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ROLL No.

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QN. BOOKLET No.

011

APTITUDE TEST FOR B.B.A. LL.B (Hons.)

Time: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 450

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. You are provided with a Question Booklet and an Optical Mark Reader (OMR) Answer Sheet to mark your responses. Do not soil your OMR Sheet. Read carefully all the instructions given on the OMR Sheet.
2. Write your Roll Number in the space provided on the top of this page.
3. Also write your Roll Number, Test Code, Test Centre Code, Test Centre Name, Test Subject and the date and time of the examination in the columns provided for the same on the Answer Sheet. Darken the appropriate bubbles with HB pencil.
4. The paper consists of 150 objective type questions. All questions carry equal marks.
5. Each Question has four alternative responses marked A, B, C and D and you have to darken the bubble fully by HB pencil corresponding to the correct response as indicated in the example shown on the Answer Sheet. Also write the alphabet of your response with ball pen in the starred column against attempted questions and put an 'x' mark by ball pen in the starred column against unattempted questions as given in the example in the OMR Sheet.
6. Each correct answer carries 3 marks and each wrong answer carries 1 minus mark.
7. Please do your rough work only on the space provided for it at the end of this question booklet.
8. You should return the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator before you leave the examination hall. However Question Booklet may be retained with the Candidate.
9. Every precaution has been taken to avoid errors in the Question Booklet. In the event of such unforeseen happenings, suitable remedial measures will be taken at the time of evaluation.
10. Please feel comfortable and relaxed. You can do better in this test in a tension-free disposition.

WISH YOU A SUCCESSFUL PERFORMANCE

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APTITUDE TEST FOR BBA LL. B. (HONS.)

Direction: (Questions 1 to 5) Read the following passage and answer the questions.

The story of Helen Keller is truly an inspiring one. Born as a normal child, she lost her sight and her ability to hear by the time she reached the age of two. Yet, despite her disabilities she went on to become a political activist and writer. She also became the first deaf and blind student to successfully graduate with a Bachelor of Arts degree. However, much of this credit has to be attributed to Anne Sullivan, her teacher. Anne Sullivan was herself a blind person and merely twenty years old when she took Helen Keller under her pupilage. Sullivan taught Helen Keller by adopting medieval techniques of communication that was developed by Spanish monks. This involved the use of writing in the palm. Their relationship was a long and enduring one that lasted for nearly five decades until Anne Sullivan's death in 1936. It has been a subject matter of numerous plays, books and movies.

1. Helen Keller lost her sight and ability to hear
 - (A) when she was born
 - (B) when she was six months old
 - (C) when she was two years old
 - (D) when she reached the age of three

2. Helen Keller was the first blind and deaf person to
 - (A) earn a Doctorate
 - (B) graduate with a BA
 - (C) become a politician
 - (D) become a writer

3. Anne Sullivan did not have the ability to
 - (A) read
 - (B) write
 - (C) see
 - (D) walk

4. The relationship between Helen Keller and Anne Sullivan lasted
 - (A) for nearly 40 years
 - (B) for nearly 50 years
 - (C) until the death of Helen Keller
 - (D) until Helen Keller learnt to communicate



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5. The relationship between teacher and student has been exemplified in various
- (A) Books
 - (B) Plays
 - (C) Movies
 - (D) All of the above

Direction: (Questions 6 to 10) Read the following passage and answer the questions.

Pollution means anything that pollutes. It is a great problem in modern times. Pollution means the mixing of poisonous matter with nature, mainly air, water and soil. In the cities and towns, the air is constantly being polluted by smoke, dust and gases emitted out by factories and vehicles. Water is polluted by the untreated sewage, waste plastic packets, chemicals garbage etc. Polluted water causes water-borne diseases, such as cholera and diarrhea. Even the soil is polluted by uncontrolled garbage, chemical waste, detergent and fertilizers. The shrill electric horns of the vehicles, the loud crackers and microphones pollute the sound. There are also dangers from chemical and other wastes from homes, factories, hospitals that keep on poisoning the atmosphere. Deforestation also helps the process of pollution. Thus, pollution threatens our life on this earth. Pollution control, is therefore, a must for healthy and happy life.

6. Which important aspect of man is highly polluted in the daily life?
- (A) Food
 - (B) Agriculture
 - (C) Water
 - (D) Life
7. Pollution by vehicles is referred to as
- (A) Noise pollution
 - (B) Water pollution
 - (C) Environmental pollution
 - (D) Atmosphere pollution
8. What is the most threatening aspect of pollution?
- (A) Life
 - (B) Earth
 - (C) Animals
 - (D) Mankind
9. What diseases occur by drinking polluted water?
- (A) Heat
 - (B) Skin
 - (C) Kidney
 - (D) Water-borne



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10. emitted out of factories is the main cause of pollution.

- (A) Dust (B) Gases
(C) Solid Waste (D) Liquid Waste

Direction: (Questions 11 to 15) Read the following passage and answer the questions.

Education is an important component in Man's life. Without Education, it is not possible to progress at all. Education develops the knowledge, behaviour, simplicity and other manners. Many stalwarts like Swami Vivekananda also recognised the significance of Education. Having such importance, education today has become more of commercial nature than cultural ones. Taking into consideration of the demand that the Education especially the Higher Education has, the University Grants Commission permitted a number of private Universities to be operated in the country. The private Universities being commercial in nature ignored the significance of education and started exploiting the students in parts of the country. A number of committees have made recommendations. Among the various committees Prof. Yashpal Committee came out with a good number of suggestions. This has led the UGC to close the Universities in Raipur in the state of Chattisgarh. Basing on the recommendation of the Yashpal committee, the present HRD Minister Kapil Sibal has taken action and identified around 44 private Universities to be de-recognised. This shows to the extent the education is commercial. In order to uplift the education in the country, the government wants to set a new agency by replacing the existing higher education bodies and set up a New National Higher Education Council, perhaps this may bring the desired results. The country is at present facing the crises in the education system.

11. Which Committee recommendations made the Government to reform education?

- (A) Gnanam (B) Kapil Sibal
(C) Yashpal (D) None of the above

12. Presently which sector in India is badly affected?

- (A) Education (B) Services
(C) Primary Education (D) Government Sector



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13. Which higher education body the Government is contemplating to establish?
- (A) UGC
(B) Composite Higher Education Council
(C) Higher Education Council
(D) National Higher Education Council
14. What is important in Man's Life?
- (A) Friendship (B) Simplicity
(C) Education (D) Manners
15. Which type of Universities is exploiting the people?
- (A) Private Universities (B) State Universities
(C) Central Universities (D) Foreign Universities

Direction: (Questions 16 to 20) Read the following passage and answer the questions.

The Indus Valley Civilization belonged to the bronze age of history. Located around the Indus river, it covered parts of Pakistan and western parts of India. It derives its name out of its proximity to the Indus river. Harappa and Mohenjodaro constitute two most important sites of the Indus Valley Civilization. While the former is located in Punjab province of Pakistan, the latter is to be found in modern day Sindh province of Pakistan. The term Mohenjodaro literally means 'mound of the dead' in Sindhi. It is one of the earliest cities in the world, thriving alongside ancient Egyptian and Greek civilizations. The Indus Valley Civilization was highly sophisticated in their social life, architecture and town planning. A unique feature of the Indus Valley Civilization is the importance they gave to sanitation. This is evidenced by the intricate system of sewage and drainage. Highly advanced in technology, the people of the Indus Valley Civilization were known for their hydraulic engineering systems that they adopted for drawing water from wells.

16. Mohenjodaro is located in
- (A) Punjab Province of India (B) Punjab Province of Pakistan
(C) Sindh Province of India (D) Sindh Province of Pakistan
17. Indus Valley Civilization belonged to the
- (A) Silver Age (B) Iron Age
(C) Golden Age (D) Bronze Age



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18. An important aspect of the Indus Valley Civilization is the
- (A) mound of the dead
 - (B) proximity to the Indus River
 - (C) sophisticated Hydraulic Engineering Technique
 - (D) agriculture
19. The Indus Valley Civilization was highly sophisticated in their
- (A) social life
 - (B) architecture
 - (C) town planning
 - (D) All of the above
20. Which of the following is not part of Indus Valley Civilization?
- (A) Harappa
 - (B) Mohenjodaro
 - (C) Western Parts of India
 - (D) Ancient Egypt

Direction: (Questions 21 to 23) From the four alternatives, pick out the one which is not similar to others.

- 21.
- (A) Advice
 - (B) Counsel
 - (C) Direct
 - (D) Suggest
- 22.
- (A) Kind
 - (B) Merciful
 - (C) Cruel
 - (D) Pitiful
- 23.
- (A) Teacher
 - (B) School
 - (C) Class
 - (D) Student

Direction: (Questions 24 to 30) Fill in the blanks with suitable word(s).

24. The way you wear is annoys me most.
- (A) which
 - (B) what
 - (C) when
 - (D) how
25. What is important for us now is not happened, but caused all this
- (A) what / who
 - (B) why / what
 - (C) where / whom
 - (D) how / where



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26. The department head insisted that heabsolute authority to regulate office works.
- (A) gives (B) is given
(C) would be given (D) be given
27. Do you think it is really important kind of people they are we do business honestly?
- (A) whichever/as far as (B) what / provided
(C) how / so that (D) which / unless
28. The role of television in this modern era has diminished as it has been replaced by the computer to a great extent.
- (A) systematically (B) considerably
(C) hardly (D) proportionally
29. I had to spend 5 minutes on the 3rd question and had great difficulty answering it. I think it was of all
- (A) more confusing than (B) as confusing as
(C) the most confused (D) the most confusing
30. Enrica seems very desperate because she is typing to complete the monthly sales report.
- (A) much slowly (B) slow enough
(C) too slowly (D) fast enough

Direction: (Questions 31 and 32) Fill in the blanks with a suitable choice.

31. The robbers were arrested and..... prison yesterday.
- (A) brought into (B) brought to
(C) taken into (D) taken to
32. There is a large car park outside that office for VIPs.
- (A) reserving (B) kept
(C) used (D) set apart



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33. **Select the correct sentence.**

- (A) Water flows from the hill (B) Water flows down the hill
(C) Water flows beside the hill (D) Water flows for the hill

34. **Fill in the blank with the appropriate form of pronoun.**

The man robbed you has been arrested.

- (A) who (B) whom
(C) which (D) whose

35. **Fill in the blank with an appropriate article.**

Who is Governor of Kerala?

- (A) an (B) the
(C) a (D) None of the above

36. **Select the correct tense.**

You us a lot when we were in trouble.

- (A) helped (B) has helped
(C) have helped (D) will be helped

37. **Fill in the blank.**

..... him would be a pleasure.

- (A) To help (B) Help
(C) Helped (D) Having helped

38. **Select the correct voice.**

All things before they left.

- (A) had been packed (B) had packed
(C) were packed (D) is packed



39. Fill in the blank with correct gerund.

..... through the garden, I found the sun very hot.

- (A) Having walked
- (B) Walking
- (C) Will walk
- (D) Walked

40. Select the correct prefix to the word 'danger'

- (A) ing
- (B) en
- (C) ed
- (D) er

Direction: (Questions 41 to 45) Read the following passage and answer the questions.

The first Olympic Games was conducted in the year 776 BC. Originally organised in Greece, the Olympic Games continued to be in practice for about five centuries. It was revived in the year 1896 AD through the efforts of Baron Pierre de Coubertin. Since its revival, this modern version of the Olympic Games has been conducted once in four years till date. Only on three occasions the games were not conducted. This was due to political turmoil that resulted from World Wars I and II. Hence the Olympics did not take place in the years 1916, 1940 and 1944. The Games are symbolised by five interlocked rings each belonging to different colours, namely blue, black, red, yellow and green. These five rings have been designated to represent the five continents of the world. The Olympic Games are based on two mottos, one a formal one and the other an informal one. The former is 'Citius, Altius, Fortius,' which is the Latin translation for the corresponding three words Faster, Higher, Stronger. The informal motto was proposed by Baron Pierre de Coubertin when he stated that 'The most important thing is not to win but to take part.'

41. The five rings of the modern Olympic Games symbolise

- (A) Five oceans
- (B) Five Continents
- (C) Five Mountains
- (D) Permanent Five Nations of the UN Security Council

42. The five rings of the modern Olympic Games do not consist of which of the following colours?

- (A) Blue
- (B) White
- (C) Black
- (D) Red

43. The Latin word *Altius* in English means
- (A) faster (B) higher
(C) stronger (D) taller
44. The Olympics was not conducted in the year
- (A) 1896 (B) 1972
(C) 1976 (D) 1944
45. Ancient Olympic Games were in practice for about
- (A) 400 years (B) 500 years
(C) 600 years (D) 300 years

Direction: (Questions 46 to 50) Find out the correct alternative.

46. I speak Italian but French.
- (A) I speak not (B) I am not speakin
(C) I don't speak (D) I does not speak
47. Why angry with me yesterday?
- (A) were you (B) was you
(C) you were (D) have you been
48. I out last night. I was too tired.
- (A) don't go (B) did not went
(C) didn't go (D) haven't gone
49. My friend for me when I arrived.
- (A) waited (B) has waited
(C) was waiting (D) has been waitin
50. What when you saw her?
- (A) did Sita wear (B) was Sita wearin
(C) has Sita worn (D) was wearing Si



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51. What should be added to 1.28 to make 1.3?
- (A) 0.02 (B) 2
(C) 0.2 (D) 1.8
52. Prateek needs 24 balloons for a party. He has 15 balloons already. Which equation would you choose to find how many balloons Prateek still needs for the party?
- (A) $15 + \dots = 24$ (B) $24 - 7 =$
(C) $24 + 15 =$ (D) $15 \times 9 =$
53. Number Y is a multiple of 8. It is between 20 and 30. It is also a factor of 48. What is number X?
- (A) 26 (B) 28
(C) 22 (D) 24
54. How many millimeters are there in 0.15cm?
- (A) 1.5 (B) 0.015
(C) 15 (D) 0.0015
55. A chocolate pack contains 25 boxes of chocolates. If each box weighs 20gms, what is the total weight of the pack?
- (A) 0.5 kg (B) 500 kg
(C) 50 gms (D) 5 kg

Direction: (Questions 56 to 62) Find out the missing number in the series.

56. 1, 4, 9, 16, 25,
- (A) 13 (B) 42
(C) 36 (D) 35
57. 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 9,
- (A) 11 (B) 13
(C) 12 (D) 14



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58. . 4, 6, 9, 13,
- (A) 18 (B) 17
(C) 16 (D) 19
59. 26, 24, 22,
- (A) 20 (B) 22
(C) 21 (D) 23
60. 3, 7, 16, 32,
- (A) 55 (B) 56
(C) 58 (D) 57
61. 3, 9, 27, 81,
- (A) 324 (B) 243
(C) 210 (D) 162
62. 4, 5, 9, 81, 25,
- (A) 43 (B) 16
(C) 50 (D) 59
63. If infection is the cause for disease, then cold and cough are for
- (A) bacteria (B) cells
(C) insects (D) virus
64. Which groups of animals without backbone can fly?
- (A) Reptiles (B) Mammal
(C) Insect (D) Birds
65. Which is the order from the smallest to largest?
- (A) Universe, Galaxy, Star, Planet (B) Planet, Star, Galaxy, Universe
(C) Star, Universe, Planet, Galaxy (D) Galaxy, Planet, Universe, Star
66. Rocks are made up of
- (A) metals (B) minerals
(C) wood (D) chemicals



67. The moon revolves around the

- (A) Sun (B) Earth
(C) Stars (D) Whole Universe

68. In the following question two statements are given followed by three conclusions.

Statements: Some tables are chairs.
Some chairs are beds.

Conclusions:

- I. Some tables are beds.
II. No bed is either a chair or a table
III. All beds are chairs

Choose the correct answer from the following.

- (A) Either conclusion I or II follows the statements
(B) Only conclusion III follows the statements
(C) Only conclusion II follows the statements
(D) None of the conclusions follows the statements

69. In the following question two assumptions are given followed by a conclusion.

Assumption: (i) P is behind M and N.
(ii) Q is behind P.

Conclusion : Therefore Q is behind M.

The conclusion is

- (A) true (B) false
(C) irrelevant (D) uncertain

70. If P is to the South of Q and R is to the East of Q, then in what direction is P with respect to R?

- (A) North-east (B) North-west
(C) South-east (D) South-west



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71. The fathers of five students A, B, C, D, E have different professions i.e. teaching, music, medicine, law and architecture. A's father is not an architect but E's father is a singer. B's father teaches while C's father practices medicine. D's father is not a lawyer. Whose father is a lawyer?

- (A) A's
- (B) B's
- (C) C's
- (D) E's

72. Veena told Pratap, "The girl I met yesterday at the beach was the youngest daughter of the brother-in-law of my friend's mother." How is the girl related to Veena's friend?

- (A) Cousin
- (B) Daughter
- (C) Niece
- (D) Friend

73. In the following question two statements are given followed by two conclusions.

Statement: All horses are donkeys.
All donkeys are camels.

Conclusion:

- I. All horses are camels.
- II. All camels are donkeys.

Choose the correct answer from the following.

- (A) Only conclusion I follows the statements
- (B) Only conclusion II follows the statements
- (C) Neither I nor II follows the statements
- (D) Both I and II follows the statements



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74. In the following question two statements I and II are given followed by an inference drawn from the statements.

Statements: I. Hydrogen is a gas.
II. This cylinder contains gas.

Inference: This cylinder contains Hydrogen

Choose the correct answer from the following.

- (A) the inference is correct
- (B) the inference is wrong
- (C) the inference may be correct or wrong
- (D) the inference is irrelevant

75. Find out the wrong number in 24, 27, 31, 33, 36

- (A) 24
- (B) 27
- (C) 31
- (D) 33

76. If $AT = 10$, $BAT = 20$, then CAT is equal to

- (A) 30
- (B) 50
- (C) 60
- (D) 70

77. Which is the smallest four digit even number that can be formed using each of the digits 6, 7, 8 and 9 once only?

- (A) 7986
- (B) 6798
- (C) 6789
- (D) 9876

78. What percentage is equal to three quarters?

- (A) 25
- (B) 50
- (C) 75
- (D) 55

79. Sunil wrote an essay that had 5250 words. Round it to the nearest hundred

- (A) 5000
- (B) 5550
- (C) 6000
- (D) 5300

80. Find the odd one

- (A) 6 : 34
- (B) 12 : 64
- (C) 20 : 96
- (D) 9 : 49



81. The place value of 7 in 8768 is
- (A) 7000 (B) 70
(C) 700 (D) 7
82. Moving air is for breeze as severe wind is for
- (A) Cold air (B) Mild air
(C) Blowing air (D) Gusty wind
83. The coloured part of the eye is pupil, then the black spot in the centre of the Iris is
- (A) retina (B) cornea
(C) iris (D) optic nerve
84. Water at room temperature is
- (A) liquid (B) solid
(C) gas (D) semi-solid
85. When a solid changes into a liquid, it is called as
- (A) evaporation (B) condensation
(C) melting (D) freezing
86. In a certain code 1578963 is written for PRIVATE and 2344903 is written for MESSAGE. What is written for SIEGE in that code?
- (A) 54307 (B) 47303
(C) 34705 (D) 43230
87. IKKL : JLLM :: SUUV : ?
- (A) FFGH (B) CEFE
(C) WXXZ (D) TVVW
88. In a certain code HIMACHAL is coded as JKOCEJCN. How is ORISSA coded?
- (A) QTKUVC (B) QTKUPC
(C) QTKUUC (D) QTKUUB



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89. In a certain code BARAT is coded as 25269267. How is ANAND coded?
- (A) 21432124 (B) 261326134
(C) 261313264 (D) 132613264
90. If POUND is coded as MLRKA, how is ENGLISH coded
- (A) AKDJEF (B) BJDIFOE
(C) BKDIFPE (D) BKDIDOE
91. Choose the correct letter that follows in the series: A, C, F, I, O,
- (A) P (B) Q
(C) U (D) V
92. A man walks 6 km towards the north, then turns towards his left and walks for 4 km. He again turns left and walks for 6 km. At this point, he turns to his right and walks for 6 km. How many km and in what direction is he from the starting point?
- (A) 10 km and West (B) 6 km and South
(C) 4 km and South (D) 8 km and West
93. At a party, A, B, C, D and E are sitting in a circle. The group comprises of an officer, an industrialist and a businessman. The businessman is sitting in between the industrialist and his wife 'D'. A, an officer, is married to 'E' who is the sister of 'B'. The industrialist is seated to the right of 'C'. Who is an industrialist?
- (A) B (B) A
(C) D (D) E
94. If B's Mother is A's Mother's Daughter, how is A related to B?
- (A) Maternal Uncle (B) Father
(C) Sister (D) Brother
95. Chapati is to Cook as Meat is to
- (A) Boil (B) Fry
(C) Bake (D) Roast



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96. Sparrow is to Seed as Silkworm is to
- (A) Silk (B) Maple
(C) Mulberry (D) Pine
97. Orange is to Peel as Tooth is to
- (A) Enamel (B) Gums
(C) Clone (D) Joints
98. Liquid is to Fluidity as Comedian is to
- (A) Ridicule (B) Humour
(C) Solemnity (D) Companion
99. Baffalos is to Leather as Llama is to
- (A) Silk (B) Meat
(C) Fur (D) Wool
100. C2, E3, G4, I5,
- (A) H7 (B) J6
(C) K6 (D) L7
101. Who is the First Solicitor General of India?
- (A) Arvend Adiga (B) A.S. Anand
(C) C.K. Daphtary (D) Ban Ki Moon
102. National Youth Day is celebrated on
- (A) January 13 (B) January 12
(C) January 26 (D) February 28
103. India became the member of United Nations Organisation in
- (A) 1945 (B) 1947
(C) 1950 (D) 1976
104. The winner of the World Cup Football in 2010 was
- (A) Spain (B) Germany
(C) Australia (D) Netherlands



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105. First Indian Woman shooter who won the Gold medal in the World Shooting Competition 2010 was
- (A) Tejaswini Sawant (B) Karnam Malleswari
(C) Karnalijit Sandhu (D) Chriotte Cooper
106. National Knowledge Commission (NKC) refers to
- (A) providing advice to the Prime Minister on matter relating to institutions of knowledge production, knowledge use and knowledge dissemination.
(B) providing advice to the public on matters relating to institutions of knowledge, production, knowledge use and knowledge dissemination.
(C) providing information to government about activities of state government
(D) providing information to public about government
107. Who was the Chairperson of National Commission to review the Working of Constitution of India?
- (A) Justice R.S. Pathak (B) R.S. Sarkaria
(C) Ravindra Verma (D) Justice M.N. Venkatachaliah
108. Secularism means
- (A) no state recognised religion
(B) all religions are equal
(C) state shall not make any distinction among the religion
(D) All of the above
109. How many Schedules are there in the Constitution of India?
- (A) 12 (B) 15
(C) 19 (D) 22
110. The word '*Amicus Curae*' denotes.
- (A) person appointed to help the court
(B) person appointed to decide a case
(C) person appointed for amicable settlement of a case
(D) None of the above



111. When was the Constitution of India adopted by the Constituent Assembly?
(A) 26th day of November 1949 (B) 25th day of November 1949
(C) 24th day of November 1949 (D) 26th day of November 1950
112. The power to expel the members of the legislature from the house is vested with
(A) President (B) Governor
(C) Prime Minister (D) Speaker
113. The Book '*Voice of Justice*' is written by
(A) Justice A.R. Lakshmanan (B) Justice K.G. Balakrishnan
(C) Justice A.S. Anand (D) Justice K.T. Lahoti
114. Who is the Chairman of the Planning Commission of India?
(A) President (B) Prime Minister
(C) Finance Minister (D) Commerce Minister
115. Who is the Secretary General of the United Nations?
(A) Kofi Annan (B) De Culllear
(C) Ban Ki Moon (D) Sashi Taroor
116. Who was the Chairman of the Constituent Assembly of India?
(A) J.B. Kripilani (B) Babu Rajendra Prasad
(C) B.R. Ambedkar (D) Iyyengar
117. Who is the Chairman of the National Judicial Academy?
(A) N.R. Madhava Menon (B) Mohan Gopal
(C) N.K. Jayakumar (D) Upendra Baxi
118. Who is called as the Iron man of India?
(A) Balagangadhara Tilak (B) Raj Mannar
(C) J.B. Kripilani (D) Sardar Patel



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119. What is the meaning of GMT?
- (A) Green Meat Tea (B) Green Mixed Tea
(C) Greenwich Mean Time (D) Green Men Tomato
120. Which city is called as the Garden city?
- (A) Cochin (B) Mumbai
(C) Kolkatta (D) Bangalore
121. Which batsman made 200 runs recently in a One Day International Cricket match?
- (A) Tendulkar (B) M.S. Dhoni
(C) Vivian Richards (D) Jayasurya
122. The currency used in the European Union is
- (A) Dollar (B) Pound
(C) Sterling (D) Euro
123. Which of the following trees grows in salty water?
- (A) Mangroves (B) Mango
(C) Apple (D) Lemon
124. Article 14 of the constitution of India deals with
- (A) Right to Liberty (B) Right to Property
(C) Right to Health (D) Right to Equality
125. The joint session of the parliament is presided over by whom?
- (A) President (B) Prime Minister
(C) Speaker (D) Chairman of Rajya sabha
126. Who is the ex-officio chairman of the Rajya Sabha?
- (A) Speaker
(B) Vice-president
(C) President
(D) Leader of the opposition of Rajya Sabha



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127. In India Right to Property is a
- (A) Fundamental Right (B) Legal Right
(C) Cultural Right (D) Personal Right
128. National bird of India is
- (A) Tiger (B) Crow
(C) Peacock (D) Hen
129. Which judge of the Supreme Court of India became a Vice President?
- (A) Justice Beg (B) Justice Hidayatullah
(C) Justice Krishna Iyer (D) Justice Bhagwati
130. Which professor of Law is appointed as a Chancellor of Law University for the first time?
- (A) N.K. Jayakumar (B) N.R. Madhava Menon
(C) Chandrasekharan Pillai (D) A. Lakshminath
131. The abbreviation NAFTA stands for
- (A) North Asian Foreign Trade Association
(B) North Atlantic Foreign Treaty Association
(C) North American Free Trade Agreement
(D) Naval Architecture Forum of Technology Association
132. Jamna Lal Bajaj Award is given for
- (A) constructive use of science and technology in society for rural development
(B) outstanding contribution to literature in any of the languages included in Eighth Schedule
(C) high calibre scientific research work
(D) outstanding contribution to the promotion of friendship among people of world
133. Who is the author of the book titled 'A Judge's Miscellany'?
- (A) Justice V.R.Krishna Iyer (B) Justice M.M.Ismail
(C) Justice M.Hidayatullah (D) Justice P.N.Bhagwati

134. What does the term 'Cord Blood Banking' refer to?
- (A) Collection and preservation of stem cell from the foetal over a period of time.
 - (B) Collection of blood from various donors for treatment.
 - (C) Co-ordinating between different blood banks in the country for supply of blood.
 - (D) Collection of RBCs for treating patients suffering from blood cancer.
135. Which one of the following method is commonly known as lie detector?
- (A) Narco-Analysis Test
 - (B) Polygraph Test
 - (C) DNA Testing
 - (D) Brain mapping Test
136. Match List I (Cities) with List II (Climate types) and select the correct answer using the codes given below.
- | List I (Cities) | List II (Climate Types) |
|------------------|-------------------------|
| a. Auckland | 1. Mediterranean |
| b. Lagos | 2. Humid Sub tropical |
| c. San Francisco | 3. Marine West European |
| d. Shanghai | 4. Equatorial |
- (A) a2 b1 c4 d3
 - (B) a3 b2 c1 d3
 - (C) a2 b4 c1 d3
 - (D) a3 b1 c4 d2
137. Which country is known as the 'Hermit Kingdom'?
- (A) Palestine
 - (B) Thailand
 - (C) Korea
 - (D) Bhutan
138. Choose the incorrect pair.
- (A) Government of India Act - 1935
 - (B) Balangara Thilak - Extremist group in Congress.
 - (C) Civil Disobedience Movement - 1920
 - (D) Home Rule Movement - Annie Besant
139. Which one is not a part of the small intestine?
- (A) Duodenum
 - (B) Jejunum
 - (C) Pancreas
 - (D) Ileum



140. Permanent hardness of water is due to the presence of
- (A) Calcium bicarbonate (B) Magnesium bicarbonate
(C) Calcium sulphate (D) Sodium bicarbonate
141. The formation of brilliant colours in a thin soap film is a consequence of the phenomena of
- (A) multiple reflection and interference
(B) multiple refraction and dispersion
(C) diffraction and dispersion
(D) polarisation and interference
142. 'Balanced growth' is the expression used to describe the situation when
- (A) all the sectors of the economy grow at similar rate
(B) agriculture sector and industrial sector grow at a similar rate
(C) agriculture sector and industrial sector grow simultaneously
(D) all the sectors of the economy grow simultaneously
143. The Rio declaration is about
- (A) the seventh round of WTO agreement
(B) the United Nation Child Rights Convention
(C) the North American Free Trade Agreement
(D) the International legal framework for biodiversity and sustainable development
144. 'Blue Chip' is
- (A) a kind of computer chip
(B) a well-known software company
(C) the popular name of a profit-making company
(D) share of a profit making company
145. UV radiations are used in the treatment of tumours; they are also used in certain type of skin infections and bone diseases. The statements are
- (A) partly true (B) true
(C) false (D) partly incorrect



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146. Which one of the following is the currency of Spain?

- (A) Rand (B) Dong
(C) Euro (D) Som

147. Which of the following diseases results in impaired memory?

- (A) Amnesia (B) Alzheimer's
(C) Down Syndrome (D) Turner Syndrome

148. Who gives recognition to political parties in India?

- (A) Parliament (B) President
(C) Supreme Court (D) Election Commission

149. Aspirin is prepared from

- (A) Picric Acid (B) Salicylic Acid
(C) Mesoxalic Acid (D) Methyl Salicylate

150. Who is the Chairman of the National Women's Commission?

- (A) Girija Vyas (B) Sonia Gandhi
(C) Sushama Swaraj (D) Meera Nayar
