## **BANK FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

1) 0.63	2) 2.00	3) 0.75	4) 0.68	
RWA for credit risk and Rs. 100 respec	Rs. 5000 crores, capi	tal charge for market	al Rs. 800 crores and further given risk and operational risk Rs. 200 coeregulatory CAR is 8%.	
1) Rs.7250 crores 2) Rs. 8750 crores 3) Rs. 9000 crores 4) Rs. 7800 crores	3			
calls for shipment	ed an LC for USD 2 Mi of 200 tonnes of good or the provisions of UC	quality wheat cultiva		redit
2) No, UCP 600 do 3) Only certain ar	pplies to this credit <b>Des not apply</b> ticles of UCP 600 apply pplies with permission			
Q4. In terms of arti 1) Revocable LC	icle 3 of UCP 600, if the 2) Irrevocable LC	ere is no mention, LC 3) Confirmed LC	will be treated as what type of LC? 4) Back to back LC	
Q5. Exchange risk i	n forex transactions m	nainly arises because	of	
<ul><li>2) Time zone diffe</li><li>3) Big ticket size of</li></ul>	ispersion of market pla erences between the co of the transactions exchange rates every t	ounter parties		
		ovide information to	the management and implement	t risk
management syste 1) Front office		3) Back offic	ce 4) Integrated Treasury	
Q7. The primary fu	nction of treasury is to	0		
1) meet SLR and ( 3) meet SLR requi	CRR requirement 2) irement only 4) u		eet CRR requirement unities for maximizing profits	

### Q8. Every exporter should obtain a code number before making exports. What is the number?

- 1) Exporter's code number issued by RBI
- 2) Identification number issued by Export Promotion Council
- 3) IEC number issued by DGFT
- 4) Facilitation number issued by FIEO

### Q9. General provisions will be admitted upto a maximum of \_\_\_\_ of RWAs

- 1) 0.01
- 2) 0.025
- 3) 0.0125
- 4) 0.015

#### Q10. How forward rates are calculated?

- 1) By adding a mark up to spot rates
- 2) By adding premium or discount to spot rates
- 3) By deducting premium or discount from spot rates
- 4) By adding premium to and deducting discount from spot rates

# Q- 11 to 13 The following data in respect of ABC Bank for the years ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2010 and 31st March, 2011 is given.

Perticulars	March-10	March-11	
Capital and Liabilities	Rs. Crore	Rs. Crore	
Equity share capital	634.88	634.88	
Reserves	57312.82	65314.32	
Deposits	742073.13	804116.23	
Borrowings	53713.68	103011.60	
Other Liabilities & Provisions	110697.57	80336.70	
Total Liabilities	964432.08	1053413.73	
Assets			
Cash & Balances with RBI	55546.17	61290.87	
Balance with Banks, Money at Call	48857.63	34892.98	
Advances	542503.20	?	
Investments	275953.96	285790.07	
Gross Block	10403.06	11831.63	
Accumulated Depreciation	6828.65	7713.90	
Net Block	3574.41	4117.73	

Total Assets	964432.08	1053413.74
Other Assets	37733.27	35112.76
Capital Work in Progress	263.44	295.18

O	11	The d	enosits	for the	vear	ended	31st I	March.	2011	have	increased	hv	
ч		THE U	CPUSICS	101 1110	<b>v</b> cai	ciiaca	JIJC I	viai Cii,	2011	Have	IIICI Cascu	$\sim$	

1) 0.122

2) 0.0836

3) 0.105

4) The deposits have decreased

Q12 If the actual growth in advances as on 31st March, 2011 had been higher by Rs. 10,000 Crore, the advances as on 31st March, 2011 would have been -----

1) Rs. 4,41,492.10 Crore

2) Rs. 5,20,803.35 Crore

3) Rs. 5,31,802.42 Crore

4) Rs. 6,22,368.62 Crore

Q13 The net worth for the year ended 31st March, 2011 is ----

1) 48956.5

2) 65949.2

3) 55767.8

4) None of the above

Q14. Under Foundation IRB approach, LGD will be given by whom?

1) National Supervisor

2) Bank calculates

3) BIS

4) CIBIL

Q15. INFINET has been developed by

1) TCS

2) IDRBT

3) CCIL

4) WIPRO

Q16. Mr. A, who participates in the options market, had the following information with him on 5 August, 2010. 'X' Industries was trading at Rs.560.00. The other details were: Call option -Sept 30-strike price 590 premium Rs. 120 Put option - Sept 30 - strike price 540 premium Rs. 90 The unit lot size is 50. If Mr. A decides to buy a call option at the strike price of 590, with a premium of Rs. 120.00, what is the minimum price at which he will make a profit?

1) Rs. 490.00

2) Rs. 470.00

3) Rs. 684.00

4) Rs. 711.00

### Q17. What is meant by rating migration?

- 1) Changing rating agency
- 2) Changing the rating model
- 3) Changes in rating over a period when rated on same model
- 4) Changes in fee to rating agencies

### Q18. Which of the following statement(s) is correct in respect of assets under trading book?

- 1) Held till maturity
- 2) Normally not held till maturity and traded in the market
- 3) Assets marked to market
- 4) Options (2) and (3) above

Q19. Mr. A, who participates in the options market, had the following information with him on 5 August, 2010. 'X' Industries was trading at Rs.560.00. The other details were: Call option -Sept 30-strike price 590 premium Rs. 120 Put option - Sept 30 - strike price 540 premium Rs. 90 The unit lot size is 50. Mr. X decides to buy a put option at the strike price of 540 and on 30th Sept, 2010; 'X' Industries closes at Rs.610.00. What is the potential loss to Mr. A?

- 1) Unlimited
- 2) Limited to the premium paid
- 3) The difference between the strike price and the closing price
- 4) The strike price

Q20. An amount of Rs. 10,000 is available with Bank A for investment. The various investment options being considered by the Bank along with the Yield and Risk weights have been given as under:

	Option-1	Option-2	Option-3	Option-4
Investment in Govt. Securities Yield 7% and Risk weight 0%	10000	4000	3000	3000
Lending to AAA rated Customers Yield 8% p.a. and risk weight 20%	-	6000	3000	3000
Lending to AA rated Customers Yield 10% p.a. and risk weight 50%	-	-	4000	2000
Lending to A rated Customers Yield 12% p.a. and risk weight 100%	-	-	-	2000
Total	10000	10000	10000	10000

Q-20 The amount of capital required @ 8% in case the Bank invests under Option 2 will be -----

- 1) Rs. 9.60
- 2) Rs. 96
- 3) Rs. 960
- 4) Rs. 9,600

Q21. A 5-year 6% semi-annual bond @ market yield of 8%, having a price of Rs. 92, falls to Rs. 91.80 at a yield of 8.10%, what is Basis Point Value (BPV)?

- 1) Rs. 0.20
- 2) Rs. 0.10
- 3) Rs. 0.02
- 4) Rs. 0.05

Q22. The main components of market risk are  i) Liquidity risk  ii) Interest rate risk  iii) Currency risk
From the above, choose the correct answer from the options given below:  1) (i) only 2) (i) and (ii) 3) (ii) only 4) (i), (ii) and (iii)
Q23. The Bank has a interest rate sensitive ratio of 1.60, as against its targeted ratio of 1.25 with rate
sensitive assets exceeding rate sensitive liabilities in the time bloc of 2 to 5 years mainly on account of its recent focus on expanding its short term deposit base with average maturity not exceeding 12 months. The pricing of assets and liabilities is generally linked to G-sec yields, as per its ALM Policy. Assuming the duration of its assets is about 3 years and the interest rate outlook is one of increasing rates, bank would like to work out the following alternatives. Without using derivatives, the bank may also modify its policy and advise branches
1) Not to accept deposits with maturity beyond 1 year
<ul><li>2) To encourage trade finance and short term advances</li><li>3) To increase non-fund business</li></ul>
4) To increase home-loan portfolio
Q24. An import bill not retired by the importer should be crystallized by the bank on what day?
<ol> <li>On 21<sup>st</sup> day from the date of Bill of Lading</li> <li>On the 10<sup>th</sup> day from the receipt of documents at the counters of the bank</li> <li>On the expiry of five banking days</li> </ol>
4) On the day of receipt of the Bill
Q25. In the case of country risk, banks will adopt the country risk classification given by the following agency.
1) Reserve Bank of India 2) Euro Money 3) ECGC 4) Exim Bank
Q26. The quotation of 1 PGK=\$ 0.4435 in Papua New Guinea is an example of  1) Direct quotation 2) Indirect quotation 3) Competitive quotation 4) Aggressive quotation
Q27. Pillar 3 prescribes qualitative and quantitative disclosures under areas 1) Ten 2) Twelve 3) Thirteen 4) Nine

	As on 31/03/2010, AB and Liabilities as und	-	vith pan	India presence,	had its broa	d maturity profile o
1. 2. 3.	upto 1 year over 1 yr-up to 3 yrs over 3 yr-up to 5 yrs	Liabilities 200 150	Rs in cro Assets 100 200 150	ore		
Which	of the following factor	ors will help A	BC Bank I	td in reducing it	ts liquidity ris	k?
•	ecline in earnings ograding of the bank b	y Rating Agend		2) Decrease in N  I) Deposit conce	·	g off Loss assets
segreg	The policy which states gation of administration of posite policy 2) ALM	ve cost, alloca	tion of co			fer pricing policy
1) Rs	All foreign currency in rted immediately into a. 50000 equivalent A Bank received an LC or shipment of 200	Indian Rupee 2) USD 1000 for USD 2 Mi	o issued	B) USD 5000 by MT 700 and o	4 opened on Jai	) £ 1000 n <b>25, 2011. The credi</b> t
	ble for issuing bank fo	_	_	= /	=	io. What is the time
2) Re 3) Re	days easonable time not excessionable time not excessionable time not excessionable time not excessionable time to the contraction of the contract					
Q32. V	Which of the following	shipments ou	ut of India	are exempt fro	m export dec	laration forms?
USD 50 2) Gift 3) Gif	ods or software, when 0000 in value ts of goods, valuing no ts of goods, valuing no ds not exceeding in va ment	t over Rs.5000 ot over Rs.500	00 along w	vith declaration o	of exports	
<b>Q33.</b> F	RBI guidelines require 2) 9	banks in India 3) 10		y their assets ar 1) 11	nd liabilities ii	nto buckets

Q34. Asset Classification should be \_ 2) Borrower wise and facility wise 1) Facility wise 3) Borrower wise 4) will vary depending upon the case Q35. Given that Tier I capital is Rs. 500 crores and Tier II capital Rs. 800 crores and further given that RWA for credit risk Rs. 5000 crores, capital charge for market risk and operational risk Rs. 200 crores and Rs. 100 respectively, answer the following questions if the regulatory CAR is 8%. What are the risk weighted assets for operational risk? 1) Rs. 1250 crores 2) Rs. 1500 crores 3) Rs. 800 crores 4) Rs. 2000 crores Q36. When the market value of a portfolio changes by Rs. 200000 when there is 2% increase in rate of interest, what is the sensitivity? 2) Rs. 100000 4) Rs. 50000 1) Rs. 200000 3) Rs. 400000 Q37. Country risk is also a type of risk 1) Market 2) Concentration 3) Transaction 4) Credit

Q39. As on 31/03/2010, ABC Bank Ltd, with pan India presence, had its broad maturity profile of Assets and Liabilities as under;

4) FIs

3) PDs

			Rs in	crore
		Liabil	ities	Assets
1.	upto 1 year	200	100	
2.	over 1 yr-up to 3 yrs	150	200	
3.	over 3 yr-up to 5 yrs	100	150	

Q38. Who among the following cannot issue CPs?

2) Corporates

Which of the following is not an external reason for further increasing the liquidity risk of ABC Bank Ltd?

- 1) Geographical reasons
- 2) Systemic reasons

1) Banks

- 3) Adverse features relating to instruments used in its borrowings
- 4) Inadequate set up for credit risk assessment

Q40. SBI maintains USD account with Bank of America, New York and when it conducts transactions through this account, it passes entries in its books at Mumbai through the following account

L) Nostro account	2)	Vostro account	3	) Loro account	4)	Mirror account
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Q41. RBI has permitted banks to borrow and invest through their overseas correspondents in foreign						
currency subject to a ceiling o	f % of their Tier I Capital or USD	, whichever is				
·						
1) 25%, 5 million, lower	2) 20%, 10 million, lower					
3) 50%, 10 million, higher	4) 25%, 5 million, higher					

Q42. An amount of Rs. 10,000 is available with Bank A for investment. The various investment options being considered by the Bank along with the Yield and Risk weights have been given as under:

	Option-1	Option-2	Option-3	Option-4
Investment in Govt. Securities Yield 7% and Risk weight 0%	10000	4000	3000	3000
Lending to AAA rated Customers Yield 8% p.a. and risk weight 20%	-	6000	3000	3000
Lending to AA rated Customers Yield 10% p.a. and risk weight 50%	-	-	4000	2000
Lending to A rated Customers Yield 12% p.a. and risk weight 100%	-	-	-	2000
Total	10000	10000	10000	10000

### Q-42 What is the amount of risk-weighted assets for investment under Option 3?

1) Rs. 2,100

2) Rs. 2,300

3) Rs. 2,600

4) Rs. 2,700

Q43. Which one of the following is not one of the pillars under Basel II?

1) Minimum Capital Requirement

2) Supervisory Review Process

3) Market Review

4) Market Discipline

Q44. Given that Tier I capital is Rs. 500 crores and Tier II capital Rs. 800 crores and further given that RWA for credit risk Rs. 5000 crores, capital charge for market risk and operational risk Rs. 200 crores and Rs. 100 respectively, answer the following questions if the regulatory CAR is 8%. What are the risk weighted assets for market risk?

1) Rs. 1000 crores 2) Rs. 1500 crores 3) Rs. 2000 crores 4) Rs. 2500 crores

Q45. What is the principal purpose of Interest Rate Swaps?

- 1) Help borrowers/lenders to switch their borrowings/lendings from fixed to floating rate structures and vice versa
- 2) Help players maximize interest earnings
- 3) Help accelerate interest due payments
- 4) Help the markets increase volumes

Q46. Given that Tier I capital is Rs. 500 crores and Tier II capital Rs. 800 crores and further given that RWA for credit risk Rs. 5000 crores, capital charge for market risk and operational risk Rs. 200 crores and Rs. 100 respectively, answer the following questions if the regulatory CAR is 8%. What is the Tier I capital adequacy ratio?

1) 0.0555 2) 0.0581 **3) 0.0571** 4) 0.0568

### Q47. How many Diamond Dollar Accounts can an Exporter maintain?

- 1) Only one 2) Two accounts 3) It is matter of discretion for the bank 4) Five
- Q48. CCIL takes over the settlement risk, for which, it creates a large pool of resources. What is it called?
- 1) Contingency fund 2) Market development fund 3) Buffer reserves 4) Settlement Guarantee Fund(SGF)

Q49. Leveraging implies building up

- 1) Large volume of business with relatively large amount of capital
- 2) Small volume of business on relatively small capital
- 3) Small volume of business with large capital
- 4) Large volume of business with relatively small capital

Q50. Mr. A, who participates in the options market, had the following information with him on 5 August, 2010. 'X' Industries was trading at Rs.560.00. The other details were: Call option -Sept 30-strike price 590 premium Rs. 120 Put option - Sept 30 - strike price 540 premium Rs. 90 The unit lot size is 50. The premium for the call option for strike price of 590 is Rs. 120.00. Mr. A was undecided whether to opt for buy or sell option of strike price of Rs. 590, what will be the premium

1) <120, >120	2) >120, <120	3) Cannot be determined	4) 120,120
Q51. Under Basel I added to the existin		ninimum capital ratio of 8%	, what additional risk BIS has
1) Credit risk	_	3) Operational risk	4) Liquidity risk
	roduced new system		ages between banks replacing
1) Resources Maxir	mization Abinitio	2) Real Macr	
3) Relationship Ma	anagement Applicatio	n 4) Rotational	Management Approach
Q53 risk occu 1) Reinvestment	urs when assets are so 2) Gap <b>3) Pr</b>	<b>lld before their mat<mark>u</mark>rity date</b> <b>ice</b> 4)  Yield Curve	es
i) kemvestment	2) dap 3) Pi	ice 4) field curve	
based on downside	potential. What is the	third one?	ories. 1) based on sensitivity 2) nality 4) Based on behavioral
1) All exporters	2) Exporters with IE	Product Liability Insurance (P C number 3) Registered Fing to export to OECD count	Indian exporters
		e generallyas co	mpared to other opportunities
available in the mar 1) Very high		w 4) Unpredictable	
Q57. CRAR is1) Tier I capital / To 3) Regulatory Capi		2) Tier II capital / Total RW. 4) Tier I and II capit	
Q58. Who is eligible	to take Export turnov	ver policy from ECGC?	

1) Exporters with turnover not exceeding Rs 10 lakhs per year

3) Exporters with turnover exceeding Rs 10 lakhs per year

2) Exporters who contribute not less than Rs. 10 lakhs towards premium

4) Exporters who contribute not more than Rs. 10 lakhs towards premium

payable/received by him?

Q59. Given that Tier I capital is Rs. 500 crores and Tier II capital Rs. 800 crores and further given that RWA for credit risk Rs. 5000 crores, capital charge for market risk and operational risk Rs. 200 crores and Rs. 100 respectively, answer the following questions if the regulatory CAR is 8%. What is the total capital adequacy ratio?						
1) 0.1486	2) 0.1111	3) 0.1143	4) 0.1282			
<b>Q60. What is the bet</b> 1) 15%	ta factor for retail ba 2) 18%	nking under Standardi 3) 12%	zed approach?  4) None of the above			
Q 61. An 8-year 8% semi-annual bond has a BPV of Rs. 125. The yield on the bond has increased by 5						
basis points. What is the profit or loss suffered due to increase in yield?						
		oss of Rs. 1000				
3) A profit of Rs. 625	4) A I	oss of Rs. 625				
Q-62. 1 day VaR of a portfolio is Rs. 200000 with 95% confidence level. In a period of six months (125 working days) how many times the loss on the portfolio may excedd Rs. 200000?						
1) 4 days	2) 5 days	3) 6 days	4) 7 days			
Q 63. What is Beta factor for Payment and Settlement under Standardised approach?						
1) 15%	2) 18%	3) 12%	4) 16%			
1) 1370	2) 10/0	3) 12/0	4) 10/0			
Q 64. What is the estimated level of operational risk?						
		<del>-</del>	= 4, impact of internal controls = 50%			
1) 1	2) 2	3) 3	4) 4			
Q 65. Which is most	comprehensive mea	sure of Risk				
1) Sensitivity	2) Volatility	3) Downside Potenti	ial 4) Non of above			
	_					
Q 66. Interest Rate gap is the sensitivity of the interest rate margin of the						
1) Trading Book	2) Banking Book	3) ALM Book	4) Merchant Book			
Q 67. Notice Money	period is					
1) 1 day		2) more than 1day to 14 days				
3) more than 14 days to 1 year		4) more than 1 year				

Q 68. What is limit of	free remitance in India	l			
1) 100000 USD	2) 200000 USD				
3) 300000 USD	4) 250000 USD				
O 69. If the duration	of bond vielding 5% is 2	5. so what is Modified D	uration?		
		<b>) 2.38</b> 4) 2.5			
_,	_,	,			
-	marily used a hedge aga	ainst flucti	uation		
1) Price	2) Interest Rate				
3) Market	4) Duration				
Q 71. If Strike price is	less than forward rate	in case of a put option so	it called:		
1) In-Time Money	2) Out-of Mone	ey			
3) At-Time Money	4) Non of above				
Q 72. Which of the fo	llowing is Systemic Risk	ς?			
1) Faliure of the whole banking system		2) Strategic Risk	2) Strategic Risk		
3) System Risk		4) Regulatory Risk	4) Regulatory Risk		
Q 73. Capital charge	e computationis a fun	ction of whichof the fo	llowing parameters under IRB		
approach?					
1) Probability of default (PD)		2) Loss given the def	2) Loss given the default (LGD)		
3) Maturity (M)		4) All the above			
Q 74. Integrated Treas	sury refers to integration	on of which of the followir	ng?		
1) Money Market		2) Securities Market			
3) Foreign exchange o	perations	4) All the above			
O 75 What is Onon n	osition?				
Q 75. What is Open p	on of a bank at the end	of the day over hought			
	on of a bank at the end				
3) None of the above	on of a bank at the end	of the day-over solu			
4) 1 & 2 both					
1, 2 & 2 50011					
Q - 76-80 Calculation	of Economic Value of E	equity			
Net Worth = 1200.00	RSA = 17200.00	RSL = 17500.00			
DA = 1.78	DL = 1.17	Tier - 1 = 700 Cr.	Tier - 2 = 500 Cr.		
Q- 76 What is Weight	t (W) ? = 1.02				
Q-77 What is DGAP?	? = <b>0.59</b>				
O-78 What is Leverage	e Ratio? = 14.33				

Q-79 What is Modified Duration of Equity? = 8.45

