Signature and Name of Invigilator	Answer Sheet No.:
	(To be filled by the Candidate
1. (Signature)	Roll No.
(Name)	
2. (Signature)	Roll No
(Name)	(In words)
	Test Booklet No.
D-8907	DADED_II

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ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE Time: $1\frac{1}{4}$ hours [Maximum Marks: 100

Number of Pages in this Booklet: 8

Number of Questions in this Booklet: 50

Instructions for the Candidates

- 1. Write your roll number in the space provided on the top of this
- This paper consists of fifty multiple-choice type of questions.
- At the commencement of examination, the question booklet will be given to you. In the first 5 minutes, you are requested to open the booklet and compulsorily examine it as below:
 - To have access to the Question Booklet, tear off the paper seal on the edge of this cover page. Do not accept a booklet without sticker-seal and do not accept an open
 - Tally the number of pages and number of questions in (ii) the booklet with the information printed on the cover page. Faulty booklets due to pages/questions missing or duplicate or not in serial order or any other discrepancy should be got replaced immediately by a correct booklet from the invigilator within the period of 5 minutes. Afterwards, neither the question booklet will be replaced nor any extra time will be given.
 - After this verification is over, the Serial No. of the booklet should be entered in the Answer-sheets and the Serial No. of Answer Sheet should be entered on this Booklet.
- Each item has four alternative responses marked (A), (B), (C) and (D). You have to darken the oval as indicated below on the correct response against each item.

Example: A B







where (C) is the correct response.

- Your responses to the items are to be indicated in the Answer Sheet given inside the Paper I booklet only. If you mark at any place other than in the ovals in the Answer Sheet, it will
- 6. Read instructions given inside carefully.
- Rough Work is to be done in the end of this booklet. 7.
- If you write your name or put any mark on any part of the test booklet, except for the space allotted for the relevant entries, which may disclose your identity, you will render yourself liable to disqualification.
- 9. You have to return the test question booklet to the invigilators at the end of the examination compulsorily and must not carry it with you outside the Examination Hall.
- 10. Use only Blue/Black Ball point pen.
- 11. Use of any calculator or log table etc., is prohibited.
- 12. There is NO negative marking.

- परीक्षार्थियों के लिए निर्देश
- 1. पहले पृष्ठ के ऊपर नियत स्थान पर अपना रोल नम्बर लिखिए।
- 2. इस प्रश्न-पत्र में पचास बहविकल्पीय प्रश्न हैं।
- 3. परीक्षा प्रारम्भ होने पर, प्रश्न-पुस्तिका आपको दे दी जायेगी। पहले पाँच मिनट आपको प्रश्न-पुस्तिका खोलने तथा उसकी निम्नलिखित जाँच के लिए दिये जायेंगे जिसकी जाँच आपको अवश्य करनी है:
 - प्रश्न-पुस्तिका खोलने के लिए उसके कवर पेज पर लगी कागज की सील को फाड़ लें। खुली हुई या बिना स्टीकर-सील की पुस्तिका
 - कवर पृष्ठ पर छपे निर्देशानुसार प्रश्न-पुस्तिका के पृष्ठ तथा प्रश्नों की संख्या को अच्छी तरह चैक कर लें कि ये पूरे हैं। दोषपूर्ण पुस्तिका जिनमें पृष्ठ / प्रश्न कम हों या दुबारा आ गये हों या सीरियल में न हों अर्थात किसी भी प्रकार की त्रुटिपूर्ण पुस्तिका स्वीकार न करें तथा उसी समय उसे लौटाकर उसके स्थान पर दूसरी सही प्रश्न-पुस्तिका ले लें। इसके लिए आपको पाँच मिनट दिये जायेंगे। उसके बाद न तो आपकी प्रश्न-पुस्तिका वापस ली जायेगी और न ही आपको अतिरिक्त समय दिया जायेगा।
 - (iii) इस जाँच के बाद प्रश्न-प्स्तिका की ऋम संख्या उत्तर-पत्रक पर अंकित करें और उत्तर-पत्रक की ऋम संख्या इस प्रश्न-पुस्तिका पर अंकित कर
- प्रत्येक प्रश्न के लिए चार उत्तर विकल्प (A), (B), (C) तथा (D) दिये गये हैं। आपको सही उत्तर के दीर्घवृत्त को पेन से भरकर काला करना है जैसा कि नीचे दिखाया गया है।

उदाहरण : A B **D** जबकि (C) सही उत्तर है।



- प्रश्नों के उत्तर **केवल प्रश्न पत्र I के अन्दर दिये गये** उत्तर-पत्रक पर ही अंकित करने हैं। यदि आप उत्तर पत्रक पर दिये गये दीर्घवृत्त के अलावा किसी अन्य स्थान पर उत्तर चिन्हांकित करते है, तो उसका मूल्यांकन नहीं होगा।
- 6. अन्दर दिये गये निर्देशों को ध्यानपूर्वक पहें।
- 7. कच्चा काम (Rough Work) इस पुस्तिका के अन्तिम पृष्ठ पर करें।
- यदि आप उत्तर-पुस्तिका पर अपना नाम या ऐसा कोई भी निशान जिससे आपकी पहचान हो सके, किसी भी भाग पर दर्शाते या अंकित करते हैं तो परीक्षा के लिये अयोग्य घोषित कर दिये जायेंगे।
- 9. आपको परीक्षा समाप्त होने पर उत्तर-पुस्तिका निरीक्षक महोदय को लौटाना आवश्यक है और परीक्षा समाप्ति के बाद अपने साथ परीक्षा भवन से बाहर न
- 10. केवल नीले / काले बाल प्वाईंट पैन का ही इस्तेमाल करें।
- 11. किसी भी प्रकार का संगणक (कैलकुलेटर) या लाग टेबल आदि का प्रयोग वर्जित है।
- 12. गलत उत्तर के लिए अंक नहीं काटे जायेंगे।

ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

PAPER-II

Note: This paper contains **fifty** (50) multiple-choice questions, each question carrying **two** (2) marks. Attempt **all** of them.

- **1.** Wind rose of a given location represents :
 - (A) Frequency distribution of wind speeds in the form of a histogram.
 - (B) Frequency distribution of wind speeds in percentage terms in the form of a π chart
 - (C) Frequency distribution of wind speed associated with a cyclose.
 - (D) Frequency distribution of wind speed and direction in polar coordinates.
- **2.** Assertion (A): Sustainable production of hay or green fodder is essential for uninterrupted supply of animal products.

Reason (R): Environmental concerns are detrimental for sustainable production of hay or green fodder.

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- (C) (A) is true and (R) is false
- (D) (A) is false and (R) is true
- 3. For a clear sunny day with sun higher than 60° above horizon and wind speed greater than 6 m/sec, the atmosphere is :
 - (A) Stable

- (B) Slightly unstable
- (C) Moderately unstable
- (D) Very unstable
- **4.** The mass of the earth's crust is approximately :
 - (A) 2.5×10^{25} gm

(B) 3.2×10^{20} gm

(C) $2.8 \times 10^{32} \text{ gm}$

- (D) 1.8×10^{35} gm
- 5. The time scale of meso-scale meteorological phenomenon is :
 - (A) Hours to a day

(B) 3 - 4 days

(C) Few weeks

- (D) Few weeks to several months
- **6.** The reaction is in equilibrium if Gibb's free energy (G):
 - (A) Increases i.e., $\Delta G > 0$
- (B) Decreases i.e., $\Delta G < 0$
- (C) Remains same i.e., $\Delta G = 0$
- (D) Varies i.e., $\Delta G > 0$ or $\Delta G < 0$
- 7. How CO emitted by automobiles prevents transfer of O_2 in the body tissue :
 - (A) By changing O₂ into CO
 - (B) By destroying the haemoglobin
 - (C) By forming stable compound with haemoglobin
 - (D) By obstructing the reaction of O_2 with haemoglobin

8.	In qualitative analysis the sulphides of Group-II are precipitated in presence of dilute HCl, while of Group-IV are precipitated only in the presence of NH ₄ OH. It is because: (A) Solubility product of sulphides of Group-II is greater than that of Group-IV (B) Solubility product of sulphides of Group-II is less than that of Group-IV (C) Sulphides of Group-II are insoluble in acids (D) Sulphides of Group-IV are insoluble in alkalies									
9.	I. Code (A)	: I > III > II > IV		spheric gas Carbon di-	oxide (B)	III. II > I > III >	Argon > IV	their IV.	abundance : Methane	
10.	 (C) I > III > IV (D) III > I > IV > II Which of the following is equivalent to the number of substrate molecules converted product in a given unit of time by a single enzyme molecule when the enzyme is saturate with substrate? (A) Specific constant (B) Michaelis constant (C) Dissociation constant (D) Turn-over number 									
11.	DDT (A) (C)	DDT is harmful from the ecological point of view mainly because it undergoes : (A) Biotransformation (B) Bioaccumulation								
12.		th of the following tmosphere ? X-rays		ations cont γ-rays		sly act on ¹⁴ UV-rays	⁴ N to prod (D)		C isotope in	
13.	The proteins in the cell walls of microorganisms have an overall net negative charge at pH of most soil environments, because: (A) the pH of the environment is greater than the pI (B) the pH of the environment is less than the pI (C) the pH of the environment is the same as pI (D) none of the above									
14.	Oxidoreductases: (A) oxidize a substrate by removing a pair of electrons and the accompanying hydrogen atoms (B) break molecules apart by adding water across bonds (C) hydrolyse the substrate (D) put molecules together									
15.	Which of the following is a nematofungus? (A) Rhizoctonia solani (B) Penicillium sp. (C) Phanerochaete chrysosporium (D) Mucor mucedo									
16.	The (A) (C)	diaatomaceous ear chemical insectic fungicide		used as a :	(B) (D)	non-chemic bacterocide		ide		
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17.18.	 Assertion (A): Among micro-organisms white-rot fungi most efficiently degrade lignin. Reason (R): White-rot fungi produce ligninolytic enzymes. (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A) (B) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A) (C) (A) is true but (R) is false (D) (A) is false but (R) is true In deep oceans the phenomenon of inverted biomass pyramid occurs mainly due to: I. Fast growth rate and high nutrient requirement of producers. III. Rapid turnover rate and short life span of producers. III. Slow growth rate and high nutrient requirement of herbivores. 									
	IV.	O I								
		ch of the following combinations is I and III (B) I and IV	s corre	(C) II and III (D) II and IV						
19.	Alph	na diversity represents :								
	(A)		(B)	species evenness						
	(C)	species richness and evenness	(D)	species richness and dominance						
20.		ocooperation occurs when : One population inhibits the other Interaction is favourable to both l	out no							
21.	(A) (B)	term benthos refers to communitie Attached on the bark of trees Attached on submerged plants Attached at the bottom of a wate Attached on submerged woody r	erbody							
22.	Pelag (A) (C)	gic sediments are found in the : continental shelf mid-oceanic ridges	(B) (D)	continental slope deep oceanic plains						
23.	Pleis (A) (C)	stocene period began : 5.0 million years ago 10 million years ago	(B) (D)	1.7 million years ago 28 million years ago						
24.	Sodi (A) (C)	um and Potassium in rock and soil UV - Visible spectrophotometry HPLC	mate (B) (D)	erials are generally estimated by : Flame photometry Colorimetry						

25.	(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)	Lithophile Siderophile Atmophile					(i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v)	of the List- Carb Nitro Sulp Oxys Iron	oon ogen hur	hemical af	finity o	f the	elemen	ts:
	(A) (B)	(v) (iii)	(iv) (iv)	(iii) (v)	(i) (ii)	(ii) (i)								
	(C) (D)	(iv) (iii)	(v) (i)	(i) (ii)	(ii) (iv)	(iii) (v)								
26.	(a) (b) (c) (d) (A) (B) (C) (D)	List- (Sedi Deep Lake Dese	·I iment o Sea es ert	I and ary En argins (c) (ii) (ii) (iv)					(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)	List-II (Rock Ma till loess evaporite ooze	·			
27.	Cherregic (A)	ns?	weatl alli H	Ü	of ro (B)					ffective in Ladakh			ne follo ern Gh	Ü
28.	Fissio (A) (C)	1 me	tric to	of ²³⁵ U on of c ton of	oal	ates e	nergy	equiv (B) (D)	1.5 n	to about : netric ton onetric ton o				
29.		netoh	ydrod				ant, t			power of efficiency 75 %			n an 100 %	
30.			num v	alue o			cient	of per		nce for a v	vind tu			
	(A)	$\frac{3}{4}$			(B)	$\frac{5}{6}$			(C)	$\frac{11}{27}$		(D)	$\frac{16}{27}$	
31.		on (R Both Both (A) is) : (A) a (A) a s true	parti Coro colled nd (R)	culate na dis cted o are t are t () is fa	matte schargen the rue ar rue bo alse	er fro ge hel grou nd (R	m the ps in nded e) is the	gas s charg electro e corr	ry efficien tream. ing of part odes (plates ect explana correct expl	riculates). htion of	matte	er whic	
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32.	Stratospheric ozarange: (A) 180 – 240 (C) 320 – 400	nm	(B) 2	gnetic r 280 — 32 50 — 18	20 nm	wavel	ength in the		
33.	(B) mass of pa (C) number of	mass of particles of size less than 2.5 μm. mass of particles of size greater than 2.5 μm. number of particles of size less than 2.5 μm.								
34.		person is exposed to noise of 87 dB for 2 hours. If 100% noise dose corresponds to dB noise exposure for 8 hours, the person is subjected to a noise dose of : (B) 2.5 % (C) 12.5 % (D) 6.25 %								
35.	planned, has to a (A) transmit to concerning (B) keep the recommendation (C) handover to a concerning to a c	 A) transmit to the affected state any relevant information from the EIA concerning it B) keep the relevant information fully secret C) handover the information to the central pollution control board 								
36.	The combination by: (A) 30 - 40 %	•						G		
37.	A simple and rel (A) Septic tank (C) Percolating		(B) A		d sludge pro		nethod is :		
38.	Which of the for population from (A) Dot-blot hy	water/soil?		ular n MPN		for the dete RT-PCR		of microbial PCR		
39.	Under Kyoto Protocol, the percentage reduction sought to be achieved in CO_2 emissions from 1990 levels by the year 2012 is : (A) \sim 10 % (B) \sim 5.2 % (C) \sim 15.2 % (D) \sim 20.5 %									
40.	In a simple regression variable, α , β are		_	,						
	(A) 0		(B) - 1	$\frac{\alpha^2}{\beta^2}$					
	(C) $\frac{\beta^2}{\alpha^2}$		(D)	σ^2 ; (σ =	standard de	viatior	າ)		

41.	In the Box-model the pollutant concentration (C) over an area varies with mixing heigh (H) as :								nixing height
	(A)	СαН	(B)	$C \alpha \frac{1}{H}$		(C)	$C \alpha H^{\frac{1}{2}}$	(D)	$C \alpha H^{-\frac{1}{2}}$
42.	For a (A)	a Binomial distrib 1	ution, (B)		ment		-1	(D)	0
43.	The !	Harmonic mean o	of the	data 2, 2, 1	is:				
	(A)	$\frac{3}{2}$	(B)	$\frac{5}{3}$		(C)	2	(D)	$\frac{3}{5}$
44.	For a (A)	n Normal distribu 0	tion, t (B)	he moment 1	coeffi	icient (C)	of skewness is:	(D)	-1
45.		ch of the followin	g wat	er purificati	on tec	hnolo	gy removes min	erals fı	om drinking
	` /	Filteration Reverse osmosis			` /		a-filteration treatment		
46.	globa	tify the correct se al warming :	-	C					ntribution to
	(A) (C)	$CO_2 > CFCs > C$ $CO_2 > CH_4 > CI$	CH ₄ > FCs >	N ₂ O N ₂ O	(B) (D)	CO ₂	> CH ₄ > N ₂ O > > N ₂ O > CH ₄ >	CFCs CFCs	
47.		vention on Biolog Development in 1	-	•	-			ce on l	Environment
	(A)	Biological specie Ecosystems		anno to cure	(B)	Hab			
48.		ording to IPCC, o	during	g the 20th c	entur	y ear	th's mean surfac	ce tem	perature has
	risen (A)	by: ~ 0.4 °C	(B)	~ 0.6 °C		(C)	~ 0.8 °C	(D)	~ 1.0 °C
49.		ording to US w				naxin	num permissib	le coli	form count
	(nun (A)	nber/100 ml) in r 10,000	ecreat (B)	5,000	s 1s :	(C)	1,000	(D)	500
50.		on (R): Larg		le use of s			ar energy is rath gy has uncerta		
	(A) (B) (C) (D)	Both (A) and (R)) are t) are t R) is fa	rue and (R) rue but (R) alse			ect explanation c correct explanation		4)
				- o	О о -				

Space For Rough Work

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