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(Net Profit before depreciation and after tax.)

Year	Project-X ₹	Project-Y ₹
1	1,000	2,000
2	2,000	4,000
3	4,000	6,000
4	5,000	8,000
5	8,000	-
	0,000	_

Justify your Answer.

Register Number:

Name of the Candidate:

6 6 1 6

M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, 2012

(HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT)

(FIRST YEAR)

(PAPER-V)

150 / 120 / 140. FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

(Common with

M.B.A. [Marketing Management] &

M.B.A. [Financial Management])

December] [Time : 3 Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

SECTION – A $(5 \times 3 = 15)$

Answer any FIVE questions.

ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.

- 1. (a) Who are the financial intermediaries?
 - (b) Write the disadvantages of equity shares.

Turn Over

7. What is stable dividend policy? Why should a firm follow such a policy?

 $\mathbf{SECLION} - \mathbf{C} \qquad (1 \times 12 = 12)$

Answer any ONE question.

- 8. Debentures occupy a very important place in financial plan. Discuss the statement and point out the limitations of debenture financing.
- 9. Explain the CAPM approach for computing the cost of equity.
- Explain the significance and Limitations of the ratio analysis.

 $\mathbf{SECTION} - \mathbf{D} \quad (1 \times 12 = 15)$

(Compulsory)

There are two Projects X and Y. Each project requires an investment of $\overline{7}$ 20,000. You are required to rank the projects according to the pay back period with the following information.

- (c) What is senstivity analysis?
- (d) What is the need for working capital?
- (e) Distinguish between merger and acquisition.

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- (f) What do you mean by the term liquidation?
- (g) What is underwriting of shares?
- (h) How will you design inventory control system?

 $\mathbf{ZECLION} - \mathbf{B} \qquad (3 \times 10 = 30)$

Answer any THREE questions.
ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.

- Finance function of business is closely related to other functions of business – Discuss.
- 3. Explain the long term sources of finance.
- 4. Explain the various appraisal methods of capital expenditure.
- 5. How will you evaluate the new projects?
- 6. Write the factors determining capital expenditure.

Turn Over