## SATHYABAMA UNIVERSITY

(Established under section 3 of UGC Act, 1956)

Course & Branch :B.E/B.Tech - AERO/CSE/EIE/IT/M&P/MECHTitle of the Paper :Applied Physics – IMax. Marks :80Sub. Code :4ET103/5ET103Time : 3 HoursDate :10/05/2010Session :AN

PART - A Answer ALL the Questions (10 x 2 = 20)

1. What are the advantages and disadvantages of Forbe's method of determining thermal conductivity of good conductors?

- 2. Mention the properties of thermal radiation.
- 3. State the superposition principle.
- 4. What is the condition for bending of light?
- 5. Define decibel the unit of relative intensity.
- 6. List the methods of detection of ultrasonic.
- 7. Define the terms gravitational field and potential.
- 8. What is Poisson's ratio? Give its limits.
- 9. State the significance of wave function.
- 10. Give the origin of X-rays.

PART – B Answer All the Questions  $(5 \times 12 = 60)$ 

11. Describe Lee's disc method to determine the coefficient of thermal conductivity of a bad conductor.

(or)

- 12. Distinguish between natural and forced convection . Discuss disappearing filament pyrometer.
- 13. With theory explain air wedge experiment to find the thickness of a thin wire.

(or)

- 14. Discuss in detail how plane, elliptical and circularly polarized light can be produced and analysed.
- 15. Derive Sabine's formula for reverberation time.

(or)

- 16. Explain with neat circuit the generation of ultrasonic waves using piezoelectric method. Mention the application of ultrasonic.
- 17. Determine the potential field due to a solid sphere. Explain the variation of gravity due to latitude and altitude.

(or)

- 18. Give the theory of torsion pendulum and discuss the determination of moment of inertia of a disc and rigidity modulus of a wire.
- 19. Derive Schrodinger's time dependent and time independent wave equations.

(or)

20. Discuss in detail the Compton effect.