

### Answer Keys

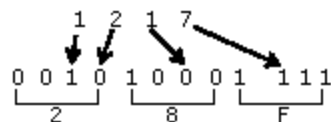
1	A	2	A	3	B	4	D	5	B	6		7	C
8	C	9	A	10		11	C	12	B	13	A	14	C
15	C	16	D	17	B	18	B	19	A	20		21	
22	C	23	D	24	B	25	D	26	B	27	A	28	D
29	D	30	A	31	B	32	C	33	A	34	B	35	A
36	C	37*	B/C	38	D	39	B	40	C	41	C	42	B
43	B	44*	A/B	45		46	B	47		48	C	49	C
50	B	51	C	52	C	53	C	54		55*	A/D	56	B
57	D	58		59	C	60	D						

### Explanations:-

4.  $(x, y) \in R$  but  $(y, x) \notin R$

$\therefore R$  is not symmetric. It is also not antisymmetric.

5.  $(1217)_{10} = (028F)_{16}$



7.  $\frac{256 \times 8K}{32K \times 1} = 64$

8.



22.

$$c * c = b$$

$$c * c * c = b * c = d$$

$$c * c * c * c = d * c = a$$

$$c * c * c * c * c = a * c = c$$

$c$  is generator

Similar  $d * d = b$

$$d * d * d = b * d = c$$

$$d * d * d * d = c * d = a$$

$$d * d * d * d * d = a * d = d$$

$\therefore d$  is another generator

25. 
$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{1 - \tan x}{1 + \tan x} dx$$

$$I = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{\cos x - \sin x}{\cos x + \sin x} dx$$

Let  $\cos x + \sin x = t$

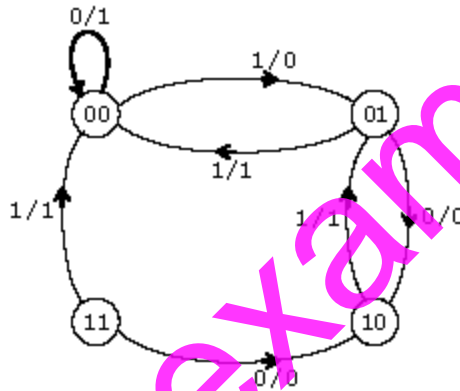
$$\therefore (-\sin x + \cos x) dx = dt$$

$$\therefore I = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{dt}{t} = \ln t \Big|_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}}$$

$$= \ln(\cos x + \sin x) \Big|_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}}$$

$$= \ln\sqrt{2} = \frac{1}{2} \ln 2$$

27.



28.

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
I <sub>1</sub>	F	F	D	E	W											
I <sub>2</sub>		F	D	D	D	E	E	W	W							
I <sub>3</sub>			F	F		D		E		W	W	W				
I <sub>4</sub>					F		D	D	E	E			W	W		

S<sub>1</sub> = Fetch (F)

$$15 \times 2 = 30 \text{ (for } i = 1 \& i = 2)$$

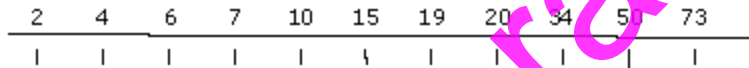
S<sub>2</sub> = Decode (D)

S<sub>3</sub> = Execute (E)

S<sub>4</sub> = Write back (W)

29. Total 4 sets are there in the cache and each set contains 4 blocks

	<del>48</del>
	<del>32</del>
set0	8
	<del>216</del> 92
	1
	133
set1	73
	129
set2	
	<del>255</del> 155
	3
set3	159
	63



31.



Total 119 moves

35. Applying Master's theorem

36.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		12	13	2	3	23	5	18	15

$$12 \bmod 10 = 2; \quad 18 \bmod 10 = 8$$

$$13 \bmod 10 = 3; \quad 2 \bmod 10 = 2 \text{ (collision)}$$

$$(2 + 1) \bmod 10 = 3 \text{ (collision)} \text{ (using linear probing)}$$

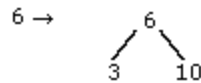
$$(3 + 1) \bmod 10 = 4. \text{ Like this continue.}$$

37. Maximum height of any AVT tree with  $n$  nodes  $\leq 1.44 \log n$

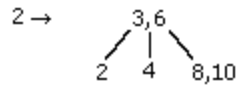
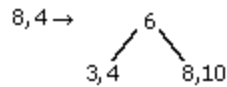
$$n = 7, h_{\max} \leq 1.44 \log 7 = 4$$

40.  $L_1 \cap L_2 = \{a^n b^n c / n \geq 0\}$ , which is context free but not regular

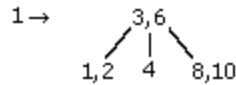
44.



One split



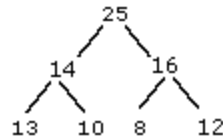
One more split

51. Sector number is  $(400 \times 20 \times 63) + (16 \times 63) + 29 = 505037$ 57.  $10^3 \text{ms} \dots\dots 10^6 \text{bits}$ 

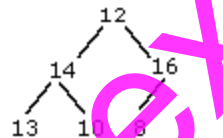
$$\therefore 50 \text{ " } \dots\dots \frac{1000}{50} = 20 \text{bits}$$

$\therefore$  Minimum number of bits required is 5

60.



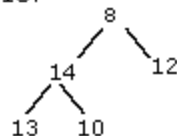
Delete 25 : Replace it by 12



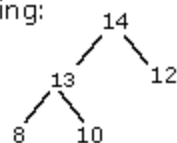
After heapifying,



Delete 16:



After heapifying:

 $\equiv \{14, 13, 12, 8, 10\}$