.5 V	(2)	0.34 V
	(3)	0.21 V	(4)	2.1 V
38.	In an LCF	R circuit, at resonanc	e .	
	(1)	the current and vol		
	(2)	the impedance is n		
	(3)	the current is mini	mum	
	(4)	the current leads th	ne voltage by $\pi/2$	
39.		mer is used to light he efficiency of the		from 220 V mains. If the main current
	(1)	90%	(2)	95%
	(3)	96%	(4)	99%
			Space For Rough W	ork

35.

40,	The average po	wer dissipated	l in a pure	inductor is
70.	THE GLORES IN		· · J· ·	

(1) $\frac{1}{2}$ VI

(2) VI^2

 $(3) \quad \frac{Vl^2}{4}$

(4) zero

41. If ε_0 and μ_0 are the permittivity and permeability of free space and ε and μ are the corresponding quantities for a medium, then refractive index of the medium is

 $(1) \quad \sqrt{\frac{\mu_0\epsilon_0}{\mu\,\epsilon}}$

(2) $\sqrt{\frac{\mu \, \varepsilon}{\mu_0 \varepsilon_0}}$

(3) - 1

(4) Insufficient information

42. A person wants a real image of his own, 3 times enlarged. Where should he stand infront of a concave mirror of radius of curvature 30 cm?

(1) 10 cm

(2) 30 cm

(3) 90 cm

(4) 20 cm

43. Calculate the focal length of a reading glass of a person if his distance of distinct vision is 75 cm.

(1) 25.6 cm

(2) 37.5 cm

(3) 75.2 cm

(4) 100.4 cm

44. In a Young's double slit experiment the slit separation is 0.5 m from the slits. For a monochromatic light of wavelength 500 nm, the distance of 3rd maxima from 2nd minima on the other side is

(1) 2.75 mm

(2) 2.5 mm

(3) 22.5 mm

(4) 2.25 mm

45.	To observe diffraction	, the size of the obstacl	e
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- (1) has no relation to wavelength.
- (2) should be $\lambda/2$, where λ is the wavelength.
- (3) should be much larger than the wavelength.
- (4) should be of the order of wavelength.

46. The polarizing angle of glass is 57°. A ray of light which is incident at this angle will have an angle of refraction as

(1) 25°

(2) 33°

(3) 43°

(4) 38°

47. Light of two different frequencies whose photons have energies 1 eV and 2.5 eV respectively, successively illuminate a metallic surface whose work function is 0.5 eV. Ratio of maximum speeds of emitted electrons will be

(1) 1:5

(2) 1:4

(3) 1:2

(4) 1:1

48. Find the de-Broglie wavelength of an electron with kinetic energy of 120 eV.

(1) 95 pm

(2) 102 pm

(3) 112 pm

(4) 124 pm

49. An α -particle of energy 5 MeV is scattered through 180° by gold nucleus. The distance of closest approach is of the order of

(1) 10^{-10} cm

(2) 10^{-12} cm

(3) 10^{-14} cm

 $(4) 10^{-16} \text{ cm}$

0.				wrbit of level n = 3 to an orbit of levydberg constant, C = velocity of light)
	(1)	3RC 27	(2)	<u>RC</u> 25
	(3)	8RC 9	(4)	<u>5RC</u> 36
1.		ne wavelength of light f rogen spectrum. (take h		etic photon emitted in the Lyman seri
	(1)	82 nm	(2)	102 nm
	(3)	122 nm	(4)	150 nm
2.	A nucleu		, ,	150 nm having radii in the ratio 1 : 2. The
2.	A nucleu	s at rest splits into tw	o nuclear parts	having radii in the ratio 1:2. The
2.	A nucleur velocities	s at rest splits into tw are in the ratio	vo nuclear parts (2)	having radii in the ratio 1:2. The
2.	A nucleur velocities (1) (3) The half 1	s at rest splits into tware in the ratio 8:1 4:1	(2) (4) stance is 20 minut	having radii in the ratio 1 : 2. The
	A nucleur velocities (1) (3) The half 1	s at rest splits into tware in the ratio 8:1 4:1	(2) (4) stance is 20 minut	having radii in the ratio 1: 2. The 6:1 2:1 tes. The time taken between 50 % deci

54. A radioactive decay can form an isotope of the original nucleus with the emission of particles

(1) one α and four β

(2) one α and two β

(3) one α and one β

(4) four α and one β

55. An LED is constructed from a pn junction based on a certain semi-conducting material whose energy gap is 1.9 eV. Then the wavelength of the emitted light is

(1)
$$2.9 \times 10^{-9}$$
 m

(2)
$$1.6 \times 10^{-8}$$
 m

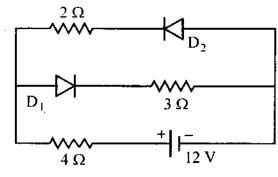
(3)
$$6.5 \times 10^{-7} \,\mathrm{m}$$

(4)
$$9.1 \times 10^{-5}$$
 m

56. Amplitude modulation has

- (1) one carrier with two side band frequencies
- (2) one carrier
- (3) one carrier with infinite frequencies
- (4) one carrier with high frequency

57. The circuit has two oppositely connected ideal diodes in parallel. What is the current flowing in the circuit?



(1) 1.71 A

(2) 2.0 A

(3) 2.31 A

(4) 1.33 A

58. The input characteristics of a transistor in CE mode is the graph obtained by plotting

- (1) I_B against V_{BE} at constant V_{CE}
- (2) I_B against V_{CE} at constant V_{BE}
- (3) I_B against I_C at constant V_{CE}
- (4) I_B against I_C at constant V_{BE}

59. The given truth table is for

Inp	Output	
A	В	Y
0	0	1
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	j,	0

(1) AND gate

(2) OR gate

(3) NAND gate

(4) NOR gate

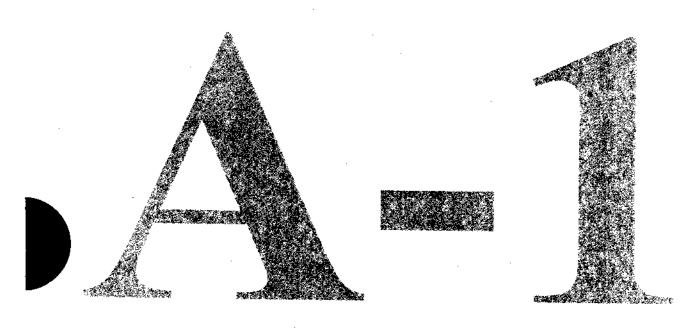
60. The waves used for line-of-sight (LOS) communication is

(1) ground waves

(2) space waves

(3) sound waves

(4) sky waves



Date :

29-MAY-15

COMMON ENTRANCE TEST - 2015

ANSWER KEYS - PHYSICS

Qnno	A
1	2
2	2
3	1
4	2
5	3
6	1
7	2
8	3
9	2
10	4
11	4
12	2
13	1
14	2
15	1
16	3
17	2
18	3
19	G
20	3
21	4
22	3
23	2
24	4
25	3
26	4
27	2
28	3
29	3
	-
30	4
31	4
32	1
33	3
34	1
35	3
36	2
37	3
38	1
39	1
40	4
41	2
42	4
43	2
44	G
45	4
46	2
47	3
47	
48	3
	3
48 49 50	
48 49	2
48 49 50	2
48 49 50 51	2 4 3
48 49 50 51 52 53	2 4 3 1 2
48 49 50 51 52 53 54	2 4 3 1 2 2
48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55	2 4 3 1 2 2 3
48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56	2 4 3 1 2 2 3 1
48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57	2 4 3 1 2 2 3 1
48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58	2 4 3 1 2 2 3 1 1
48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57	2 4 3 1 2 2 3 1